

THE
WORKS
OF
VIRGIL,

Translated into
ENGLISH VERSE.

By the Right Honourable
RICHARD, late Earl of LAUDERDALE.

----- *Sequiturque Sequentem.* Æn. xi.

The Second Edition.

VOL. I.



L O N D O N :

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in Fleetstreet.

THE
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OF
NICHOLAS
TRANSLATED INTO
ENGLISH VERSE.



By the Right Hon. the Earl of Mordaunt.
Secretary of State.
Second Edition.

Vol. I.

Printed by W. Baskett, at the Press of the University of Oxford.
1717.

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*Mr. Dryden's Dedication
before Virgil's Æneis.*



THE late Earl of *Lauder-*
dale, says he, sent me over
his New Translation of
the *Æneis*, which he had
ended before I engag'd in
the same Design. Neither did I then
intend it; but some Proposals being af-
terwards made me by my Bookseller, I
desir'd his Lordship's leave that I might
accept them, which he freely granted,
and I have his Letter to shew for that
Permission. He resolv'd to have printed
his Work, which he might have done
Two Years before I cou'd have publish'd
mine: And had perform'd it, if Death
had

had not prevented him. But having his Manuscript in my Hands, I consulted it as often as I doubted of my Author's Sense: For no Man understood *Virgil* better than that learned Nobleman. His Friends have yet another, and more correct Copy of that Translation by them, which had they pleas'd to have given the Publick, the Judges must have been convinc'd that I have not flatter'd him.

N.B. *In this Edition the Reader will find what use Mr. Dryden made of this Translation: The Lines marked thus " being entirely borrowed, and those marked thus " with little Variation.*



VIRGIL's



VIRGIL's PASTORALS.



PASTORAL I.

O R,

TITYRUS and MELIBŒUS.

The Argument.

Virgil, in the Person of Tityrus, declares his own good Fortune, and extols the Goodness and Generosity of Cæsar. On the other hand, he introduces Melibœus, who complains that his Estate is confiscated, and himself driven into Banishment.

MEL.



UNDER a Beech, supinely laid along,
Thou, Tityrus, enjoy'st thy rural
Song.

While we're despoil'd of all our
pleasant Fields,

and banish'd these Delights our Countrey yields.

B

Thou,

VIRGIL'S

Thou, *Tityrus*, canst quietly possess
Thy charming Mistress, all her Beauties praise,
And make the echoing Woods resound thy Lays.

TIT. This soft Retirement some kind God bestow'd,
At least, I always shall esteem him God,
O *Meliboeus*! I'll my Firstlings bring,
And make the tend'rest Lambs his Offering.
Do you not see my Cattle wand'ring roam
At their own pleasure, yet come safely home?
He 'tis that suffers them to go astray,

And me upon my rural Reed to play.

MEL. I envy not so much your grateful Ease,
But wonder rather at your present Peace.
Since all our Fields are with Confusion spread,
And dire Distraction sits on ev'ry Head.

Your Eyes may read in me a just Complaint,
That with my Goats alike, am fit to faint.
This, *Tityrus*, you find, won't travel on,
And that just cast her Twins on the bare Stone,
Among the hard Flints, upon that barren Rock
She lost her young, the hope of all my Flock.

But why thus long ha'n't we these Ills foreseen?
Such Ills as these have seldom on us been.

Tho' Fate foretold oft, by the boding Crow
From hollow Oaks struck by the Light'nings glow,
Which we were then too ignorant to know.

Now, prithee, *Tityrus*, come tell me true,
Who was this friendly God so kind to you?

PASTORALS.

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TIT. I truly was so much a silly Clown,
To think that Town call'd *Rome* just like our own;
Where Shepherds, such as we, us'd keep the Fair;
With sucking Lambs we wean'd, and sold off there.
So Whelps like Bitches, Kids like their Dams we see,
And Little things with Great compar'd may be;
But *Rome* o'er all mounts her aspiring Head,
As Groves of Cypress top the bending Reed.

MEL. But what cou'd tempt you to the sight of *Rome*?

TIT. My Liberty long slighted, lately came
And visited my Slough, with quick'ning Flame.
After gray Hairs adorn'd my Beard like Snow,
She came at last, tho' all her Steps were slow.
But since my *Amoryllis* I adore,
And *Galatea's* left, I think of her no more;
Link'd while I lay in *Galatea's* Chain,
I never thought of Liberty again;
But careless of my Flocks, my Cattle stray'd,
Tho' all my Sacrifice was duly paid,
With choicest Cheeses the richest Cream affords,
No Money came to fill my House or Hoards.

MEL. I wonder much to thy lov'd *Mania* why
So oft thou call'd'st the Gods with mournful Cry,
Why the lov'd Fruit upon the Trees so long
For *Tityrus'* absence still ungather'd hung;
For thee, the Springs their Mother Fountains leave;
For thee, the winged Groves their Motion wave.

TIT. What wou'd you have me do ? Break my own
 Chain,
 Or else the Gods, by whom we live, prophane ?
 Have I not seen the Youth, my *Melibians*, here,
 Whom we with Incense serve each Lunar Year ?
 He 'tis has answer'd ev'ry kind Desire ;
 Bid, mind my Tillage, and in Peace retire. 65

MEL. Thou art a happy aged Man t'obtain
 Thy spacious Farm, tho' but a marshy Fen,
 Or barren Soil ; 'tis thy old Pasture where
 Thy Flocks can graze, without distrust or fear
 Of neighb'ring Cattle to infect them there. 70
 Happy old Man, 'mongst thy frequented Streams,
 Where the green Sallows shade from scorching Beams,
 And *Hybla's* Bees a grateful Balsam yield,
 Sweet as the Slumbers of the fertile Field.
 Where from steep Cliffs, shrill Linnetts stretch their
 Throats, 75
 And Turtles, from high Elms, complain in mournful
 Notes.

TIT. First nimble Deer on empty Air shall feed,
 And on the naked Shore Seas leave their finny Breed ;
 The Sun-burnt *Parthian* drink the rapid *Rhodus*,
 Or droughthy *Germans* to the *Tygris* run ; 80
 Each Nation to each others limits fly,
 E'er his lov'd Image in my Bosom die.

MEL.

PASTORALS.

5

MEL. But some of us must wander *Africk* o'er,
 Rest on those parched Sands, or *Scythia's* Shore,
 Or else *Oasis'* rapid Streams explore. } 85
 At length on some divided Land be hurl'd,
 As *Britannia* is from all the other World;
 Might I but hope ev'n at the end of Time
 To visit once again my native Cline;
 Once my poor Cottage Roof, of Sods to see, 90
 I have admir'd, and thought a Royalty?
 But now our new Improvements Soldiers seize,
 And barb'rous Troops our hopeful Crops possess.
 Thus we may see what Civil Discord yields,
 And for whose use we till'd our fruitful Fields. 95
 Go, *Melibeus*, now. Wretch that I was,
 To prune my Vines, or plant the Peary Race.
 My once dear Flock, my Goats, I bid adieu;
 No more shall I on Banks and Cliffs for you,
 Extended, watch how you in safety go, 100
 When climbing heights, or feed on Shrubs below.
 I to my Flock no more shall sing soft Strains,
 As I was wont when grazing on the Plains,
 Or lead them where luxuriant Trefoil grows,
 Or on the Sallow's bitter Rind to browse. 105
 TIT. Wish me this Night a homely Lodging take,
 A leafy Carpet for your Bed I'll make;
 New Cheese and Chestnuts are our Countrey Fare,
 With mellow Apples for your welcome Chear.

See from those Shepherds Cots the Smoke arise; }
 The length'ning Shade of yonder Hill describes }
 The Night's approach, as Light forsakes the Skies. }



PASTORAL II.

OR,

ALEXIS.

The Argument.

In this Pastoral, the Poet, shadowing himself under the Person of Corydon, complains of the Coyneſs and Diſdain of Alexis; and reſolves to forget his fruitleſs Paſſion, and betake himſelf once more to his former Buſineſs.

ALXIS Charms fire Corydon the Swain,
 But his Lord's Joy checks all his Hopes again:
 Yet he frequents the ſhady Beachen Grove,
 And in the loneſome Covert ſighs his Love.
 To Woods and Mountains ſoftly does complain,
 While all his ſtudious Words are ſpent in vain:
 Cruel Alexis! thou neglect'ſt my Song,
 Shew'ſt no Compaſſion to my warbling Tongue,
 But let'ſt me periſh e'er thou hear my Wrong:
 Now to the cooling Shades our Cattle fly,
 And in their ſecret Holds the Lizards lie.

Now

PASTORALS.

7

Now *Thesylis* prepares some flavoury Meat
Of Garlick, Thyme, and od'rous Herbs to eat,
Such as refresh the Reapers fir'd with Heat.
Whilst in the scorching Sun thy Steps I trace,
The merry Insect whistles on apace,
In ev'ry Copse and ev'ry shady Place.

Had I not better born my Mistress Frown,
And all her haughty Looks have undergone?
Nay, better born *Menalcas'* slighting Air,
Though he was black, and thou so charming Fair.

My pretty Boy, depend not on a Face
Too much, for Beauty's but a flatt'ring Glass.
The fairest Flow'r often neglected lies,
When many gather up the Blackberries.

I am despis'd: Nor does *Alexis* care
What Man I am, from whom I come, or where;
How rich in snowy Cattle I abound:
My thousand Lambs roam on *Sicilian* Ground.
I want no Milk in Winter's pinching Frost,
And my full Pails in Summer I can boast.

My Notes are sweet, as were *Amphion's* lays,
When he near *Thebes* tended his Flocks to graze.
I'm not so ugly, for I've lately seen,
My Face in the calm Ocean, when serene;

I fear not *Daphnis*, tho' thy self wert by
To judges, my Glass can't always give the Lye.
Oh! wouldst thou but inhabit with me here,
Pleas'd with a homely House and Countrey Fare,

I quick-



WILGILY

I quickly cou'd discerning Pastime find,
To shoor the Stag, or hunt the swifter Hind,
The goatish Herd drive to the Mallow Beds,
Or imitate with me Pan piping in the Woods,
Pan, who first taught us to conjoin our Reeds,
Pan, who protects the Sheep, their Masters seeds,
What wou'd *Amyntas* not have done, t'have known,
That Musick thou wilt ne'er repent to own?
I have a Pipe of seven Reeds compact,
Damons gave me as his dying Act,
And said, Thou'rt the next Owner of this Reed;
Foolish *Amyntas* env'y'd this his Deed.
Besides, I ventur'd for too little Goats,
Whose downy Skins were fleck'd with silver Spots.
They suck two Ewes each Day, which for thy sake
I keep; tho' I've been ask'd a Gift to make
To *Thestylis*, which now I bought to give,
Since thou disdain'st my Presents to receive.
Oh beauteous charming Boy! come here and see;
Baskets of Flow'rs the Nymphs cull out for thee:
Lillies and pale-look'd Violets they bring,
And the fair Maids crop the early Spring.
The fragrant Sweets with artful Hands they join,
Where Poppey-heads and Daffodils combine.
Cassia and Dill are added to the Store,
With Cowslips, Marygolds, and many more
In order wove, a Garland to compleat,
Adorn'd with ev'ry Flow'r, and ev'ry Sweet.

But Nectarines and Peaches I admire,
 And Chestnuts which my *Amaryllis* does desire :
 Plumbs too, and Apples do deserve our Praise, } 70
 And you, O Bays and Myrtles, crown our Lays,
 Because you gratefully your Odours raise. }

But *Corydon's* a Swain, his Bribe's too poor,
Alexis scorns his Gifts, his Master can give more, }
 Thou striv'st in vain to offer all thy Store. } 75

Alas! what wou'd'st thou do? leave all astray,
 Let Storms thy Garden spoil, or Flow'rs decay;
 Or in thy Meadows let the savage Boar
 Pollute thy Springs, and thy tender Plants devour;
 What dost thou fly? the Gods themselves do dwell 80
 In Shades; and *Paris'* Court was but a Cell,
 Let *Pallas* live in Cities she has made,
 We are far happier in the Sylvan Shade.
 The Lion hunts the Wolf, the Wolf the Kid,
 The wanton Goat on Trefoil loves to feed : 85
 So *Corydon Alexis* does pursue,
 And ev'ry Man the Pleasure in his view.

Behold the Bullocks now their Labours end,
 And the declining Sun the Shades extend,
 Yet raging Love burns my desiring Breast, 90
 For where's the Cure to give a Lover rest?
 Ah *Corydon*! thou homely hopeless Swain,
 What foolish Madness has possess'd thy Brain?
 That on the Elm, thy Vine luxuriant spreads,
 Or else below's o'er-run with Leaves and Weeds; 95

Better

Better do something to divert thy Mind,
 With bending Twigs the limber Branches bind:
 What if *Alexis* thou'd disdain thee still?
 If he's not kind, thou'lt meet with others will!



PASTORAL III.

OR,

PALÆMON.

MENALCAS, DAMOETAS and PALÆMON.

The Argument.

*A Contention arising between two Shepherds,
 which of them could sing best, a Challenge en-
 sues, and Palæmon is chosen Judge; but
 leaves the Victory undecided.*

MEN. *I* S this, *Damoetas*, *Melibœus*? Herd?

DAM. No, *Egeus*! *Egeus* lately made my
 Ward.

MEN. Unhappy Flock! that never can be blest,
 Whilst he *Neer* harbours in his Breast,
 Burns with a restless Fire of Jealousie,
 And fears more favours are bestow'd on me.
 This stranger Swain permitted here to keep
 The Flock, twice every Day milks the poor Sheep:
 Thus below's o'er-run with Leaves and Woods:

PASTORALS. 11

Thus of their Milk he cheats the tender Lambs,
And of their Food defrauds their bleating Dams. 10

DAM. Be sparing how you charge with Crimes un-
known.

But still remember those that are your own,
We know what you committed too, and where,
When the He-Goats look'd on your wanton Fare;
We know where you profan'd the sacred Place, 15
Though the Nymph's pardon'd with a smiling Grace.

MEN. Then I believe that was in *Micon's* Ground,
When cutting of his Vines, I was in *Roguery* found.

DAM. Rather beneath yon aged Beach's Bough,
Where you broke *Daphnis' Arrows* and his Bow; 20
Which when you saw giv'n to the Lad again,
The obstinate *Menalcas* did complain;
For so unluckily thy Youth begun,
Thou dy'dst that Day some Mischief was not done.

MEN. What may not Masters do at this fine rate, 25
When such a sawcy Fool as you shall prate?
Did I not see you when you went about
To lay a Snare for honest *Damon's* Goat,
Till the Dog bark'd aloud, and I cry'd out, }
Where runs the Rogue? *Ti'rus* look to your Flock? 30
Then 'twas you fled and sculk'd behind a Rock.

DAM. Why did he not then pay the Wager gain'd,
The Goat by Conquest fairly was obtain'd;
My Voice and Musick did o'er his prevail,
And in my Poetry I did excel: 35

The

The Goat was mine, you knew not that before;
This *Damon* own'd, but durst it not restore !

MEN. Thou vie with him in Poetry, poor Swain !
Whose wretched Pipe cou'd never play one Strain ;
Some Ballad Tunes perhaps thou might'st compose, 40
Or else some dismal Verse far worse than Prose.

DAM. Let us both try our Skill, what each can do,
I'll stake this Heifer, do'nt refuse me now ;
She brings her Milk twice to the Pail each Day,
Suckles two Calves beside. What is your Wager ? say. 45

MEN. I dare not venture any of my Flock,
My Father and Step-Mother know our Stock :
Twice ev'ry Day themselves a Reck'ning keep,
One counts the Kids, the other tells the Sheep.
I've something I can safely stake you down 50
Since you brag thus, will equal yours, you'll own ;
I'll lay my beechen Bowl, a Work divine,
Made by *Alcimedon*, of *Jove's* great Line,
Who turn'd with wondrous Art these various Shapes,
The leafy Vine, pale Ivy, cluster'd Grapes. 55
Betwixt these two, *Conon*, and who d'y' call
The Man whose Arms sustain the World's great Ball ;
Instructs the Hind when 'tis fit Time fit to sow,
When best to reap, or when he ought to plough ?
This sacred Cup is cleanly kept and neat,
That ev'n my Lip has not defil'd it yet.

DAM. Two Bowls by the same skilful Hand I've turn'd,
The Handles round, and with green Leaves adorn'd,

Of

Of soft *Acanthus* ; in the midst is plac'd
Orpheus, with dancing Trees around him grac'd : 63
 My Bowls are not less cleanly kept, or neat,
 Nor has my Lip ever defil'd 'em yet.
 What say you to the Heifer that I brought ?
 As for your Bowl you praise, I value't not.

MEN. Don't fly me now, I'll meet you where you
 will, 70

And let the next Man judge of either's Skill.
 Here comes *Palamon* ready to decide,
 I'll make a Tryal lest thou shou'dst deride.

PAL. Here on the tender Grass sit down and sing,
 Now Nature has produc'd the verdant Spring : 75
 The Groves with Leaves adorn the Infant Year,
 And in their annual Liveries appear.
Dametas then, I'd have you first begin,
 And you, *Menalcas*, follow every Strain ;
 Alternate each your moving Lines rehearse ; 80
 The gentle Muses love alternate Verse.

DAM. Almighty *Jove* my Muse shall first revere,
 He clothes the Earth, for *Jove* is ev'ry where,
 And makes our Songs his own peculiar Care.

MEN. Me *Phœbus* loves, he is the God I own ; 85
 And with my Bays and Hyacinthis will crown.

DAM. My wanton Jade pelts me with Apples round,
 Then scowrs the Lawns, but yet wou'd fain be found.

MEN. My Mistress is more kind, we meet alone,
 Not *Delia* to our Dogs is better known. 90

DAM. I've mark'd the very Place in yonder Field,
Where I observ'd two cooing Stock-Doves build ;
These I design a Present for my Love.

MEN. I've done the best I can, my Dear to move,
Ten Golden Pippins, all my Stock, I've sent, 95
My Boy gets more to Morrow for the same Intent.

DAM. How oft have we, clasp'd in each others Arms'
Made the Grove echo *Galatea's* Charms ?
Ye Winds convey each Word of what she said,
See to the Gods that ev'ry Word's convey'd. 100

MEN. What profits it, or what can I expect,
Altho' *Amyntas* does me not neglect ?
The savage Boar she hunts with eager Chace,
And if I hold the Net, that's all my place.

DAM. This is my Birth-day, let my *Phyllis* come, 105
Iolas, when I make my Harveſt-home.

MEN. *Phyllis* to all the World I muſt prefer ;
She wept ſo, when I took my leave of her ;
A ſhow'r of gentle Tears at parting fell,
My fair *Iolas*, thus ſaid ſhe, Farewel. 110

DAM. Wolves 'mong the Flocks, Winds in the
Woods we fear,
And raging Storms to blaſt the fruitful Year,
But *Amaryllis's* Frowns more dreadful are. }

MEN. In fertile Dew the tender Blade delights,
And the green Shrub the wanton Kid invites. 115
The Cattle love on fallow Stalks to feed,
But I the lov'd *Amyntas* only need.

DAM.

DAM. *Pollio* admires our Countrey Songs to hear,
The Muses for their Guests a Calf prepare.

MEN. *Pollio* himself does oft new Songs compose, } 110
Feeds for his Use a Bull that dreads no Foes, }
But spurns the Sand and strait prepares for Blows. }

DAM. Who loves thee, *Pollio*, all those Blessings share
Sweet Honey yields or Myrtles which thy Hedges bear.

MEN. Whoever hates not *Bavius* sorry Rhyme; 125
With *Mavius* Verse will please himself in Time ;
Who can do that as easily may stroke
The Rammy Goat, or subtle Foxes Yoke.

DAM. You that on cover'd Beds, or shady Bow'rs,
Gather the Strawberry and fragrant Flow'rs, 130
Beware, Oh ye unheedful Youths, alas !
The deadly Snake oft lurks within the Grass.

MEN. Be not too rash, but spare the sluggish Sheep,
And from the dang'rous Banks in safety keep,
That ev'n the Ram himself his Fleece may dry. 135

DAM. O *Tityrus*, quickly from the River fly,
And drive thy well-flesh'd Kids in time away,
I'll wash them in the Spring some other Day.

MEN. Drive Home the Ewes, my Lads, lest Heat
restrain
Their Milk, as late we press'd their Dugs in vain. 140

DAM. How lean my Bull in this fat Pasture looks?
This Love destroys the Shepherd and his Flocks.

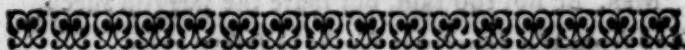
MEN. Love ne'er can be the Cause why they're
 so lean,
 Their pointed Bones strike thro' the cleaving Skin,
 Sure some ill Eye has on my Lambkins been. 145

DAM. Tell me, and thou my Oracle shalt be,
 Where Heaven's measur'd but by Fathoms three.

MEN. Tell in what Countrey, Princes Names are
 known

By Flow'rs inscrib'd, and *Phyllis* is thy own.

PAL. I not pretend this difference to decide 150
 You both deserve the Calf you can't divide ;
 Though each alike to other fairly prove,
 You both have felt the Pangs and Sweets of Love :
 'Tis high time now, ye Swains, your Strife to cease,
 The sated Meads desire to be at Peace. 155



PASTORAL IV.

OR,

POLLIO.

The Argument.

*The Poet celebrates the Birth of Saloninus, Son
 of Asinius Pollio, who was born soon after
 the taking of Salonæ in Dalmatia.*

THE Past'ral Muse takes now a nobler Flight,
 Not all in humble Countrey Cott's delight ;

IF

If *Sylvan* Shades we praise in Rustick Strain,
Ought not those Shades to fit a Consul's Reign ?

The time is come, the *Sybils* long foretold, } 5
And the blest Maid restores the Age of Gold,
In the great Wheel of Time before enroll'd.

Now a great Progeny from Heav'n descends,
The sacred Babe is born, Mankind defends ;
From the old iron Age of Sin makes free, 10
And gives again the golden one of Liberty.

Oh chaste *Lucina* ! aid th' auspicious Birth,
Thy own *Apollo* governs now the Earth.
Thee Consul *Pollio* crowns this glorious Year,
Led on by thee our happy Days appear : 15

If any Steps of ancient Crimes remain, }
That saving Hand shall wash the guilty Stain,
And free the fearful World in thy blest Reign :
The Life of Gods he lives, and lives to be
Mix'd with the Hero's of Eternity. 20

They shall behold his Glories with delight,
Who rules the sinful World by his great Father's Might.

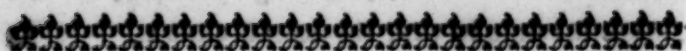
To thee, sweet Babe, the Earth until'd, shall yield
The choicest Product of the fruitful Field ;
Berries or Ivy creeping ev'ry where, 25
The *Egyptian* Bean, or Flow'rs that Night-shades bear ;
The Goats distended Udders home convey,
Herds fearless of the Lion freely stray ;
Around thy Cradle fragrant Flow'rs shall spring,
And the old Serpent lose his fatal Sting. 30

No pois'nous Juice the treach'rous Plant shall bear.
 But Myrrh and Frankincense be scatter'd ev'ry where.
 Soon as the Youth the Hero's praises knows,
 His Father's Actions, and to Virtue grows ;
 Unsown the Fields shall spring with yellow Corn, 35
 And cluster'd Grapes hang on the spiky Thorn,
 The firmest Oak a gummy Dew shall yield,
 And Honey sweet as from the Flowry Field.

Some Tracts of former Frauds will still remain,
 And some will venture the false Waves again. 40
 Some spacious Towns with lofty Walls surround,
 In Furrows, some divide the unplough'd Ground.
 Another *Typhis* then shall live again,
 And *Argo* waft bright Heroes o'er the Main,
 Another War arise, which will employ 45
 The great *Achilles* once again at *Troy*.
 But when full Age thy manly Vigour shows,
 The Sailor then his dear-lov'd Sea foregoes ;
 The Merchant trades no more with Goods abroad,
 But ev'ry place with ev'ry thing is stor'd. 50
 The Ground unharrow'd lies, unprun'd the Vines,
 And Bullocks rest unyok'd by able Hinds.
 The Wool shall not deceive with artful Dye,
 But on the Rams a lovely Scarlet lye ;
 A Saffron yellow all their Fleeces change, 55
 And sucking Lambs with native Scarlet range !
 The Fates agreeing with eternal Doom,
 Cry'd thus, May such blest Ages ever come :

Go then of Race divine, *Jove's* high-born Son,
 This is the time to wear thy mortal Crown. 65
 And now behold th' unstable tott'ring World,
 Seas, Earth and Heaven in Confusion hurl'd:
 Nature again puts on a smiling Face,
 And all with Joy th'approaching Age embrace.
 O that such length were added to my Days,
 Songs worthy of thy glorious Deeds to raise, } 65
 And render me Immortal as thy Praise.
 Not *Thracian Orpheus*, shou'd with me compare;
 Nor *Linus*, were the Father, Mother here;
Calliope, who did the *Thracian's* Breast inspire; 70
 Or thou great *Phabus*, *Linus's* lovely Sire.
 Shou'd *Pan* himself contend for Victory,
 And his own lov'd *Arcadia* Judges be, }
 I know the Conquest wou'd be giv'n to me.
 Begin, dear Babe, with Smiles thy Mother bless, 75
 Ten Months with tedious Qualms thou didst oppress,
 But now the World's delight; begin, dear Boy,
 Tho' yet thy Parents cannot smile with Joy.
 No God has yet a Table for thee spread,
 Or any Goddess deign'd to grant a Bed.

PASTO-



PASTORAL V.

OR,

DAPHNIS.

MENALCAS, MOPSUS.

The Argument.

This whole Pastoral consists of an Elegy and Apotheosis: Mopsus bewails the Death of Daphnis, and Menalcas proclaims his Divinity.

MEN. SAY, *Mopsus*, why, since opportunely met,
We shou'd not 'mong these Elms and Hazels sit;
Thou entertain us with harmonious Verse,
And I thy moving Poetry rehearse.

MOP. *Menalcas*, you are eldest, lead the way
To those pure Shades, where wanton Zephyrs play;
Or will you to yon' cooler Cave retire,
Where the wild Vine climbs with its spreading Wire?

MEN. *Amyntas* only is thy Match in all these Plains.

MOP. But what if he vies with *Apollo's* Strains? 10

MEN. I value't not; dear *Mopsus*, first begin,
If thou hast ought of *Phyllis's* Flames to sing.
Can'st *Alcon's* Praise, or *Codrus's* Brawls rehearse,
Tityrus shall feed the Goats: Repeat thy Verse.

MOP,

MOP. First then, I'll sing those pleasing Lines I
made, 15

And pen'd in the green Beech's Bark and Shade ;
I form'd that Song for an alternate Voice,
And set this task *Amyntas* as my choice.

MEN. The Sallows might as well with th'Olive vie,
Or wither'd Spikenard with the Roses Dye, 20
As in our Judgment that *Amyntas* dare
With *Mopsus*' Wit and Poetry compare.

MOP. No more of that, enter this Cave, dear
Swain, }
Where *Daphnis* is attended by a Train
Of Nymphs that mourn the Loss of such a Swain. 25
Ye beauteous Flood-Nymphs witness, O ye Woods,
When the sad Parent curs'd the Stars and Gods ;
When she embrac'd the lifeless Trunk, her Son,
Thus she exclaim'd : Hard Fates ! what have I done ?
No Herdsman then his Flocks to Water drove, 30
The Bullocks to the Stream or Covert Grove :
Nor wou'd the Beast to pinching Hunger yield,
But quite disdain'd the Herbage of the Field.
The *Lybian* Lions griev'd for *Daphnis*' Death,
The Woods and Mountains met th' expiring Breath. 35
Daphnis first taught to tame the Tyger's Rage,
To draw his Chariot Wheels did first engage :
Daphnis to *Bacchus* new Oblations paid,
When he the Spear with twining Ivy made,

As Vines adorn the Trees, as Grapes the Vines, 40
 As Bulls the Herd, as Corn in richest Pastures shines ;
 So *Daphnis* was the Glory of the Field,
 Till cruel Fate compell'd the Swain to yield ;
 Then *Pales*, happy Goddess! left the Plains, 45
 And bright *Apollo* all our rural Strains.
 Those Furrows once that noble Barley bore,
 Now with wild Oats and Darnel are run o'er.
 For Daffodil and sweeter Vi'let, there
 Thistles and Thorns, with sharp'ned Arms, they bear.
 Ye Swains, spread all the Ground with sacred
 Flow'rs, 50

And o'er your Fountains raise sweet shady Bow'rs ;
 'Twas *Daphnis*' great Command this shou'd be done ; }
 That to his Mem'ry we erect a Tomb, }
 And on it write this just Encomium : }
Daphnis the Swain o'er all the World renown'd, 55
 Kept a fair Flock, himself more fair was found.

MEN. O heav'nly Bard! such are thy charming Lays, }
 Like Rest to wearied Travellers they please, }
 Or the cool Stream, that to our Thirst gives ease. }
 Thou'st equall'd now thy Master's Verse and Reed. 60
 Fortunate Swain, t' *Apollo* next succeed.
 Those Verses which from thee derive their strain,
 We will alternately repeat again.
 And mount thy *Daphnis* to the upper Skies,
Daphnis who lov'd us to the Stars shall rise. 65

MOR. What nobler Subject can my Friend rehearse?
 The gallant Youth deserves the brightest Verse;
 Nay *Stimichon* himself did lately praise
 The sweet Composure of these happy Lays.

MEN. *Daphnis* with wonder viewing *Jove's* high Seat, 70
 Saw Clouds and starry Orbs beneath his Feet.

Pan fills the Swains and *Dryads* with the Sight,
 The Woods with Joy, the Countrey with Delight.

No more the Wolf-lies for the Lamb in wait,
 Or Nets are made the nimble Deers deceit, } 75
 Kind *Daphnis* loves a rural cool Retreat;

The rugged Hills cast out loud Sounds of Joy,
 That with their rocky Tops just kiss the Sky;
 The humble Shrubs echo to them again,
 And cry, *Menalcas*, he's the God of Men. 80

Be kind then, *Daphnis*, and auspicious be,
 Since we two Altars have design'd for thee,
 Two more for *Phœbus* we with joy prepare,
 And with new Milk, two Bowls for thee each Year;
 Two Cups of purest Oil I do design, 85

And *Bacchanalian* Feasts stor'd with rich Wine.
 Before the Fire, if cold; hot, in the Shade;
 My Wine shall flow, and Banquets shall be made;
Dametas, *Egon*, both with me rejoice;
Alphesibœus adds his Legs, as they their Voice. 90

These Rites to thee for ever we will pay
 With solemn Vows, on ev'ry Year that Day
 The Rustick Deities the Field survey. }
 Whilst

Whilst the fierce Boars the Mountain tops delight,
 Whilst Streams the Fish, and Thyme shall Bees invite, 95
 The Grasshopper on Dew make his repast,
 So long thy Honour and thy Name shall last ;
 As we to *Bacchus*, or to *Ceres* give
 Our Countrey Vows each happy Year we live.
 So may'st thou awe us with thy Power divine; 100
 And make Oblations on thy Altars shine:

MOP. What shall I give thee for thy grateful Song,
 Soft as the murm'ring South Wind, as his Blowing
 strong,

Pleasant as Waves that play upon the Shore,
 Or a swift Rill, the Pebbles gliding o'er ? 105

MEN. This slender Reed we give to thee again;
 Which play'd, *Alexis' Charms* fir'd *Corydon* the Swain ;
 Or taught to ask, *Are these old Melibæus Sheep* ?

MOP. Take thou this Hook, I did on purpose keep ;
Antigenes ask'd oft, but never cou'd obtain, 110
 Altho' he worthy was of Love again ;
 This carving Work was of *Menalcas' Make*;
 And I esteem it better for his sake.

PASTO.



PASTORAL VI.

O R,

SILENUS.

The Argument.

Silentis sings the Origine of the Universe, according to the Epicurean Doctrine; and intermixes in his Song several of the most remarkable Transformations that had happen'd in Nature since her Birth.

MY Muse descends to low *Sicilian* Strains,
Nor blushes to inhabit on the Plains.

When Royalty or Battels I wou'd sing,

Apollo kindly clips my soaring Wing.

Thus chides, go *Tityrus* home, thou Countrey Swain,

Go feed your Sheep, and mind your rural Strain:

Now I with rustick Lays my Warmth pursue,

And on soft Reeds my humble Song renew.

For many wou'd great *Varus*' Praise rehearse

In warlike Deeds, who want a noble Verse.

Nor shall I sing without a just Command;

For Love compels, and I obey the Hand:

Each Copse and Grove shall hear of *Varus*' Name,

Nothing more grateful can my Muse proclaim,

Than on each Tree, and ev'ry Leaf his Fame.

D

Say,

Say, Muse, how in the Cave the Youngsters found
 Ancient *Silvanus* sleeping on the Ground ;
 His Veins puft up with his Debauch o'er Night,
 The Garland from his Head divided quite ;
 His mafsy Can hung by the Handle down ; 20
 The Lads now thought their Hopes at laft to crown ;
 For the Old Man had Promifes beftow'd
 Of Verfes on 'em, when they cou'd him load.
 Therefore with his own Laurel Wreaths they bind
 His aged Hands ; and then the Youths were join'd 25
 By tim'rous *Ægle*, faireft of her Race ;
 Who, when ſhe ſaw the *Bacchanalian* rouze,
 Bedawb'd with fanguine Mulberries his Brows. }
 He ſmiling at the Trick, ask'd ; Why thus bound ?
 Loofe me, my Lads, it is enough you've found ; 30
 What Verſes pleaſe you, take ; the Debt I own ,
 I'll pleaſe the Maid ſome other way. Then thus begun :
 Now was the time the Ferial Kind were free
 From Fear, and Fawns rejoic'd with Liberty ;
 The ſturdy Oaks their verdant Summits ſhook, 35
 And *Phœbus* danc'd on high *Parnaffus*' Rock.
 He ſung how from the ſpacious Void of Heav'n,
 Earth, Air and Fire, and ſtormy Seas were driv'n ;
 How from thoſe Principles all things aroſe,
 And did this beauteous Infant World compoſe ; 40
 How Earth condenſing, Seas excluded were,
 And by degrees did various Forms appear.

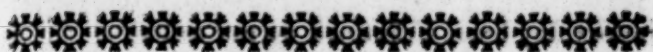
The Sun our Wonder next; by whose great Pow'rs
 Vapours ascend to Clouds, descend in Show'rs;
 When first the leafy Groves began to play, 45
 And wand'ring Beasts o'er unknown Mountains stray.
Pyrria's Production next, and *Saturn's* Reign,
 And great *Prometheus'* Punishment he sang.
 To these, adds *Hylas*; when the Sailors roar,
 Echo's to *Hylas* ring from ev'ry Shore. 50

Happy *Pasiphae*, hadst thou not Cattel known;
 Or snowy Bull with sated Love o'ergrown;
 What Madness, foolish Virgin, made thee yield!
 Tho' *Pratid's* Lawns were with false Lowings fill'd.
 The Bull's still ignorant of thy Desire, 55
 And fears the Yoke *Pasiphae* did admire.
 Unhappy Maid, thou wander'st o'er the Hills,
 Whilst he regal'd with Flow'rs, and pleasing Rills,
 Chewing the Cud under some grateful Shade,
 Or on a mossy Bank at ease is laid; 60
 Doats on some other she, among the Drove.
 Unhappy Nymphs, shut up your wanton Grove;
 Permit no Entrance, lest some Wand'rer stray,
 And lead th' unlucky Bull that fatal way.
 Perhaps delighted with the pleasant feed, 65
 He roves about, and by the Herd is led,
 Till he at last, strolling around does find
Gortina's Heifer, to his Wishes kind.

And now he sings of *Atalanta's* Suit,

The wond'rous Virgin, and th' *Hesperian* Fruit; 70

Of *Phaeton's* three Sisters bath'd in Tears,
 How rising to a Poplar each appears,
 Now sings of *Gallus'* Journey to the Streams,
 Of clear *Permessian* Springs, and *Phæbus'* Beams
 That shine upon him, while the Muse invites 73
Gallus to see th' *Ionian* Mountain-Heights;
 Great *Links* then in sacred Numbers read,
 Veiling his flow'ry Garland, thus to *Gallus* said.
 Here, take these Reeds, the Muses by Decree 80
 Gave to old *Hesiod* once, but now to thee.
 With these the Poet cou'd their Glory crown,
 And stately Trees from lofty Hills bring down;
 With these describe *Gryneus'* sacred Grove,
 Lest great *Apollo* shou'd some other love.
 Why shou'd I sing of *Scylla*, since the Fame 83
 Of her white Rocks, and foaming Seas gains her a Name;
 Where tim'rous Pilots dread the cruel Shore,
 And bulging Waves, when her fierce Monsters roar?
 Next let's of *Terens* Transformation tell,
 And the dire Present made by *Philomel*, 90
 How from his Rage to Deserts she withdrew,
 How the bold Ravisher did then pursue,
 And o'er her Palace how th' Unhappy flew. }
 Of these before *Apollo'd* spoken long, }
Eurotas heard the old *Silenus'* Song, } 95
 Which to the Skies the echoing Valleys rung. }
 He bids them house their Flocks, and count the Sheep,
 While Evening Light does o'er *Olympus* peep.



PASTORAL VII.

OR,

MELIBOEUS.

MELIBOEUS, CORYDON, and THYRSIS:

The Argument.

This Pastoral contains another Contest of Singing between two Shepherds, on the Subject of Love.

MEL. **A**S the two Swains were driving on the Flock,
Daphnis by chance was set beneath an Oak ;
 Tho' both were join'd, the Ewes were *Thyrsis'* Lot,
 And *Corydon's* the full-dugg'd milky Goat.
 Both in the Bloom of vig'rous Youth appear, 5
 And both *Arcadia's* happy Shepherds were.
 Both Rivals too, in Poetry and Wit,
 And each to answer th' other was as fit.
 But whilst the tender Myrtles were my Care
 To guard from Cold, this happen'd to me here. 10
 The leading Goat of all my Flock did stray :
 When I saw *Daphnis* coming on that way,
 And he beholding me again, thus said,
 If you're at leisure, Friend, advance with speed ;

D :

Your

Your Goat's not lost, your Kids in safety all ; 15
 Therefore stay here, if Business do not call ;
 Refresh your self under these pleasant Shades.
 The BuHocks come to water through the Meads,
 Where wanton *Mincius* cuts his verdant way,
 Thro' bending Reeds his winding Currents play. 20
 And in the sacred Oak the Bees abound
 With humming Noise that o'er the Fields resound.
 What cou'd I do ? *Phyllis* was not at Home,
 Nor did *Alcippe* in due Season come,
 To suckle by the Hand, then from the Dams 25
 Take with great Care, and house the tender Lambs.
 And now the Match betwixt the Swains begun,
 The Rival Swains, *Thyrsis* and *Corydon* :
 For this Diversion I laid all aside,
 While each in Verse, after the other try'd, 30
 Alternately their Numbers they rehearse,
 For the kind Muses love alternate Verse.

COR. Y' indulgent Muses, ever fair and young,
 Equal to *Codrus*, now inspire my Song ;
 He with *Apollo* match'd his tuneful Lays ; 35
 But since that all Men cannot reach the Bays,
 This Reed unworthy me, I here disown.

THYR. With Ivy then, ye Swains, your Poet crown,
 Let *Codrus* break with Spite his working Brain,
 Or praise too much, to make his Praises vain. 40
 Surround my Brows with *Baccar*'s powerful Charm,
 Lest some bewitching Tongue your Poet harm.

COR. *Mycon* to *Delia* sends this wild Boar's-Head,
 The Branches of a Stag, as yet, scarce dead ;
 If this sh' accept, a Statue he will raise 45
 Of *Parian* Marble buskin'd to her praise.

THYR. We Curds and Cream to *Priapus* afford
 Yearly, as of our homely Gardens Lord,
 And can but now in Marble make thee shine,
 But shall hereafter render thee Divine ; 50
 If still our Flocks increase, we'll form a Mould
 And cast thy Image in the brightest Gold.

COR. Sweeter than *Hybla's* Thyme, than Swans more
 fair,
 With freshest Ivy, *Galatea* may compare.
 If thou of *Corydon* hast any care 55
 When thy fat Bulls are stall'd, thou may'st come here.

THYR. May I as ugly to my Mistress shew
 As he that does *Sardonian* Poison chew ;
 Nay, than the Holm may I much rougher seem,
 Or stink like *Owze* cast from the sedgy Stream ; 60
 If this same Day has not more tedious been
 Than any Year my Eyes before have seen.
 If any Modesty is left behind ;
 Go Home and feed thy Bullocks, silly Hind.

COR. Ye mossy Fountains, Grass more soft than
 Sleep, 65
 And leafy Shades which you in coolness keep,
 Protect my Flocks, the Summer heat comes now,
 When pregnant Buds swell from the smiling Bough.

THYR.

THYR. We have choice Wood, keep such a constant Fire
 No Furnace yields more Smoke, or mounts up higher; 70
 Cold Northern pinching Blasts we fear no more,
 Than Wolves our Sheep, or torrent Streams the Shore.

COR. The Chestnut here, and Juniper we see,
 And Apples scatter'd under ev'ry Tree.
 Now all things smile, but if the beauteous Swain 75
 Forsake these Hills, he will the Rivers drain.

THYR. The Fields are parch'd, the wither'd Herbage
 dies,

And *Bacchus* to the Hills the shady Vines denies.
 At *Phyllis* coming all the Woods grow green,
 And *Jove* descends in plenteous Show'rs again. 80

COR. To *Hercules* the Poplar we assign,
 To *Phœbus*, Bays, *Bacchus*, the fruitful Vine.
 To the fair Goddess, Myrtles we allow,
 And *Phyllis*' Pride is in her Hazel Bough;
 If that's prefer'd to all the *Sylvan* Field, 85
 Myrtle and Laurel must to Hazels yield.

THYR. In Groves the Ash, in Orchards Pines appear,
 Poplar near Streams most beautiful and fair,
 And tow'ring Firs the lofty Mountains bear.
 But if fair *Lycidas* submits to me,
 Thou'mong the Trees the well shap'd Ash shalt see, } 90
 And Orchard Pines bend down their Heads to thee.

MEL. These things in Memory I will retain,
 And conquer'd *Thyrss* now contends in vain;
 Hence *Corydon* I count the happy Swain,



PASTORAL VIII.

O R,

PHARMACEUTRIA.

DAMON and ALPHESIBOEUS.

The Argument.

This Pastoral has two Parts: The first is a Complaint of a despairing Lover; the second, A Magical Incantation.

THE mournful Muse of two contending Swains,
 Of slighted Love and Witchcraft each complains.
 The wondring Cartel quite forget their Food,
 The Lynxes at their Verse amazed stood;
 And the swift Flood takes on the Banks his Seat, 5
 While we the Swains rejected Songs repeat.
 And thou, great Prince, whether thou passest o're
 Timavus' Rocks or coast th' Illyrian Shore,
 Assist my trembling Muse, whilst I rehearse
 Thy mighty Triumphs in immortal Verse; 10
 In lofty Numbers bright Ideas raise,
 Worthy the Buskins of great Sophocles.
 Receive the Numbers thou may'st justly claim;
 Due to thy great Commands and to thy Name;

And

And suffer 'mong thy conqu'ring Laurels now 15
 This humble Ivy to adorn thy Brow.
 Scarce had the Shades of Night forsook the Sky,
 And the cool Dew on tender Grass to lie,
 When *Damon* to repeat his am'rous Song,
 Reclining 'gainst an Olive thus begun. 20

DAM. Bright *Lucifer*, thou that prepar'ft the way
 Before the Sun, for the approaching Day,
 Go on, whilst I of *Nisa's* Perjury complain. }
 Cry to the Gods for Aid, but all in vain. }
 Begin, my Pipe, with me, play the *Menalian* Strain. }

Men'lus does always hear the echoing Groves, 26
 The lofty Pines, and Swains distressed Loves.
 And active Reeds were still employ'd by *Pan*,
 Begin, my Pipe, with me, play the *Manalian* Strain.

Fair *Nisa's* Charms on *Mopsus* are bestow'd, 30
 Hopes are for ev'ry Lover now allow'd.

Now may the Horse and Gryphin friendly greet,
 And tim'rous Deer with Dogs at warring meet.
 Cut your fresh Torches, *Mopsus*, opportunely made,
 You now have got a Wife to light to Bed ; 35
 Disperse thy Nuts about to please the Boys,
 And solace all the Night in Nuptial Joys.

Hesper forsakes his Bed, while I complain,
 Begin my Pipe, with me, play the *Menalian* Strain.

You are well match'd, and slight the courting Swain,
 Whilst you with Pride my Pipe and Goats disdain.

Care-

Careless, distracted now my Looks appear,
 My comely Chin o'erspread with bushy Hair,
 As if the Gods regarded not my Pain,
 Begin, my Pipe, with me, play the *Manalian* Strain. 45

I was the forward Lad, when in our Ground,
 Gath'ring of ruddy Apples, you I found,
 Though scarce arriv'd to thirteen Years of Age,
 The yielding Boughs for you I did engage;
 But as I look'd I dy'd, and gather'd all in vain, 50
 Begin, my Pipe with me, play the *Manalian* Strain.

I know what Love is now, its Birth must be
 On horrid *Ismaros*, or cold *Rhodope*,
 Or *Libya's* Wild supplies thy barb'rous Veins, 55
 Begin, my Pipe, with me, begin *Manalian* Strains.

Dire Loe, first taught the Mother's Hand to sin,
 And with her Childrens Blood she did begin.
 Inhuman Parent! to destroy her own,
 Was she more cruel, or her impious Son? 60
 The Boy was base, her Cruelty remains,
 Begin, my Pipe, with me, begin *Manalian* Strains.

Hence let the tender Sheep the Wolves provoke,
 And golden Apples bud upon the Oak,
 The Alder bear *Narcissus'* gentle Flow'r, 65
 And ev'ry Shrub the purest Amber pour.
 With Swans, the Owls contend on ev'ry Tree,
 And *Tit'rus*, *Orpheus*, in the Woods with thee,
 The Dolphins with *Arion* on the Main,
 Begin, my Pipe, with me, play the *Manalian* Strain. 70

Let

Let all things find a different Course to live,
 Ye *Sylvan* Shades, your Verdure still survive,
 From yonder Precipice I'll take my Flight,
 And drench my self in Floods far from her sight.
 This Legacy bestows a dying Man, 75
 Cease now, my Pipe, cease the *Menalian* Strain.

These Words poor *Damon* spoke without disguise,
 To which *Alphesibæus* thus replies.
 The sacred Muses their Decrees can tell,
 All Men alike cannot all things reveal. 80

ALPH. Bring me some Water here, this Altar fence
 Around, with Vervain, Oyl and Frankincense,
 That by some sacred Magick I may find
 A certain way to change his fickle Mind;
 Nothing is wanting, but my Charms remain 85
 To bring Home *Daphnis* from the Town again.

For Charms will make the Moon dance from her
 Sphere,
Ulysses Friends by Charms transformed were:
 Charms will in Fields, destroy the deadly Snake,
 And from the Town my Charms bring *Daphnis* back. 90

Thrice round about his Head three Fillets tye,
 Of various Colours and of different Dye,
 Thrice round these Altars bear his Effigie. }
 In the odd Count the Gods some Pleasure take,
 Then from the Town, my Charms, bring *Daphnis* back. 95
 Three different Dyes let *Amaryllis* bring,
 And tye in treble Knots the Magick String.

Then

Then say, these are Love's mystick Knots I make,
Now from the Town, my Charms, bring *Daphnis* back.

As Fire melts Wax, or hardens stubborn Clay, 100
So shall my Love make *Daphnis'* Heart obey.
Sprinkle the Cake, and burn with sulph'rous Steam,
The crackling Laurel, *Daphnis* does the same,
And I for him this raging Fire maintain,
To bring back *Daphnis* to my Arms again. 105

Daphnis is seiz'd with such desiring Love,
As a young Heifer that around does rove, }
To seek the Bull through ev'ry Copse and Grove. }
Near purling Streams, on the green Bank lies down }
Lost to her self, nor thinks the Night comes on, } 110
When to th'expecting Herd she shou'd return : }
Such is fond *Daphnis'* Love, nor shall I ease his Pain,
Oh let my Charms from thence bring *Daphnis* back
again.

The perjur'd Man these Garments left behind, }
The only Pledge remaining that he once was kind, } 115
Which after him to Earth shall be confin'd. }

These Pledges I bestow for *Daphnis'* sake,
Then from the Town, my Charms, bring *Daphnis* back.

Mavis on me these Magic Drugs bestows,
Plenty whereof in *Pontus* daily grows : 120

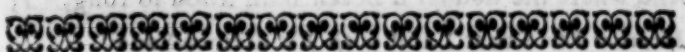
With these into a Wolf he's often chang'd
Himself, and in the Woods at large has rang'd :
Often I've seen him from the Grave return
Poor wand'ring Souls, that in dark Regions mourn,

Remove to his own Fields another's standing Grain. 125
Then from the Town, my Charms, bring *Daphnis* back
again.

The sacred Ashes *Amaryllis* bring,
And throw them o'er thy Head into the running Spring.
Look not behind, these Rites for *Daphnis* are,
Who flights the Gods and Philtres we prepare; 130
Bring back, ye sacred Herbs, and powerful Charms,
Bring back lov'd *Daphnis* to my longing Arms.

See now the Ashes round our Altar play,
And of themselves their trembling Flames display, }
Whilst in suspense I'm kept with his Delay. 135
I know not what the Omen means, but hark,
There's *Hylax* at the Door begins to bark.
We must believe the best, as those who love
Their Dreams to their own Fancies still improve.
Then, *Amaryllis*, let's forbear our Charms. 140
I've brought my *Daphnis* to my longing Arms.





PASTORAL IX.

OR,

LYCIDAS and MOERIS.

The Argument.

Virgil, going to retake Possession of his Estate, was like to have been kill'd by the Centurion Atius: Of this he complains in the following Pastoral, where we find likewise several Verses in Praise of Augustus.

LYC. **W**Hither does *Mavis* thus concern'dly haste;
That he pursues the Road to *Rome* so fast?

MOER. 'Tis much we have escap'd thus far alive;
This Day I thought not, Shepherd, to survive:
When I shou'd hear a Stranger say; This Ground,
And all these fertile Fields by me are own'd:
Be gone, you Rascals, from this pleasant Farm;
Disconsolate we depart, for fear of Harm.
Since Fortune over all things bears the sway,
What can remain for us but to obey?
Two fatted Kids to the proud Rogue I bear,
That they may choak him is my constant Pray'r.

LYC. I heard indeed from th' foot of that high Hill;
That by degrees descends to yonder Rill;

And where the dodder'd Beech hath stood so long, 15
Menalcas fav'd that Land with his diviner Song.

MOER. You heard so, and loud Fame proclaim'd it
 true ;

But it was not our Verse alone wou'd do.

For War, O *Lycidas*, is more severe ;

And Doves with Eagles might as well compare ; 20

The boding Chough from an old hollow Tree

Advis'd to cease our Strife, and to agree ;

Had he not taught us these dire Ills t'avoid,

Nor *Mæris*, nor *Menalcas* had this Life enjoy'd.

Lyc. Who could have perpetrated such a Deed, 25
 So cruel, as to make *Menalcas* bleed ?

Who of the Nymphs wou'd then bright Songs have
 made,

The fruitful Soil with fragrant Flow'rs have spread,

Or shelter'd Fountains with a leafy Shade ?

Compose such Songs as late from thee I took, 30

When on our *Amaryllis* thou didst look,

And with her Beauty charm'd, cast down thy Hook ;

And said, Pray feed these Goats for me, dear Swain,

And water them, I'll soon return again ;

I have not far to go, howe'er take heed 35

Of that old Ridgling with the Butting Head.

MOER. To *Varus* such like Strains he did rehearse ;

Varus, whose Name's worthy immortal Verse,

If we in *Mantua* can but rest in Peace ;

Ah ! 'tis too near *Cremona* for our Ease :

40
 But

But if thou canst preserve thy *Mantuan* Plains,
Our Verse shall soar above the winged Swans.

LYC. So may thy Swarms avoid the *Cyrnean* Yew,
And Milk in plenty from thy Heifers flow ;
Begin, if thou'st the Gift of Poetry 45
The Muses lately have bestow'd on me.
I have made Verses too, to fix my Fame ;
And all the Swains give me a Poet's Name.
I'm not so vain to credit what they say ;
I can't yet please my self, in my own way. 50
Cinna nor *Varrus* have vouchsaf'd to hear ;
Therefore like gagging Geese 'mong Swans I must appear.

MOER. I'm thinking, *Lycidas*, I can rehearse,
If I remember right, a noble Verse ;
Advance, fair Nymph, my *Galatea*, hear ; 55
What Pastime is in gentle Streams, declare ;
Here Flow'rs the Spring, and there the pregnant Soil
On ev'ry Bank does with fresh verdure smile,
Round ev'ry Flood delightful Objects rise ;
White Poplar here the naked Bow'r supplies ; 60
And tender Vines compleat the cooling Shade,
Whilst raging Floods th' unbounded Shore invade.

LYC. Something I heard thee sing alone last Night ;
I have the Tune, cou'd I the Words recite.

MOER. Why on th' old *Ara*, *Daphnis*, dost thou pore ? 65
Since *Cesar's* time, that Reck'ning is no more.

'Tis *Cæsar's* Star, that makes the joyful Field,
 And on the Hills the Grape her Purple yield.
 Graft Pears for *Daphnis* ; After-Ages may
 Be glad to crop, and bless the joyful Day. 70
 'Tis Time brings all things forth, we all decay ;
 I when a Boy consum'd a Summer's Day
 In singing ; but my Voice, alas ! is gone ;
 My Voice and tuneful Notes fled with my Song,
 As if I'd seen a Wolf ; but yet you can, 75
 If you're requir'd, repeat them o'er again.

LYC. You raise my Expectation by delay,
 Tho' all the Fields are peaceable and gay.
 See all things now so much to Rest inclin'd,
 The trembling Leaves scarce feel the murm'ring Wind.
 And on our Journey we are got half way ; 81
Bianor's Tomb does now its Top display.
 On these stript Leaves here let us stretch along ;
 Here lay the Kids, and sing a merry Song.
 We've time enough to reach the Town by Light ; 85
 Or if we fear the gathering Clouds e're Night,
 A pleasant Song will shorten much the Road ;
 Come, let us sing, I'll ease you of your Load.

MOER. Let's mind what we're about, dear *Swain*, for-
 bear ;
 We shall sing better, when my Master's here. 90



PASTORAL X.

OR,

GALLUS.

The Argument.

The Poet comforts Gallus for the Loss of his Mistress, whom he immoderately lov'd.

YOur Aid, *Sicilian* Nymphs, don't now refuse
To finish this last labour of my Muse.

Something that's worthy *Gallus* I wou'd raise,

And Verse that wou'd the coy *Lycoris* please;

For who to *Gallus* can deny due Praise?

Let not *Sicilian* Floods slide under thine,

Or *Doris* intermix her Waves of Brine.

With Love's unhappy Passion, we begin;

And first, of *Gallus*' cross Amours we sing,

Whilst on the tender Browze our Kids rejoice; 10

We sing not to the Deaf: Echo exalts her Voice.

Say, sacred Nymphs, in what close Copse or Grove

Were you, when *Gallus* was undone by Love?

Parnassus' top, nor *Pindus*' lofty height

Have yet delay'd to ease thee of Love's weight. 15

Th' *Aonian* Spring in mourning Drops appears,

The Laurel weeps, low Shrubs are pearl'd with Tears;

And

And cold *Lycean* Cliffs his State bemoan,
 When on Mount *Menalus* stretch'd out, alone
 He lies desponding on the rocky Stone. } 20

The Sheep around him stand, while the blest Bard,
 Nor scorns, nor is asham'd to be their Ward;
 Since on the River Banks the beauteous Boy
Adonis kept his bleating Flocks with Joy.

The lazy Herdsmen, and the Shepherds come; } 25
 And from cold Winters mast *Menalcas* fieth home.
 All were enquiring whence such Love shou'd be.

The wise *Apollo* came to visit thee,
 And said, *Gallus*, what Madnefs can possess thee so? } 30
 Thy darling Mistress will a Soldiering go,
 And follow any Fool, through Rain or Snow.

Sylvanus comes with Rustick Honours crown'd,
 Fennel and Lilies do his Brows surround;
 Here comes th' *Arcadian* God, the mighty *Pan*, } 35
 We saw besmear'd with th' Elder berries stain,
 His blushing Cheeks confess'd the Purple Grain:

There is no Medium 'twixt Extremes, says he;
 Love values nothing, but its Liberty.

So barbarous! Humane Tears can never please,
 No more than Flow'rs can saturate the Bees, } 40

Or Floods can satisfy the grassy Field,
 Or wanton Goats with verdant Brouze be fill'd.

Sighing, he cries, O ye *Arcadians*! hear:
 Sing on your pleasant Hills, for you are happy there;

Grief

Grief by your Songs, blest Swains, is best exprest ; 45
 And here my Bones may take their peaceful rest.
 When on your slender Reeds you sweetly move,
 As formerly, the Passions of my Love.
 I wish like some of you I had been bred,
 To prune the Vine, or tend the fleecy Herd ; 50
 Cou'd I gain *Phyllis*'s, or *Amyntas*' Love,
 Or any other's 'equal Passion move.
 What tho' *Amyntas* have a tawny Hue,
 The Violet and Bilberry are blue.
 Under these Shades repose ; by this cool Spring 55
Phyllis shall crop me Flow'rs, and you, *Amyntas*, sing.
Lycoris, here are Meads, and there a Grove,
 Where I cou'd live with thee, and ever love ;
 A furious Passion hurried me away,
 To Arms ; and foreign Foes enforce my stay. 60
 Whilst from thy Countrey thou art far convey'd,
 I scarcely can believe thou thus hast stray'd,
 To visit the cold frozen *Rhine* alone,
 And pass the *Alpine* Snow, and cruel Rocky Stone ;
 These things without thy *Gallus* thou hast seen, 65
 Oh 'tis my hopes, they have not barb'rous been,
 That no chill Blasts have pierc'd thy tender Mould,
 Thy softer Feet nor pinch'd with nipping Cold.
 I'll go and write such moving Verse again,
 As once I did in the *Chalcidian* strain, } 70
 When on the Pipe I play'd of a *Sicilian* Swain ;

In

In Woods and savage Dens my Loss bewail,
 And to the spacious World my Suff'rings tell.
 On ev'ry Tree, my Passion to improve,
 Engrave some Token of my constant Love; 75
 Make such Impressions on the tender Rind,
 That as the Letters grow, so may our Loves extend;
 While to the tops of *Menalus* I soar,
 Or chace, among the Nymphs, the furious Boar.
 None shall prevent me when the Game's in view, 80
 I through the thickest Woods the Dogs pursue;
 There o'er high Cliffs, or echoing Vales I go,
 Or please my self to draw the *Parthian* Bow.
 As if these Dangers were the cure for Love,
 Or that the cruel God wou'd gentler prove; 85
 Nor Wood-Nymphs now, nor can our Verses please,
 Nor the once soft refreshing Shades give ease.
 Our former Labours cannot change his Mind,
 Was he expos'd to *Boreas*' bleakest Wind;
 Travell'd o'er Hills, whence coldest Frosts do blow, 90
 Drank the chill Ice, or lay in *Scythian* Snow.
 Nor wou'd he alter, shou'd he dying see
 The juicy Grape, parch'd, on the spreading Tree.
 Shou'd we to Southern Climes our Flocks remove;
 Love conquers all things, and we yield to Love. 95
 Thus much the Poet thought to sing of Love,
 Whilst he was set, and Ofier Baskets wove:
 Ye sacred Muses, make this Song divine;
 For *Gallus*' sake let ev'ry Accent shine.

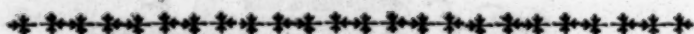
His am'rous Flame spread ev'ry Hour as far 100
 As the green Alders shoot each each vernal Year.
 Let's rise, the Shade's too dark, it hurts the Eyes;
 Juniper Shades our tender Fruit destroys.
 Go home, my Goats; my well-fed Kids be gone;
 The Evening Shades advance, and Night draws on. 105



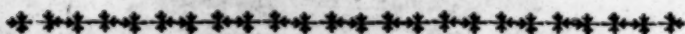
VIRGIL's



VIRGIL'S GEORGICS.



BOOK. I.



The CONTENTS.

This Book begins with the Epitome or Subject Matter of the Four Georgics. Next follows the Invocation of the Rural Gods, to whom the Poet joins Augustus Cæsar; a new kind of Flattery in those Days, which Lucan in his Pharsalia, and Statius in his Thebais did since that time abuse with more Immodesty in Praise of Nero and Domitian.

The Book it self contains Six Parts; The First treats of the different Ways of Labouring and Improving the Ground, according to the Nature of the Soil.

The Second, of the Rise and Original of Agriculture and Tillage.

The

The Third describes the Instruments of Tillage.

The Fourth contains the proper Seasons for Labouring, and other Rural Works.

The Fifth gives an exact Account of the Prognosticks of the Weather, both from Natural Observations and from Astronomy.

The Sixth describes and relates the Prodigies that foreran, or followed Julius Cæsar's Death.

To all which the Poet adds (by way of Conclusion) a Prayer for the Safety of Augustus Cæsar, and the Prosperity of the Roman Empire.



IELDS to improve, and when to till the
Ground;

How creeping Vines to lofty Elms are
bound;

To breed great Cattel, and the Bleat-
ing kind;

What Art or Nature hath for Bees design'd :

My Muse, *Mæneas*, now begins to sing.

5

Fountains of Light, from whom the Seasons spring,

Bacchus and *Ceres*, since your Pow'r Divine,

' For Acorns gave us Corn, for Water Wine.

I sing your Gifts, ye *Dryads* of the Plain,

' Ye *Fauns*, propitious to the lab'ring Swain,

} 10

Favour my Lays : Great *Neptune* of the Main,

Who by thy mighty Pow'r, and Trident's Force

Did'st raise on *Athens'* Shore the warlike Horse

Thou Guardian of the Woods, and Sylvan Toil;

Whose milky Doves crop *Cæa's* fertile Isle :

15

F

If

If *Manalus* and *Tegen* be thy Care,
 Great *Pan*, leave *Lycaan* Groves, and to my Aid repair.
Minerva, (for to thee we Olives owe)
Osiris, who invented'st first the Plough;
Sylvanus, who mak'st *Cypress* Trees to grow :
 Ye Rural Gods, who guard the teeming Earth,
 And who by nursing Show'rs the new-form'd Grain bring
 forth.

Cesar, since thou with Fate and Pow'rs above,
 Conceal'st the Sphere thy Deity shall move :
 Wilt thou to Cities or to Thrones give Law ?
 Or Corn, and Corn-producing Seasons awe ?
 With Myrtle crown'd to *Thule* o'er the Main,
 With *Thetis* Rule, and over Sea-men reign ?
 Wilt thou, a heavenly Sign, the Zodiack grace,
 Betwixt *Erigone* and *Scorpion's* place ?
 Who now to straiter Bounds his Claws confines,
 And more than half of all his Heav'n resigns.
 What God above thou art design'd to be,
 (For Hell dares never hope a King like Thee,
 Nor thy great Soul with such a Throne agree)
 Tho' dreaming *Greeks* *Elysian* Fields admire,
 And *Trivia* flights her Mother's kind Desire.
 Prosper my bold Attempt, and ease my Pains,
 Pity both me and the laborious Swains :
 Conduct us safe through this unbeaten Way,
 And use your self to hear us when we pray.

The Spring returning, when the Snowy Hills
 Unveil their Tops, and swell the gentle Rills ;
 When Western Winds dissolve the mellow Soil,
 My well-fed Bullocks, then begin your Toil ; 45
 Then to the Yoke your brawny Shoulders yield ;
 Then let the shining Plough-shares cleave the Field.
 Of Winter-Grain, that's sown in fallow Mould,
 Twice warm'd by Summer, and twice nipt by Cold, }
 Your Granaries will scarce the Product hold. } 50

But e'er you untry'd Grounds begin to plough,
 The reigning Winds and Climates Temper know ;
 Find out the Nature of the Mould with Care,
 And what is proper for each Soil to bear.
 This Corn produces ; there, rich Wines abound ; 55
 Here, Fruit-Trees laden Branches hide the Ground ;
 Without manuring, there, kind Nature yields
 Luxuriant Pastures, and the grassy Fields.
 On *Tmolus*' Hill you see the Saffron grow,
 And Ivory where *Indus*' Streams o'erflow ; 60
Sabaan Shrubs weep Incense, Balsam, Gums ;
 The Martial Steel from *Chalybs*' River comes ;
 The Beaver-Stones on *Pontus*' Shores are found ;
Olympick Mares feed on *Epirus*' Ground.
 To ev'ry Land great Nature hath assign'd 65
 A certain Lot, which Laws eternal bind :
 E'er-since *Deucalion* through the empty Space
 Threw Stones, and rais'd Mankind's obdurate Race.

Rich Grounds plough strongly when the Year's begun,
Expose the Clods to dry with Summer's Sun ; 70

In Autumn slightly till your barren Land ;
Lest choaking Weeds the springing Seed command,
Or nursing Sap forsake th' unfruitful Sand. }

By Intervals your Grounds forbear to sow,
That so the Mould by Rest may harder grow : 75

Or change your Seed, and for each Crop of Wheat,
A Crop of Vetches, Pease, or Beans repeat.

Flax, Oats, and Poppys burn the tender Soil,
Yet, sown by turns, they'll recompence your Toil.

As Rest, and Change of Seed Advantage yield, 80

Throw Dung and Ashes on your hungry Field,
From burning of the Soil great Profit's found,
When crackling Stubble flames through barren Ground.

The Earth from thence, by Nature's secret Laws,
Some strengthning Nourishment or Virtue draws ; 85

Or, purg'd by Fire, which hurtful Moisture drains,

Or for the fruitful Sap unlocks her Veins :

Or, if too wide, by raging Flames confin'd,

Resists *Apollo's* Beams, and blasting Wind.

He, who with Rakes and Harrows breaks the Clods, 90
Is blest by *Ceres* and the Rural Gods :

Who, with a constant and unwearied Hand,
Manures the furrow'd Ground, then smooths the Land, }
Shall, Monarch-like, the stubborn Soil command. }

To Pow'rs Divine, ye Plough-men, make your Prayers,
That Summers moist, that Winters may be fair : 96

For

For dusty Winters chear the teeming Earth,
Which Loads, instead of Crops of Wheat, brings forth.
Such kindly Seasons are to *Mysia* giv'n,

Thus *Gargarus*' Fields are blest by bounteous Heav'n. 100

Shall I next sing the Swain, (the Seed once sown)
Who breaks infertile Clods; and then lets down
The gentle Streams, or from a Hillock's Brow,
In burning Heats, makes rapid Torrents flow;
That through the Pebbles roll with murm'ring sound, 105
The Corn refresh, and cool the thirsty Ground?

Or sing of him, who, when the Furrow's Height
The Corn has reach'd, lest bounteous Nature's Weight
O'ercharge the Root, with careful Hand off tears,
And in the Blade crops the luxuriant Ears? 110

Or here relate the Plough-man's Toil and Pains,
Who from his stagnate Ground the Moisture drains
In Spring and Harvest, when the swelling Floods
With muddy Slime o'erflow the tepid Clods?
While Men and Cattel thus bestow their Pains, 115
The bitter Endive's Shade, *Strymonian* Cranes,
And rav'nous Geese are hurtful to the Grains.

'Twas *Jove*, who Tillage first uneasy made,
And turn'd the Gift of Nature to a Trade:
He mortal Breasts provok'd to Cate and Pain, 120
And banish'd Sloth from his more active Reign.
Before his time the Ground no Plough-men till'd;
The Land no Masters knew, nor Bounds the Field;

For all lay common ; And the lib'ral Earth,
 Solicited by none, for all brought forth. 125
 He Serpents arm'd with Stings, taught Wolves to prey,
 And with loud Tempests storm'd the quiet Sea.
 Honey, which drop'd before from Leaves of Trees,
 He hid in Flow'rs ; new Labour for the Bees.
 He harmless Fire to flinty Rocks assign'd, 130
 And Streams of Wine to cluster'd Grapes confia'd.
 Arts to invent, enur'd Mankind to Toil,
 To earn their Living from the stubborn Soil.
 Then Boats of hollow Trees depress'd the Streams ;
 The Stars the Sea-men number'd, gave them Names ; 135
 These which compose the *Bull*, and which the *Bear*.
 Men then invented, for small Beasts, the Snare :
 Hounds, for the nobler Game the Woods beset,
 With Birdlime caught the Eowl ; for Fish the Net }
 In Pools they threw, or in the Ocean wet. 140
 Men then found out the use of murd'ring Steel,
 And Oaks the rugged Saw for Wedges feel.
 Thus useful Arts invented were of old,
 And Want and Labour made Invention bold.
 When to Mankind *Dodona* Aid deny'd, 145
 Nor Fruit, nor Acorns for their Food supply'd ;
 Then bounteous *Ceres* Mortals Tillage taught,
 That heavenly Blessing Curse and Labour brought..
 For Mildews blast the Stalks, and rot the Seeds,
 The Land's oppress'd with Thistles, Burrs, and
 Weeds ; 150

Thick

BOOK I. GEORGICS.

55

Thick Briars, Brambles, choak the rising Grain,
And o'er the Fields wild Oats and Darnel reign.
With Rakes and Harrows *Ceres'* Foes pursue,
Implore the Gods for Rain and kindly Dew ;
And sound away the Birds who Corn invade ; 155
With Pruning-hooks lop off the leafy Shade,
Or you in vain your Neighbour's Wealth shall mourn,
And for your former Food to Oaks return.

Next sturdy Plough-mens. needful Tools I show,
For without these they neither reap nor sow. 160
And first of all, the Plough's unweildy Load,
Next *Ceres'* Wains, which slowly beat the Road,
Flails, Sleds, and Hurdies by King *Celeus* found,
And Harrows, dragg'd with Toil thro' labour'd Ground,
With *Bacchus'* mystick Vans : All these prepare 165
In time, wou'd you the rural Glories share.
Young Elms with skilful Force in Copses bow,
To form the Handles which must guide the Plough :
The Beam of eight Foot long to these is join'd,
The Head, the massy Sock, and Mould-board bind : 170
Plough-tails which turn the Wheels of Beech, the Yoke
Of Lime, and both are try'd by Fire and Smoke.
Most of the Ancients Rules I could declare,
But that you shun these meaner Cares to hear,

Your thrashing-Floor delve, mix with Clay, and
beat 175

With Rollers smooth, lest, parch'd by Summers heat,

It chap and cleave, or noisom Weeds arise :
 For Crouds of Foes invade the Plough-man's Joys.
 There Field-mice keep their Stores, and there the Mole
 (Condemn'd to Darknefs) blindly works her Hole. 180
 Such Earth-born Vermin ev'ry where are found ;
 The Toads in little Caverns taint the Ground ;
 The Corn-devouring Weasels here reside,
 And Ants foreseeing Age, for Want provide.

Consider well the Almonds in the Wood ; 185
 If Buds and fragrant Flow'rs the Branches load,
 Your Seed that Summer yields a mighty Crop ;
 But if superfluous Leaves the Boughs o'ertop,
 That Year your Thrashing-floor you beat in vain,
 Nor ought but Chaff and Straw expect for Grain. 190

Many, I see, to aid the tardy Soil,
 Their Seed with Nitre mix, and Lees of Oyl, }
 To fill the Husks deceive the Lab'ers Toil :
 When nicely pick'd, they next expose to heat
 At gentle Fires the hurtful Sap to sweat ; 195
 Yet that degenerates, unless with Care
 You cull the fairest Seed for ev'ry Year.

Thus cruel Fate on all things here below
 Imprints Decay, and all must backwards go.
 To stem a Tide thus eager Sea-men strive, } 200
 Yet if they slack their Hands, there's no Retrieve,
 But down the Stream with Violence they drive.

Besides

Besides, the Ploughman I no less advise,
 To mark the days, the *Kids* and *Dragon* rise,
 And when *Arcturus* shines in Northern Skies ; } 205
 Than those who homewards make their foaming way,
 Through *Hellepontus*' Oyster-breeding Sea.

When *Libra* holds the Beam of equal height,
 Weighs Shades with Day, and Darkness with the Light ;
 Then till your Grounds, and Winter Barley sow, 210
 Till cold December's blust'ring Tempests blow :
 Poppy and Linseed, when the Glebe is dry,
 Be sure to sow, and watch an Iron Sky.

Sow Beans and Cinque-foil in a mellow Soil,
 And Millet, springing from your annual Toil ; 215
 Then when the *Bull* unlocks the op'ning Year,
 When backward *Argo*'s Star forsakes the Sphere.
 If you design a mighty Crop of Wheat,
 First in the West let fairest *Maia* set ;
 With rising *Phaebus* let her Sisters hide, 220
 And the bright *Crown* adorn great *Bacchus*' Bride.
 The Harvest ended, sow and trust your Hope
 To ling'ring Clods, for the succeeding Crop.
 Who sow before the *Pleiades* go down,
 Shall see to Chaff their Expectation blown. 225
 But wou'd you Fasel and poor Vetches sow,
 Or wou'd you have *Egyptian* Lentils grow ;
 Begin when fair *Callisto* downward bends,
 And so continue till Mid-winter ends.

The

The Sun the World by equal shares maintains, 230
 And through twelve Signs, inshrin'd with Glory, reigns.
 The Heav'ns five Zones divide, the midmost burns
 With glowing Heat, while scorching *Phæbus* turns :
 On either Hand the two Extremes bend low,
 Congeal'd with Ice, and never-melting Snow ; 235
 From bounds of chilling Cold to fiery Heat,
 The Gods have for poor Mortals fixt a Seat ;
 The Zodiack, cross these two, in Oblique Line,
 Where twelve Celestial Signs, incircled, shine.
 Two Poles the Globe turns round ; this seen to rise 240
 O'er *Scythian* Hills, and that in *Africk* Skies ;
 This shines o'er head to those in *Europe* dwell,
 That to th' Antipodes and shades of Hell :
 Round this the *Dragon's* spiral Volumes glide,
 Which River-like the *Northern Bears* divide, } 245
 Who dread their Bodies in the Waves to hide :
 Round that, uninterrupted Night sustains
 Her gloomy Empire, and in Silence reigns ;
 Or when *Aurora* from our Heaven declines,
 Thither she flies, and in full Splendour shines : 250
 So when her Couriers breathe our Morning Rays,
 There *Hesperus'* pale Fires shut up the Days.

From hence we may uncertain Seasons know,
 Both when to reap the Grain, and when to sow ;
 When we may trust the raging of the Sea ; 255
 When well-arm'd Navies may their Sails display :

The

The proper time to fell and tumble down
Tall Pines, which shade the lofty Mountains Crown.
Observe the Planets and the Stars with care,
Both when they rise, and when they disappear: 260
Mark how the Seasons in their turns succeed,
Which in four Parts the circling Year divide.

By Winter kept at Home, the Swains prepare
To save their Labour, when the Days grow fair:
He Plough-shares grinds; he hollows Troughs, and
Barles; 265

His Sacks he numbers, and his Cattle marks:
This Hedge-stakes makes, this Forks, this ties the
Vines,

And this for Baskets bending Willows twines.
Now dry your Wheat, and now with Marble grind.
Nor are the Swains on Holy-days confin'd 270
From all their Toils, Law and Religion yield
Your Grounds to water, and to fence your Field;
To set the Snares for Birds, or Brambles fire;
To wash your Sheep, if so their Health require:
To drive your As to Town with Fruit and Oil; 275
Whence Pitch, and Hand-mills load him Home with
Toil.

For Work and Labour ev'ry changing Moon
Gives lucky Days; the fifth be sure to shun:
It gave to *Pluto* and the Furies birth,
On it *Typhæus*, born of teeming Earth,
Japetus and *Cæus* were brought forth,

} 280

And

And *Titan's* cruel Race, so bold to dare,
 T' invade the Skies, and 'gainst the Gods make War.
Ossa by them on *Pelion* thrice was thrown ;
Olympus thrice did lofty *Ossa* crown ;
Jove thrice with Thunder struck the Mountains
 down.

} 285

Next to the tenth, the sev'nth to plant the Vine
 Is lucky, then unbroken Bullocks join ;
 ' Then Weavers stretch your Stays upon the West :
 ' The ninth for trav'ling's good, and ill for Theft. 290
 ' Some Works by cool of Night are better done,
 ' Or when the Dew prevents the rising Sun.
 ' Parch'd Meadows, and dry Stubble, mow by Night ;
 Then moisture reigns, which flies *Apollo's* Light.
 Some watch, and Torches sharp with cleaving Knives,
 Till late by Winter Fires ; their careful Wives 296
 To ease their Labour, glad the homely Rooms
 With chearful Notes, while weaving on their Looms ;
 Or they in Kettles boil new Wine, and skim
 The Dregs with Leaves, when they o'erflow the Brim.
 But reap your yellow Grain in glowing Heat, 301
 And on your Floor with scorching *Phabus* beat.
 When Days are clear then naked till, and sow,
 In lazy Winter Lab'ers lazy grow ;
 For that's a jovial Time, when jolly Swains 305
 Meet, and in Feasting waste their Summer's Gains.
 ' As Seamen come to Port from stormy Seas,
 ' First crown their Vessels, then indulge their ease.

Yet that's the time to gather in the Wood,
Berries of Bays, or Myrtles stain'd with Blood;
Olives or Acorns, your Fore-fathers Food. } 310

Set Gins for Cranes, with Toils the Stags inclose;
Then hunt the Hare, with Slings pursue the Does:
Then, when the Fields are cover'd o'er with Snow,
And Icy Crusts on rapid Rivers grow. } 315

Shall I Autumnal Stars and Signs relate,
When Days grow shorter and the Heats abate?
Or shall I here instruct the lab'ring Swain
How to foresee what Storms in Harvest reign?
Or when their Show'rs the springing Seasons end,
And standing Corn, like waving Surges, bend, } 320
And Ears of Wheat their Husks with Milk distend?

Oft have I seen the Farmer to the Field
His Reapers lead, while they crook'd Sickles wield,
And grasp the brittle Stalks; with dreadful sound } 325
The jarring Winds range the whole Compass round
And by the Roots the Stem tear from the Ground:

While Eddy-winds with tow'ring whirlings bear
Aloft the lighter Straw through troubled Air.
Then a prodigious plump of shoreless Floods } 330
Breaks from the Sky, and bursts high gather'd Clouds.

The Heav'n descends, and deluges the Plain,
And renders all the Bullock's Labour vain, }
The unreap'd Seed is bury'd once again.

Torrents and Rivers swell with hideous Roars; } 335
The boiling Ocean beats the trembling Shores.

Amidst the gloomy Horror, *Jove*, from high,
 His Lightning flings through the tempestuous Sky ;
 And shakes the mighty Globe, while Man and Beast
 Fly, or fall down, with sudden Fears oppress : 340

'Gainst *Rhodope* he flaming Thunder throws,
Ceraunia's struck, and steep Mount *Athos* glows :

The Storms roar louder still ; the Forests round,
 And neighb'ring Shores repeat the dismal sound.

If this you fear, observe the Monthly Signs, 345
 And Planets Aspects, when their Virtue shines,
 Join'd in direct, oppos'd in oblique, Lines. }

See to what House cold *Saturn's* Beams repair,
 Or where *Cyllenius* points his erring Star :

But first of all, Immortal Pow'rs adore, 350
 With annual Rites great *Ceres* Aid implore,
 With joy her Altars on the Grass restore. }

When grizly Winter with his Storms is gone,
 And Spring returns with the returning Sun ;

When Lambs are fat, then *Bacchus* crowns the Bowl, 355

When Trees shade Hills, then Sleep relieves the Soul :

Then you and all your Village Neighbours join,

And offer Honey, mixt with Milk and Wine,

To *Ceres'* Name ; in solemn Pomp lead thrice

Around the Fields the destin'd Sacrifice. 360

With all your Rural Train in Chorus sing,

And to your Homes with Vows the Goddess bring :

Nor is it lawful to unload the Ground,
 Till you perform those Rites with joyful sound,
 And, dancing, sing her Praise, with oaken Gar- }
 lands crown'd. 365

Yet that you may by sure Remarks foresee,
 Hear, Rain, and blust'ring Wind; by Jove's Decree,
 The monthly Circlings of the Moon foretew,
 The Signs forerun when Winds desist to blow:
 And if the prudent Farmer heed this Law, 370
 He will his Cattel near his Stables draw.

But, e'er the Winds extend their threat'ning Voice,
 From lofty Mountains comes a rushing Noise:
 The Ocean works, and swells, and beats the Shore,
 From far the Forests send a murm'ring roar. 375

Then Ships can scarcely live in rolling Waves,
 Soon as the Ducker distant Billows leaves,
 And stretches to the Land with piercing Cry,
 When to the Sandy-shore the Fen-Ducks ply:
 Or when the Hern her fenny Marsh forsakes, 380
 And through the Clouds her airy Journey takes.

Oft you shall see before great Winds arise,
 What we call falling Stars shoot through the Skies,
 Leaving behind a gleam of trailing Light,
 Through gloomy Air, and humid Shades of Night: 385
 Dry Leaves and Straws whisk through the Air by Day,
 And on the Water Feathers swim and play.
 If Thunder from fierce Boreas' Empire sound,
 Then all the Villages and Fields are drown'd.

If when two Winds from sev'ral Coasts contest, 390
 At once it thunder both from East and West,
 The Mariners at Sea hand in their Sails :
 Rain unawares no Mortal e'er assails.
 The Cranes from Fens and Vallies see it rise,
 And cut their airy Flight through liquid Skies. 395
 Bullocks turn up their Noses in the Air,
 And snuff, and smell it coming from afar :
 Circling the Ponds and Lakes, shrill Swifts you view,
 Frogs croak in Mud, and their old Complaints renew.
 The Ants through narrow Paths their Eggs convey, 400
 And at both ends the Rainbow drinks the Sea.
 The Rav'ns from feeding in great Flocks appear,
 And croak with noisy flutt'ings through the Air.
 Most Water-Fowl, but above all the rest,
 The Swans, who build in *Asia's* Lake their Nest ; 405
 Who Worms and Insects pick, and seek their Food
 In flow'ry Meadows, near *Cayster's* Flood ;
 With sable Oars then cut the Silver Wave,
 Their snowy Backs their rustling Pennons lave :
 Now to the Stream they throw their arched Crests, 410
 Then plough the Billows with their downy Breasts ;
 And now they dive, now clap their Wings, in vain
 They wash their Plumes, still pure, still free from
 Stain ;
 But still they bathe, and that's a sign of Rain.
 The sullen Rook steps on dry Sand alone, 415
 And bawls for Rain in a hoarse-sounding Tone.

Maids

Maids Rain foresee, who work their nightly Lots,
From sparkling Lamps, and Smoke, congeal'd to Knots.

As these of Rain, so, Rain once past, appear
Sure signs of Sun-shine, and of settled Fair : 420

' The Stars then shine with smarter Fires by Night,

And rising *Phæbe* shews so flaming bright,

As not depending on her Brother's Light. }

No streaming Clouds in thin extended streaks

Fly through the airy Sky like woolly Fleaks ; 423

Nor *Thetis'* Halcyons bask upon the Sand,

Nor to the Sun their glitt'ring Wings expand,

The Hog forgets to shred, and rots about

Bundles of Straw with his pollurd Snout.

The Rack flies lower, and the Clouds descend, 426

And o'er the grassy Plains and Vales impend.

The shrieking Owl on lofty Roofs alone,

With silence views *Apollo's* Beams go down :

Nisus appears aloft, in open Air,

Poor *Scylla* dearly pays his fatal Hair ; 433

Where-e'er to shun her mortal Foe she flies,

Nisus pursues her, whizzing through the Skies :

Where-e'er he cuts his way through fleeting Air,

She flies him still, her Haft's inspir'd by Fear.

The Rooks on Trees, with strain'd and croaking Throats

Redouble oft their shrill resounding Notes : 441

Struck with unusual Joy, the Rain now past,

They chatter through the Boughs, and then in haste }

Review their callow Young, and pleasing Nest. }

Not that I think their Breasts from Heav'n are fir'd, 445
Or with fore-sight above their Fate inspir'd.

But when the Temper of the Elements,
By moist'ning Winds, to moist from dry relents ;
That turn of Nature has the Influence,
Thick to dissolve, and can what's thin condense: 450
This frequent change, all that has Life inspires
With other Motions, and with new Desires,
Than when the Air was rent with Storms and Fires. }
From hence these Concords, Bird with Bird agrees,
Sheep sport in Fields, and Rooks who perch on Trees.

Observe th' all-liv'ning Sun, who in a Year 456
His Circle runs around the starry Sphere :
The Moon in ev'ry Month performs the same,
With Motions fitted to his brighter Flame :
To Morrows Dawn will never cause your fear, 460
Or Night deceive you when Stars twinkle clear :
When *Phæbe* first new-borrow'd Light receives,
And in her Orb her Brother's Coursers leaves ;
If she in gloomy Air dull Horns display,
It surely rains both on the Land and Sea : 465
But if a glowing Red o'erspread her Face,
Then Winds prepare their Coursers for the Race :
That Virgin Goddess is to blush inclin'd,
Before the rising of tempestuous Wind.

If, the fourth Night, a clear and silver Face, 470
And pointed Horns the changing Goddess grace,

Next

Next Day, and all its Race shall calmly shine,
Till she again *Apollo's* Orb conjoin.

This is the surest Rule, heed well this Day,

Ye Sea-men, and to *Panopæa* pay

And *Glancus*, Vows, for Dangers 'scap'd at Sea.

} 475

The Sun declares the Temper of the Air,
Both when he sets, and when his Beams appear ;
For Signs infallible attend his way,

From Orient Floods to *Thetis'* Western Sea.

480

If, when he rises from the Eastern Main,

Dull cloudy Spots his glorious Face distain ;

Or yet behind a dark'ning Cloud retire,

Obscuring half of his incircl'd Fire ;

Then from the Billows South-winds, driving Rain, 485

Arise, to ruin Cattel, Trees and Grain.

If thicker Clouds resist his lab'ring Beams,

That faintly make their way in struggling Gleams :

If, leaving *Titbon's* Bed, the rose Morn

With paler Rays her fainting Looks adorn ;

490

Alas ! that Day, how shall Vine Leaves defend

The cluster'd Grapes, which nursing Branches bend

When Storms of Hail on Towns their Fury spend ?

} 495

But it concerns thee more to view the Sun,

When he his Course has round *Olympus* run ;

495

For oft his glorious Visage changes Hue ;

It Rain denotes, if it inclines to blue :

And Wind foretels, if of a fiery red :

If dusky Spots with glowing Streaks o'er spread

His

His radiant Locks, such dismal Signs declare, 500

• Wind, Rain and Tempest, elemental War.

For Sea, that threat'ning Night, no earthly Pow'r
Shall tempt to haul my Cables from the Shore.

But if th' all-cheering God shine native bright,
Bringing the Day, and yielding Heav'n to Night,
The Thoughts of Storms in vain your Mind affright. }

Fair *Boreas* from his frozen Climes shall fly,

And fan the Groves, and breathe an azure Sky.

Besides, the Sun shall *Hesperus* direct,

And shew what from his Pow'r you may expect. 510

The South-wind always blows a rainy Sky ;

From other Corners dryer Vapours fly : }

“ And who dares give the Source of Light the Lie ? }

Besides all these, The Sun oft-times declares,

Murders, Seditions, Tumults, Treasons, Wars. 515

He, pitying *Rome*, when mighty *Cæsar*'s Blood }

By cruel Hands was shed, within a Cloud }

Of ir'n Hue did all his Splendour shrowd.

Hid from ungrateful Men his heav'nly Light ;

• That impious Age fear'd an eternal Night : 520

His Wounds ev'n hurt the Sea, made Nature bleed,

Dogs, and ill-boding Birds foretold the direful Deed :

How oft from *Ætna*'s thund'ring Caverns came

Vast Globes of Fire and subterranean Flame !

From its sulphureous Entrails Torrents soar 525

Of melted Rock, and make the Clouds their Shore.

Round

Round *German* Air the clanking Sound of Arms,
Their stubborn Hearts with ghastly Fears alarms.
The frozen *Alps* a dreadful Earthquake shook,
In Groves loud Cries the sacred Silence broke. 530

Pale Ghosts and Spectres with surprizing Fright
Were seen to stalk through gloomy shades of Night ;
What's more prodigious, Beasts, like Men, brought forth
A human Voice : then yawn'd the gaping Earth ;
The Rivers stop'd : the Statues of the Gods 535

(Of Ivory) for Grief wept briny Floods ;
Cold Sweat in drops from holy Altars fell :
Above his Banks *Po's* raging Waters swell ;
He o'er the Fields with boundless Fury stray'd,
And Flocks and Houses to the Seas convey'd ; 540
In ev'ry Victim some Portent appear'd ;
Blood sprang in Wells, by Night fierce Wolves were
heard

Howling in Towns : Almighty *Jove* from high
Ne'er threw such Lightnings through an azure Sky.
Such Thunder ne'er was heard, nor ever seen 545
So many and such dreadful Comets shine :
Then curst *Philip's* Fields saw once again
Pile against Pile, by *Romans Romans* slain :
For to the Pow'rs immortal it seem'd just,
That *Roman* Blood should twice stain the *Pharſalian*
Dust. 550

The time shall come when the laborious Swain,
Shall plough up rusty Darts in *Flamus' Plain* ;

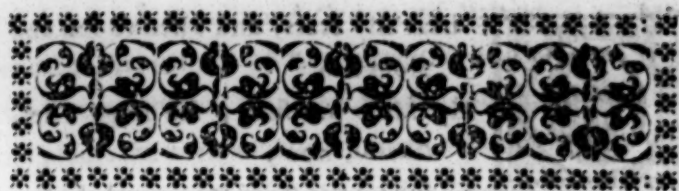
And

And when void Casques are by his Harrow rais'd,
 To view Gigantick Bones shall stand amaz'd.
 Ye *Roman* Gods, who once were mortal, hear; 555
 Great Mother *Vesta*, to our Pray'rs give Ear;
 You who defend the *Roman* State and Tow'rs,
 You who protect *Etruscan* *Tyber's* Shores;
 Desist in Pity, nor your Pow'r engage
 To hinder *Caesar's* Succour to the Age; 560
 Too oft, alas! have *Romans* been undone
 For Perjury of false *Laomedon*.

Caesar, the Gods thy Absence long complain,
 And envy Mortals thy triumphant Reign;
 Since Force and Treason, Just and Right confound, 565
 Since o'er the Globe, Blood, War and Rapin sound,
 And Villany in all its Shapes is crown'd;
 Now furly Ploughmen *Ceres's* Garland scorn;
 For Wreaths of Laurel must their Brows adorn:
 They crook'd Scythes to killing Fanchions turn, 570
Euphrates and the *Rhine* with martial Ardour burn;
 And neighb'ring Cities war, all Treaties broke,
 The God of War triumphs in Blood and Smoke:
 Thus in the Lifts four fiery Steeds appear,
 And spring with Fury through the vast career, 575
 • Forcing along th' unwilling Charioteer:
 In vain he pulls, they scour the dusty Plain,
 They know no check, nor hear the curbing Rein.

The End of the First Book.

V I R-



VIRGIL's GEORGICS.

B O O K II.

The CONTENTS.

This second Book treats of Planting : Wherein the Poet teaches the various Ways of raising Trees ; their different Species, and how to manage 'em ; in what Soil they will thrive best ; and by the way, makes a Digression in praise of Italy. Then he again resumes the Discourse, and directs how to chuse the fittest Ground ; to dress Vines, Olives and other Trees. And concludes with the Happiness of a Countrey-Life.

OF



F heav'nly Stars, and when to sow and
plough

My Muse has sung, she sings Thee,
Bacchus, now;

And with the Fruit-Trees and the Fo-
rests joins

The tardy Olives to thy chearing Vines :

O thou, whose Bounty makes our Fields abound, } 5
For thee the Seasons smile, our teeming Ground }
And foamy Vessels with thy Gifts are crown'd. }

Great *Liber*, come, and lay thy Buskins by,
With me thy Thighs in bleeding Clusters dye

Kind Nature Trees by sev'ral Means supplies, 10
Spontaneous some, as her free Gift, arise :

Thus humble Broom our Lawns and Pastures hides ;

Thus Poplars spring by winding Rivers sides :

Thus gentle Osiers through the Meadows grow,

And woolly Sallows where calm Currents flow. 15

Some Trees by Seed their Kind produce ; thus rise
The lofty Chesnuts neighb'ring on the Skies ;

With *Jove's* great Beech, the Sov'reign of the Wood ;

Thus Oak, which *Greeks* have worship'd as a God.

In some an Infant Grove springs from their Roots, 20

Thus Elms and Cherries teem their tender shoots ;

And thus the Bays adorn *Apollo's* Head,

Rise under Cover of their Mother's Shade :

These

These three are Nature's Ways of raising Trees,
 Which grow in Woods and Groves of Deities. 23
 Yet other Means are by Experience found;
 This Trees produces from the Mothers Wound, }
 And plants the torn-off Slips in furrow'd Ground. }
 Some fibrous Stocks with Mould in Furrows hide,
 Some Standils at one end in four divide; 30
 Or, Stake-like sharp, some Arch-wise Branches bend;
 In native Soil, which grow at either end:
 Some without Root will grow, nor need you care
 If Top or Root-end blossom through the Air.
 What now I sing will scarcely Credit find, 35
 Dry Olive Sticks will multiply their Kind,
 And tender Fibres shoot; nay, oft we see
 One Kind transform'd into another Tree;
 Thus by Incision Pears to Apples turn
 And ruddy Plumbs by stony Cornels born. 40

Ye Countrey Swains, with Care apply your Minds
 To search the Culture of the different Kinds.
 Wild Fruits your Care must conquer and your Toil,
 Left you possess a lazy barren Soil.
 The hilly Grounds for Vines are always best, 45
 Thus *Thracian Ismarus* by *Liber's* blest.
 For Oyl the lofty Mountains best are known,
 Thus Groves of Olives great *Taburnus* crown.

O now, *Mecenas*, come, whose glorious Name
 Inspires my Muse, to whom she owes her Fame. 50

O share the mighty Toil I have begun,
 And fill my Sails while through vast Seas I run ;
 To compass all exceeds my daring Verse ;
 Nor could an hundred Mouths the boundless Theme re-
 hearse.

Had I an hundred Tongues they all would tire ; 55
 Did brazen Lungs my panting Breast inspire.
 Be present while I launch into the Deep,
 Tho' fearing Tempests, by the Shore I keep :
 Nor shall poetick Fables thee detain,
 Nor tedious Preludes spend thy time in vain. 60

Spontaneous Trees, which cleave the ambient Air,
 Tho' not so fruitful, yet are larger far ;
 By much the strongest of the shaded Field ;
 Nature's their Nurse, to which the Soil must yield.
 Yet these ingraft, or in dung'd Trenches plant, 65
 By Art they'll gain what they by Nature want ;
 Or they will change their Nature with the Soil,
 And soon obey the skilful Gard'ners Toil.
 To the same Law the tender Saplings yield,
 When lopp'd and planted in an open Field ; 70
 Their Mother's Branches over-top them still,
 Make barren growing, or when fruitful kill.

All Trees which spring from Seed more slowly grow,
 They may your Grand-child shade, but never you ;
 And such degen'rate, still their Fruits decay, 75
 Wild Grapes such Vines produce for Birds of Prey :

To guard their Savour Toil's the only Fence,
Such must be conquer'd by a vast Expence.

Olives from naked Stems, and Vines arise
From Slips, or from a Branch which arch-wise lies: 80
Fair *Venus*' Myrtles from the solid Root,
Herculean Poplars from young Scions shoot.

Thus *Jove*'s great Oaks *Dodona*'s Forests bear,
Thus lofty Ash spring through the yielding Air:
Thus Palms and Haste propagate their Kind, 85
And Fir condemn'd to Rage of Waves and Wind.

Ingraft the Walnut with a Crab-tree Bough,
From spreading Planes the fairest Apples grow;
Chestnuts to Beach, and Pears to Hornbeam join,
And row'ring Oaks and Elms yield Mast to Swine. 90

T' inoculate and graft are different things:
Where through the outward Bark the Burgeon springs;
A Slit is made, then to the humid Rind
A Bud, cut from another Tree's confin'd,
By Art and Nature soon together joyn'd. 95

A clean-bark'd Stem cut o'er, then make a Cleft
Deep in the solid Wood; in this ingraft
A fruitful Slip cut from a bearing Tree,
Which with the wounded Stock shall soon agree:
And Boughs and Leaves spread to the azure Skies; 100
The Mother Trunk beholds with vast Surprise
Such Stranger-Fruit from her own Bowels rise.

Though the same Kind, yet several Sorts there be
Of Elm, Lote, Sallow, and the Cypress Tree:

And Olives too of different Shapes we find, 105
 As round, long, bitter, with a dusky Rind :
 Limons and Apples differ ; Trees which bear
 The Pearl, the Bergamot, and Warden-Pear.

And other Grapes *Italian* Vineyards yield
 Than those that grow in fam'd *Methymna's* Field : 110
 Red *Thasian* Wine, the *Alexandrian* White,
 Rich Soil the first, the last thin Grounds delight ;
 The *Pfythian* Wine from Sun-dry'd Grapes, is best :
 Hair-colour'd Wine, though gentle to the Taste }
 Will tie your Tongue and try your Legs at last. } 115
 There's early and there's Purple Wine : What Lays
 Can sing the noble *Rhatick* Vineyard's Praise ?
 Yet to *Falernum* that the Prize must yield,
 As that to Vines which grace th' *Amminean* Field,
 Most rich, most plentiful and lasting Juice : 120
 Not all the Wines the *Lydian* Hills produce,
Chios' or *Argos'* Grapes cou'd e'er compare
 With this *Campanian* Wine so excellently rare.
 Nor must I here the *Rhodian* Wines pass by,
 Which glad Libations to the Gods supply 125
 With second Course ; nor the huge swelling Grape
 Resembling Heifers Teats in Size and Shape :
 Wines are so many, that in vain my Verse
 Their various Names or Number wou'd rehearse ;
 Who thus wou'd do, might with more ease tell o'er 130
 Sands driv'n by Tempests on the *Libyan* Shore,

Or

Or count the Billows on th' *Ionian* Main
When *Eastern* Winds on foaming Billows reign.

Not ev'ry Ground can ev'ry Tree bring forth,
The mortal Yew thrives in the frozen North ; 135

Spontaneous Alders spring in fenny Ground,
And Sallows winding Rivers Banks surround :
Wild Ash the Rocks, the Shore the Myrtle hides,
And *Bacchus* blooms on sunny Hillock's Sides :

See how the restless Industry of Men 140

Subdues the Borders of Earth's utmost Ken.

The painted *Scythians* and the *Arabs* find
That bounteous Nature has to all assign'd
Trees, for each Countrey, of peculiar Kind.

}
}

Indus alone can swarthy *Eben* boast, 145

As fragrant Incense the *Sabeen* Coast :

Why need I name the sweet balsamick Oyl

Which weeps from Shrubs in *Juda's* fertile Soil ;

Or Gums and Berries by *Acanthus* born,

That sam'd and ever green *Egyptian* Thorn ; 150

Or *Ethiopian* Forests, bearing Wooll,

Or Leaves from whence the *Seres* Fleeces pull ;

With *China's* Groves were th' Earth's last bounding's set,

'Gainst which the *Indian* Waves with fury beat :

Where Trees spring up so wonderfully high, 155

No Arrows flight their lofty Tops out-fly,

Though there be Archers all Mankind defy ?

}
}

The *Median* Plains the Citron Tree produce,

A bitter Fruit of a most generous Juice,

A saving Antidote, which strait repels
The Step-Dames poison'd Cup with Herbs and
Spells,

160

And the dire Fury of the Venome quells:

A noble Tree, and like a Laurel fair;

But that its blooming Sweets perfume the Air,

It were a Laurel: No bold Winds divest

165

Its leafy Shade, or clinging Flow'rs molest;

It can restore the *Medians* tainted Breath,

And cure the Phthisick at the Gates of Death

But neither *Median* Woods, nor fertile Soil,

Nor pleasant *Ganges*, *Hermus*' Streams, which toil

170

Through Beds of Gold, nor *India*'s fragrant Lands,

Bactra, nor th' *Arabs* Incense-bearing Sands;

All cannot, though all boast of something rare,

With the just Praise of *Italy* compare.

Fire-breathing Bulls her Furrows never plough'd;

175

Nor sown with Dragon's Teeth, from whence a

Brood

Of Infant Warriours, stain'd with Brothers Blood.

Her Meads fair Cattel, Wheat o'erloads her Soil,

And ev'ry where she streams with Wine and Oyl:

Her warlike Coursers beat the sounding Earth,

180

And tread in Triumph her who gave them Birth;

Thou, gay *Clitumnus*, where thy Currents glide,

There bleating Flocks thy flow'ry Borders hide;

There snow-white Bulls, the greatest Sacrifice,

Design'd for *Jove* who rules the Deities,

185

First

First wash'd and sprinkl'd with thy sacred Flood,
 Pay for the *Roman* Triumphs with their Blood;
 Eternal Spring and Summer part her Year,
 Her Ewes lamb twice, her Trees twice Blossoms bear:
 No spotted Tigers in her Forests stray, } 190
 Nor roaring Lions on her Cattel prey,
 Nor pois'nous Herbs the Gath'ers Hand betray: }
 No noisome Serpents, with collected Tail,
 Wreathe on the Ground, or spiral Volumes trail.
 To Works of Nature join the Works of Man, } 195
 To shew, by Art improv'd, what Nature can;
 Those stately Towns from marble Quarries torn,
 Whose ancient Ramparts Crystal Streams adorn.
 Or shall my Muse the *Adrians* Praises shew,
 Or *Tyrrhen* Seas which round her Harbours flow? } 200
 Shall I great *Larius* or *Benacus* sing,
 Those Sea-like Lakes from whence great Rivers spring;
 Or sing the Harbour of the *Locrine* Bay;
 Whose Moles oppose the raging of the Sea?
 Which from the Waves the *Julian* Port confin'd, } 205
 When *Tyrrhen* Billows Lake *Avernus* join'd.
 These Blessings are expos'd to ev'ry Eye,
 But she has Treasures in her Entrails lie:
 Which Veins of Silver and of Copper hold,
 Her Hills are fruitful Casks of shining Gold. } 210
 She many warlike Nations has brought forth,
 She gave the *Marsians* and *Sabellians* Birth;

Ligurians, us'd to toil in Peace and War,
 And the brave *Volsicians*, arm'd with Dart and Spear.
 From her the *Decii* and *Camilli* came,
 With all the Worthies of the *Marian* Name,
 The *Scipio's* too renown'd for Martial Fame.

} 215

And last, Great *Cæsar*, Great above the rest,
 Who bears victorious Eagles through the East,
 Who all his bold Attempts with Conquest crowns,
 And lazy *Indians* drives from *Roman* Towns.

Hail Source of Men and Corn, *Sæmnanian* Soil,
 For whose dear sake I undertook this Toil;
 Eternal Lays of hid mysterious Things,
 From ancient Art and Labour's secret Springs
 My Muse, on *Hesiod's* Lyre, through *Roman* Ci-
 ties sings.

} 225

I next the Nature of the Grounds declare
 Their Colour, Strength, and what each Mould can bear:
 First barren Hillocks mixt with chilling Clay,
 Where Briars and Thorns their hateful Shade display;
Minerva's Groves will thrive in such a Ground,
 Since there wild Olives of themselves abound:
 That Soil is rich where genial Moisture reigns,
 Which with a grassy Fleece adorns our Plains;
 As oft we see to Vales, pent round with Hills,
 From rocky Mountains fall the purling Rill's,
 And roll fat Slime, which all the Valleys fills.
 Fields rising to the South where Ferns abound,
 A constant Plague to those who till the Ground:

230

235

240

From

From such a Soil one Day expect to grow
Vineyards, shall make your foaming Presses flow.
Whole Floods of Wine from bursting Grapes shall fall,
Such as we pour from Gold at *Bacchus'* Festival:
When bloody Victims flaming Altars load, 245
While the fat *Tuscan* sounds to cheer the God.

But if to Pastures you are more inclin'd,
To breed horn'd Cattel and the bleating Kind;
Chuse distant Fields on the *Tarentine* Coast;
Such fertile Plains unhappy *Mantua* lost; 250
Luxuriant Grounds which *Mincius'* Streams divide,
Where siver Swans his grassy Borders hide,
And crystal Fountains for the Flocks are found,
Where Grass not only grows, but darts up through the
Ground:

Thus what is cropt all the long Day before, 255
Cool springing Dews the next short Night restore.

Since we by tilling force stiff Grounds to bow
In blackish Mould, which sweats beneath the Plough, }
By Nature mellow, the best Wheat will grow : }
And from no Field in *Ceres'* Empire come 260
More loaded Wains drawn by slow Bullocks home ;
Or where the angry Ploughman fells a Wood,
Which long for airy Fowl a Covert stood ;
Their Nests pull'd down, the Birds cut through the Sky :
Torn by the Plough-share shining Furrows lie ; 265
But hungry Gravel of a hanging Soil,
Scarce yields th' industrious Bee sufficient Toil ;

A mould'ring Rock and Chalk where Serpents lie,
 To them both Food and Lurking-holes supply ;
 These Grounds from whence thin Clouds and Vapours
 rise, 270

Which greedily drink in the melting Skies,
 And then at pleasure to the Fields restore,
 Such still with Native Green are mantled o'er.
 Nor with a tainting Rust corrode the Plough,
 There round tall Elms the creeping Vines will grow ; 275
 Both Corn and Wine expect from such a Field,
 Such Grounds good Pastures and good Tillage yield :
 Such mighty *Capua* tills, and such are found
 Where great *Vesuvius* flaming Caverns found,
 Where *Clanlus*' Streams waste old *Acerra*'s Ground. }

But now I mean by certain Proofs to shew 281
 How you may rich, from Grounds are poorer know ;
 One favours Grain, the other nurses Vines ;
Ceres to that, *Bacchus* to this inclines :
 Let first your Eye the Place observe with Care, 285
 Then dig a Well, again the Mould interr,
 And tread it down ; if any want a Sign,
 That Soil is light and fit for Corn and Wine :
 But if the swelling Mould exceed the Pit,
 The Soil is rich, and is for Tillage fit ; 290
 And shall stiff Clods and shining Furrows yield,
 And try your strongest Bullocks in the Field :-
 A saltish Mould, and what we bitter name,
 Nor Dung nor Art can its sour Nature tame ;

A Soil accurst, for Corn nor Wine design'd. 295

Apples in that wou'd lose both Taste and Kind.

That you may know if what I reach be true,
A close-wov'n Basket with your pressing Skrew
Take from your Roof, with Earth and Water fill;
When prest, great Drops run through the Chinks distil;
The saltish Mould will soon the Truth impart, 301
The brackish Taste will make your Palate smart.

If Ground be fat you'll quickly understand;
It never crumbles in your working Hand,
To which it cleaves like Bird-lime to a Wand. } 305
Moist Ground strong Grass brings forth, O may not
mine

To such superfluous Fruitfulness incline!
Light Soils and heavy by the Weight are known,
Black and all Colours to the Sight are shewn:
What Mould is chilling Cold is hard to say, 310
But Yew and Ivy oft such Grounds betray.

These known, then trench your Fields; expose to dry
The new turn'd Mould long in the sunny Sky;
But let fierce *Boreas* winnow first the Soil,
Before your *Vignerons* begin their Toil; 315
Best Moulds turn mellow by laborious Pains,
By fanning Winds and cool refreshing Rains.

Lest any Industry escape your Care,
Two Plots of Ground at the same time prepare;
The First a Nursery where Buds are thrown, 320
Transplant them to the last, when stronger grown.

But lest a sudden Change of Ground they feel,
 Upon the tender Rind with pointed Steel
 The chearing Quarter of the Heav'n design,
 And far behind the frozen Pole resign : } 325
 Thus Use and Custom tender things incline.

Now first a proper Place requires your Skill,
 If on a Plain or on a gentle Hill ;
 And if your Plain strong Ground and fertile be,
 Plant thick your Vines ; with such Vines soon agree ; 330
 If on a gentle Hill or sloping Bank,
 In Squares or Quincunx then your Vineyard rank ;
 Let little Paths, squar'd thro' the Rows, agree,
 As you in Armies, rang'd in Battel, see,
 When Legions drawn in Order on a Line, } 335
 And dreadful Plains with glaring Armour shine,
 E'er the determin'd Hosts in Battel join :
 While Mars yet doubtful, with his flaming Shield,
 Stems the Decision of the bloody Field.

Vines order'd thus not only please the Eyes,
 The Ground the Sap more equally supplies, } 340
 And gives the Branches Scope and Room to rise.

Next, if you ask the Depth, I wou'd assign
 For Trenches, in the shallow plant the Vine,
 But Fruit and Forest-Trees sink deeper down : 345
 Chiefly the lofty Beech, whose airy Crown
 So far its Height shoots through the fluid Air,
 As its deep Roots to Hell extended are ;

Defies the Winter, and contemns the Rain,
And Storms against it spend their Rage in vain: 350
Unmov'd it stands for rolling Ages down,
While many Ages of poor Mortals run ;
Its stretch'd out Arms and spreading Boughs maintains,
And of it self a mighty Shade sustains. 355

Ne'er let your Vineyards to the West decline,
Nor with your Vines their Foe the Haste join ;
Nor from the Top-boughs sliwer tender Shoots,
But near their Mother Earth from nursing Roots ;
Nor with keen Steel your springing Tendrils wound, 360
Nor plant wild Olives in great *Liber's* Ground :
For oft th' unwary Swain lets fall a Spark,
Which lurks at first beneath the oily Bark,
Then fires the solid Tree ; with dreadful Roar,
The Flames through Leaves and crackling Branches
soar. 365

O'er all the Wood triumphant *Vulcan* flies,
Mounting in fable Clouds through tainted Skies, }
Chiefly if from the North fierce Winds arise. }
If they arise, the Stem no Vines shall yield,
Nor spring again, though lop'd to shade the Field ; 370
The curst wild Olive shall alone remain
And all its Boughs and birter Leaves regain.

Let no Advice persuade to trench your Ground,
While through the Air fierce *Boreas'* Tempests sound ;
When Winter binds the Earth and shuts her Veins, 375
Her Pores resist young Fibres and your Pains.

To plant your Vines expect the smiling Spring,
When foreign Storks to Serpents Terror bring ;
Or else in Autumn when the Summer's past,
E'er *Phæbus*' Steeds to the cold Tropick haste ; 380
The Spring cheers Leaves and Trees, the Forests breed,
And swells the Earth, which gapes for Genial Seed.
Almighty *Jove* in brooding Show'rs descends,
And through her Veins prolifick Warmth extends,
Till both, conjoyn'd, promiscuously restore 385
Great Nature's Beauty smiling as before :
Then airy Comforts sound through shady Groves ;
The Flocks return to their appointed Loves ;
Then teem the Fields, then Breezes warmly blow,
And Nature's Veins with quick'ning Moisture flow ; 390
Now sprouting Herbs *Apollo's* Rays sustain,
Winds from the South rage 'gainst the Vines in vain.
They spread their Leaves, their Burgeons burst the Rind,
Nor fear they Rain, though driv'n by Northern Wind.

Such were the Days when *Phæbus* first display'd 395
And all the Globe with new-born Light array'd ;
Eternal Spring compos'd the rolling Year,
No Winter Blasts profan'd the balmy Air.
When new-form'd Cattel first receiv'd the Day,
And Men were rais'd from Rocks less hard than
they : 400

When Stars for Chaos heav'nly Circles chang'd,
And Beasts of Prey through Wilds and Forests rang'd ;

Nor had the Infant World Extremes endur'd
 Of Heat and Cold, but, by kind Heav'n secur'd,
 By temp'rate Spring to future Ills inur'd. } 405

Whatever Plants you to the Earth expose,
 Dung well their Roots and with deep Mould inclose.

Or Pumice Stones and Shells around them hide,
 Through which the falling Rain may gently glide,
 And earthy Vapours mount to airy Skies, } 410
 The Shoots young Tops will with more Vigour rise.
 Some Vines with Stones, with Pot-sherds some secure
 'Gainst burning Heats, and 'gainst a Thunder-Show'r:
 When once the Slips are to the Ground convey'd,
 With Mould oft cover; and oft weild the Spade; } 415
 Or let your Ground the cleaving Plough-share feel,
 Around your Vines unweildy Bullocks wheel.

Then slender Rods to forked Vine-props join,
 To guard from Winds and to support the Vine, }
 Till round the lofty Elms their Clusters twine. } 420

Nor use the Knife while tender Branches rise,
 And leafy Twigs climb blooming to the Skies,
 Then crop superfluous Leaves with gentle Hand,
 And let your Nails their wanton Growth withstand:
 But when your Vines with stronger Arms surround } 425
 Supporting Elms, they will endure the Wound:
 Before, they dread the Steel, but now correct;
 Thus, Nature's Haste, luxuriant Boughs, are checkt.

Besides, your springing Vines secure around
 From grazing Cattel with a guarding Mound: } 430

Not only Cold and Heat young Vineyards hurt,
 Wild Buffalo's and Goats in wanton Sport,
 The Sheep and feeding Heifers Vines annoy,
 Whose Teeth corrode and sprouting Buds destroy,
 More than the chilling Frost or Winter Rains, 435
 Or *Plævus*' Rays, which split the flinty Veins.

For this one Crime the Goats to *Bacchus* die,
 And constant Victims on his Altars lie :
 For this th' *Athenians* first invented Plays,
 Through all their Villages and crossing Ways : 440
 A Goat's the Prize ; they sing, they ply the Bowl,
 And o'er anointed Goat-skin Budgets roll :
 Th' *Ausonian* Swains, from *Trojan* Lineage sprung,
 With Masks in Rustick Numbers *Liber* sung,
 And, while they danc'd, on Pines his Statues hung. } 445
 From hence our Fields with fruitful Vines are crown'd,
 Thro' Vallies, Hills and Dales he loads our Ground,
 Where-e'er his chearing Looks the God turns round ; }
 Let us with hallow'd Cakes and Off'rings throng
 And praise great *Bacchus* with a native Song : 450
 The Goat led to the Altar shall expire
 Roasted on Hasle at the sacred Fire.

In dressing Vines a greater Toil remains,
 And endless Labour, endless as your Pains ;
 Four times at least your Vineyards trench a Year, } 455
 The harden'd Clods with cleaving Twibils tear,
 And fading Leaves from fruitful Branches clear. }

Thus

Thus with the Year your circling Labour wheels,
New Toils pursue the former at the Heels.

But when the Vines divest their spreading Leaves, 460
When North-wind all the Woods of Shade bereaves,
Not then the painful Hand his Labour ends,
' But to th' ensuing Year his Care extends ;
With Pruning Hooks Leaves which remain he lops,
Plashing the Branches to their friendly Props. 465
In trenching Grounds to be the first aspire,
The first with wither'd Branches heap your Fire.
To house your Vine-props always shew your Haste,
But when the Vintage comes be still the last.
Twice Weeds arise, twice Shade on Vineyards gains, 470
To prune and weed are Works require your Pains ;
To vast Possessions all due Praises yield,
But choose to cultivate a lesser Field.

Next from the Woods Vine-stakes of Holm provide,
With Willow Stays and Reeds where Rivers glide : 475
The Vines new ty'd, the pruning Hooks laid down,
And circling Hedges all your Labours crown ;
Yet stir and break the Mould to raise the Dust,
And dread the Air, sometimes to Grapes unjust.

Minerva's Olives slight such Care and Toil, 480
No Steel their Boughs, no Mattocks cut their Soil ;
If they take Root and with the Air agree,
The willing Earth with Sap supplies the Tree :
If with a Dibble you but cleave the Ground,
The peaceful Tree spreads Fruit and Branches round. 485

The Apple-Tree grown strong will quickly rise,
 And without Art mount to the starry Skies :
 Thus without Help all Trees their Fruit shall yield,
 As Shrubs where tuneful Birds their Dwellings build ,
 The Cattel browse on Shrubs from *Cytnos* Isle, } 490
 Torches of Fir-Tree Winter Nights beguile, }
 Shall Men then think such Trees not worth their }
 while !

Why name I greater, since the-smallest yield
 At once both Gain and Pleasure in the Field, }
 Since Broom and Willows Flocks and Shepherds }
 shield ? } 495

Browse to the Sheep, and Foods to Bees dispense,
 Or, wov'n in Hedges, prove your Corn's Defence :
Cyturus' Box, *Narycian* Pitch Trees rise
 Without Assistance, charming to the Eyes.
 On *Caucasus*, where daily Tempests blow, } 500
 Huge Timber Trees for sev'ral Uses grow ,
 The Pine for Ships ; for Palaces of Kings,
 The Cypress, and sweet-smelling Cedar springs :
 Hence Swains for Wheels the Naves and Fellies take,
 And crooked Keels for Boats and Vessels make ; } 505
 Wickers the Sallow, Leaves the Elm Tree bears,
 Cornel for Darts, and Myrtles fit for Spears :
 Of Yews the Bows are made which *Parthians* draw,
 Lime-tree and Box receive th' Ingraver's Law ;
 Down *Po*'s swift Current the light Alder drives, } 510
 ' In hollow Oaks the Bees abscond their Hives.

Can ought more Great than *Bacchus*' Gifts be nam'd ?
 Yet mighty Ills from these same Gifts are fam'd :
 By his great Pow'r the raging *Centaur*s dy'd,
 When brave *Pirithous* preserv'd his Bride : 515
 He *Rhætus*, *Pholus*, great *Hylæus* flew,
 Who' 'gainst the *Lapithæ* vast Goblets threw.

O happy Swains, if they but knew their Joys, 520
 Serene and solid, unallay'd with Noise ;
 Indulgent Nature from her boundless Store,
 All what they need supplies, and freely gives them more.

Though with the Dawn no Shoals of Clients ply,
 To catch a Nod or Motion of their Eye, 525
 Nor azure Vaults with gorgeous Pride adorn
 Their Palaces, on Jasper Pillars born,
 Nor Bras from *Corinth*, cast in antique Mold,
 Nor Vests embroider'd, stiff and rich with Gold ;
 Nor in fine Woollen-Purple take delight ; 530
 Whose *Tyrian* Dye disguises native White,
 Nor yet corrupt the Olive's wholesome Use
 With *Cassia*, which *Arabian* Shrubs produce.
 Yet Life unskill'd in Fraud, a peaceful Rest,
 Laborious Ease of large Domains possess ; 535
 Where various Riches the kind Soil supplies,
 Still new, still fresh, still grateful to the Eyes.
 Cool Grottos, Crystal Lakes, imbowr'd in Groves,
 Their Cattel's lowing balmy Slumbers moves :
 The Dens of Beasts and Forests grace their Soil, 540
 Their sparing Youth inur'd to needful Toil,

Who

Who to their venerable Parents bend,
 And sacred Rites religiously attend :
 When Justice fled to Heav'n and left Mankind,
 She here left Tracings of her Feet behind. 545

For me, the tuneful Nine my Fancy move,
 My Soul inspiring with diviner Love ;
 Instruct me then what Course the Planets run ;
 With the Eclipses of the Moon and Sun ;
 What causeth Earthquakes, and the Sea to roar 550
 Now o'er its Banks, now far within the Shore ;
 Why to the Waves the Winter Suns haste down,
 And why the Nights in Summer end so soon.
 But if my dulness 'gainst that Knowledge strive,
 Lest I through secret depths of Nature dive, 555
 Let me to Woods and purling Streams retire,
 No more to gawdy Poms of Fame aspire :
 O who will lead me to the blest Retreat,
 Where *Spartan* Virgins *Bacchus'* Timbrels beat !
 Where *Sperchius* murmurs through *Theſſalian* Vales, 560
 Or who will shade me in fair *Hamus* Dales !
 Happy the Man, who from th' eternal Laws
 Of mighty Nature, nat'ral Causes draws ;
 Who with a Mind resolv'd dares boldly run,
 To meet that Fate which he can never shun ; 565
 In whose calm Soul no guilty Thoughts create
 Frightful Ideas of a future State.

Nor he less blest who worships Rural Gods,
 Great *Pan*, *Sylvanus*, and the Nymphs Abodes ;

Nor

Nor Rods nor Axes startle his great Soul, 570
 Nor Sceptred Kings his steddý Breast controul,
 Nor State Intrigues, which ev'n make Brothers jar,
 Nor *Dacians* from the *Danube* threat'ning War;
 Not all the Glories of eternal *Rome*,
 Or other States which must to ruine come. 575
 Unrack'd with Envy of his Neighbour's Store
 He fears no Want, nor wishes to have more;
 Content with Fruit in his own Orchard springs,
 And all the Presents willing Nature brings;
 Publick Records ne'er search'd, nor ever saw 580
 The unrelenting Furies of the Law.

Through Seas unknown some blindly chase their
 Trade,

Some the Retirements of great Kings invade:
 In Arms some boldly run on Death and Wounds;
 This with a Siege a wealthy Town surrounds, } 585
 And Household Gods and Men at once confounds;
 To drink in Cups of *Onyx*, or to lie
 On Purple Carpets of the *Tyrian* Dye:
 Some dig for Gold, then as a God adore,
 And hoard up Treasures which they trod before. 590

This at the Bar with Raptures pleads a Cause,
 Swell'd with the Wind of popular Applause.
 Full of themselves at Plays some gaping sit,
 Ravish'd with nauseous Hummings of the Pit,
 Which round the Stage from Box to Box rebound, 595
 Caught with the Tinkling of an empty Sound.

Some

Some through Ambition Friends and Brothers kill
 To quench the boundless Thirst of doing ill,
 And then their Dwellings and their Countrey fly,
 To find new Seats below a foreign Sky.

600

The Swain to Tillage consecrates his Pains,
 Brings up his Children with his yearly Gains,
 The publick Int'rest and his own maintains :
 Feeding his Flock and Cattel from their Toil,
 A just Reward for lab'ring of the Soil ;
 His Trees with Fruit, his Meads with Grass abound,
 Wheat bursts his Barns, and loads his fertile Ground.
 Mills press his Olives, and when Winter's come
 His well-fed Hogs from Woods run briskly Home :

605

Harvest, the Treasure of the Year displays,
 The rocky Ground, reflecting *Phæbus'* Rays
 His liv'ning Crimson to the Grapes conveys.
 To sooth his Toil and to compleat his Joys,
 The fawning Kisses of his prattling Boys :

610

But above all the Crown of human Life,
 The chaste Embraces of a virtuous Wife ;
 His Cows come heavy from the grassy Field
 And dropping Udders to the Milkers yield :
 His wanton Kids in flow'ry Pastures try

615

Their tender Horns, and with each other vie.

620

When harmless Pleasures Holy-days inspire,
 He and his Friends around a chearful Fire,
 Upon the Grass their careless Limbs recline,
 To *Bacchus* quaff, and pour out sprightly Wine ;

Then

Then with a Prize provokes his Shepherds Art, 625
To see who best can throw the winged Dart ;
Or else with moist'ning Oyl their Joints prepares,
And for the Wrestling Prize the brawny Shoulders bares.

Thus the old *Sabines* Fame immortal won,
Thus *Romulus* and *Remus* gain'd a Throne, } 630
And thus th' *Etruscans* with great Honour shone ;
Thus *Rome* the World with conqu'ring Eagles fills,
Her Tow'rs erected on sev'n groaning Hills ;
Before the Reign of *Jove*, and ev'n before,
Inhuman Mortals fed on Flesh and Gore, } 635
That Golden Age when *Saturn* Empire bore.

But I with full Career have run a mighty Course,
And now 'tis time t' unyoke the foaming Horse.

The End of the Second Book.



VIRGIL's



VIRGIL's GEORGICS.

B O O K I I I .

The CONTENTS.

Virgil begins this Book with an Invocation of those Deities that preside over Agriculture and Cattel : And after some Encomiums upon Augustus, he addresses himself to Mecænas, at whose command he undertook this Work; and comes to the Matter in hand : Tells how to order Oxen, Horses, Sheep, Goats and Dogs. Relates the Distempers common to Cattel ; as the Scab, Murrain, &c. Intermixes several elegant Descriptions of a Chariot-Race : Of the Battels of the Bulls : Of the Power of Love : Of the Scythian Winter : And concludes with a Relation of a fatal Murrain that once happen'd about the Alps.



HO U, mighty *Pales*, and ye Gods,
belong

To Flocks and Cattel, now assist my
Song ;

You, great *Apollo*, from *Thessalian*
Floods,

And *Pan*, who rule *Lycean* Groves and Woods :
Since others by their Lays have blaz'd aloud, 5
Vain Fables to amuse the thoughtless Crowd ;
Alcides' Labours through the World are fam'd,
Bufris' Off'rings scarcely to be nam'd :
Who has not *Delos* heard, the floating Isle,
How *Myrian* Nymphs did *Hercules* beguile, 10
By th' Rape of *Hylas* ; of *Hippodame*'s Course,
O'ercome at last by *Pelop*'s conqu'ring Horse ?
Thus on the Wings of Fame my Muse I'll raise,
And through Mankind acquire immortal Bays.
If Fate allow, I'll first in Triumph bring 15
The Muses home from th' *Heliconian* Spring ;
To you, dear *Mantua*, consecrate the Prize
Of conquer'd *Greece* ; a Temple shall arise
Of *Parian* Stone, where *Mincius*' Streams divide
Green Banks of Reeds thro' which his Waters glide, 20
Full in the midst erect great *Cesar*'s Shrine,
While I in purple Robes as Victor shine,
And to his Glory render Rites divine ;
Then with a Pomp, exceeding *Roman* Pride,
A hundred Chariots to the River guide ; 25

All *Greece* shall throng to celebrate their Names,
 And leave th' *Olympick* and *Nemean* Games :
 With *Olives* crown'd I will in solemn guise,
 Upon the Conqueror bestow the Prize.
 Then to the Temple lead the Sacrifice ;
 And view with Joy the shifted Scenes present
 The fetter'd *Britains*, as their Ornament :
Augustus' *Indian* Wars the Gates shall hold,
 Emboss'd on *Lybian* Ivory and Gold ;
 Great *Nilus* there shall flow distain'd with Gore,
 With naval Columns on his conquer'd Shore ;
 Sack'd *Asian* Cities shall adorn the place,
Armenians and the Coward *Parthian* Race
 Shall *Cesar*'s Pomp with double Triumphs grace.
 There *Parian* Statues should to Life aspire ;
 Were they but touch'd with bold *Promethean* Fire :
 From *Jove* descended, the great *Julian* Line,
Assaracus and all his Sons shall shine,
Tros, whom the *Trojan* Race its Father calls,
 And *Phæbus*, Founder of the *Trojan* Walls ;
 Then baleful Envy shall with Horror shake,
 And dread the Billows of th' infernal Lake :
 With *Ixion*'s twining Snakes and restless Wheel,
 The Stone which *Sisyphus* rolls up the Hill.
 Mean while thro' Woods the Flocks and *Dryads* store,
 Ill sing, which *Roman* never sung before.
Mecenas, you the painful Task injoin'd,
 'Tis you alone inspire my lab'ring Mind ;

With

With mighty things proceed ; hence all delay,
 Nature her self shall my bold Muse obey : 55
Citharon calls, I hear the bellowing Sounds,
 Mix'd with the cry of deep-mouth'd *Spartan* Hounds :
 From *Epidaurus* stately Coursers neigh,
 To whom assenting Hills and Woods reply ;
 This done, my Muse shall *Cesar's* Battels sing 60
 And from its source the *Julian* Lineage bring.

Wou'd you breed Horses for th' *Olympick* Games,
 Strong Bullocks for the Plough ? Chuse well the Dams ;
 Great Heads, long Necks, are shapes which best agree
 To surly Cows, with Dewlaps to the Knee : 65
 Their Sides and Body of exceeding length,
 Big Feet, huge Limbs, all great in Size and Strength ;
 Large hairy Ears, with Horns that inward turn,
 These I like best, whom snowy Marks adorn, }
 The Yoke disdaining, goeing with the Horn. } 70
 Fac'd like a Bull, who proudly tread the Ground,
 And with their Tails sweep rising Dust around ;

From Four complete till Nine fulfils their time,
 These Years for breeding, Cows are in their prime ;
 Nature, these past, the genial Heat denies, 75
 Nor for the Plough sufficient Strength supplies :
 While Youth remains let them their Vigour prove,
 Let Male and Female give a loose to Love ;
 The loss of those whom Nature dooms to die,
 Let Propagation of their Kind supply. 80

Alas, our Youth and Pleasures quickly go,
 Age, Care, and Sickneſs move by ſteps more ſlow,
 Till cruel Death has ſtruck the fatal Blow.
 To ſave your Breed, ſince ſome muſt fail, ſome die.
 With fruitful Cows your Herds each Year ſupply. 85

The Race of Horſes no leſs care requires,
 From Colts chuſe thoſe which you intend for Sires :
 A true bred Horſe and of a gen'rous kind,
 With high-born Head ſcours through the Fields like
 Wind ;

He leads the way, and rapid Rivers dares, 90
 Firſt takes a Bridge, nor roaring Waters fears ;
 Cheſnut or dappled Greys the moſt delight,
 (The worſt are Yellow and a mealy White)
 His Neck erected, ſhort and ſlender Head,
 His Belly ſhort, his Crupper truſs'd and ſpread : 95
 With brawny Muſcles on his ſwelling Breſt,
 A flowing Main adorns his lofty Creſt ;
 Which, waving in the Air, when fully grown,
 O'er his right Shoulder in looſe Curls is thrown ;
 His nervous Back a double Chine ſuſtains, 100
 Which runs along and guards his luſty Reins.
 Clanging of Arms from far, or Martial ſounds,
 His Mettle raiſe, reſtleſs, he ſtarts and bounds ;
 Pricks up his Ears, he trembles, pants and frets,
 From glowing Noſtrils breathing fiery Heats : 105
 Then tearing with his prauncing Feet the Ground,
 The ſolid Hoofs which crown his Soles reſound ;

Such

Such *Cyllarus*, whom *Spartan Pollux* nam'd,
 And such the Coursers by *Greek Poets* fam'd,
 Th' immortal Horses great *Achilles* broke, 110
 Such the fierce Steeds did *Mars's* Chariot yoke :

Thus shap'd, thus crested, *Saturn* swiftly fled,
 His Wife's reproaches for her injur'd Bed ;
 Neighing o'er *Pelion* proudly trod the Ground,
 The Woods and Hills return'd the mighty found. 115

If sickly Age your Stallion's Vigour blast,
 House and indulge him for his Service past,
 Lazy to act his Part in *Venus's* Game,
 Yet more unfit to share in Martial Fame,
 Like kindled Straw with great, but harmless Flame. } 120

Chiefly your Horses Years and Courage mind,
 Next to what else they're nat'rally inclin'd ;
 As from what Stallion and what Mare they come,
 If glad when Victors, or if sad, o'ercome.

Have you not seen when from th' unfolding Bars 125
 Two Chariots starting in th' *Olympick* Wars, ,

The fiery Steeds bound through the vast Career,
 While panting Drivers, rack'd 'twixt hope and fear ;
 Bend to the yielding Reins, and nimbly ply.
 The twisted Lash ; the gloomy Chariots fly, } 130
 Now seem to sink, now seem to wing the Sky.

Through Clouds of Dust, through Floods of Foam they
 drive ;

Thus all for Praise, thus all for Glory strive.

Bold *Erichthonius* first the Chariot wheel'd,
 And taught four Horses to the Yoke to yield, } 135
 First drove triumphant round the list'd Field.
 The *Centaurus* first in fair *Theffalia's* Plain,
 Made sprightly Coursers know both Bit and Rein;
 First train'd them to the War, to wheel in Rounds;
 To prounce in Curvets, Demivolts and Bounds : 140
 Both are laborious Toils, and both require
 (Skill'd Riders say) Youth, Speed, Wind, Strength and
 Fire.

If these your Courser want, he brags in vain }
 His warlike Deeds, or that his noble Strain } 145
 Sprung from *Epirus* or *Mycena's* Plain :
 Cou'd he for Sire the wond'rous Courser boast,
 Which *Neptune* rais'd on th' *Athenian* Coast.

All these observ'd, when bounteous Nature fires
 Your Herds with Lusts and gamesome Warmth inspires ;
 Then, skilful Breeder, all your Care employ, 150
 To fit your Stallions for the bridal Joy :
 Then feed them high with new sprung Herbs and Wheat,
 Moist'n with crystal Streams their wholsome Mear ;
 Lest by the charming Toil their strength decay,
 And hunger'd Fires a starvling Race betray : 155
 But when the Season of the Year invites
 The Females to renew their known Delights,
 Then keep them low, withdraw both Drink and Mear,
 Toil them by Chasing in *Apollo's* Heat ;

Thence

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Then when your Threshing-floor groans under Flails, 160
 And Chaff's blown thro' the Air by Western Gales,
 For fear the Soil of Generation grow
 Luxurious and unactive for the Plough;
 And dull Obstructions in the Furrows breed,
 By Fat less eager to suck in the Seed. 165

Care for the Sire to teeming Dams must yield ;
 When their due term of Reck'ning's near fulfill'd,
 Then spare the Yoke, nor suffer them to play
 In Grounds inclos'd, or leap a Hollow-way,
 Nor rapid Currents swim ; but let them graze 170
 Far from the Males, in spacious Lawns at ease :
 Shelter'd from Heats in mossy Grotto's hide,
 Where brim-full Streams through flow'ry Pastures glide.

Round Mount *Alburnus* and *Lucanian* Groves,
 Envenom'd Hornets soon infest the Doves ; 175
 When scorching *Phabus* sucks *Tanagrus* dry,
 Then from the Woods the frighten'd Cattel fly,
 And with loud Bellowings pierce the trembling Sky. }
Juno of old this cruel Monster sent,
 Her hated Rival *Io*'s Punishment : 180

Which stings more fiercely with a burning Sun ;
 But that your pregnant Herds this Plague may shun,
 Lead them to Grass when first *Apollo* shines,
 And in the Ev'ning when his strength declines.

When they bring forth, the Calves deserve your Care,
 First brand the Males to shew whose Breed they are : 186

Set

Set those apart who must preserve your Store ;
 With some you must th' offended Gods implore.
 Chuse some for Labour, and to stir the Clod,
 Then let the Females freely graze abroad. 190
 Those you design for lab'ring of the Soil,
 Inure them from their Youth to bear the Toil,
 Forming their pliant Joints and tender Age
 Yo meet the Labour which they must engage :
 First, Oser Collars round their Shouldiers tie ; 195
 When use hath taught their free-born Necks to ply,
 Then yoke them two by two in distant space,
 Teach them to tread and keep an equal Pace ;
 Oft yok'd to empty Waggon turn them round,
 To mark a slight Impression on the Ground ; 200
 Till by degrees the loaded Axle bow,
 And brazen Beams guide on the weighty Plough.
 Besides sweet Grass, young Reeds and fallow Leaves,
 Feed from your Hand your Steers with oaten Sheaves ;
 The Mothers Milk upon the young bestow, 205
 Nor as your Father's must your Milk-Pale flow.

If War delight you, or th' *Olympick Games*.
 To drive Triumphant where swift *Alpheus* streams,
 First use your Courser to the noise of Arms,
 Where Trumpets clang or Martial Courage warms ; 210
 To hear resounding Bits, and at his Heels
 The rattling noise of thund'ring Chariot-Wheels :
 Then gently chear him till he understand
 His Master's Praises and his Master's Hand :

This from his Infancy begin to do, } 215
 To slender Head-stalls teach him next to bow,
 Before his Courage or his Strength he know. }
 When coming four, then teach him how to range,
 And wheel in Rings, to gallop and to change;
 Then push his Speed to dare encount'ring Wind, 220
 And scarce leave tracings of his Feet behind.

As Boreas, stretching from Muscovian Hills,
 With Scythian Storms the Southern Climates fills:
 First standing Corn, like swelling Surges, bends, }
 Till he his Fury on the Forest spends; } 225
 And rolling Waves to sounding Shores extends. }
 He flies victorious with his blust'ring Train,
 At once triumphing o'er the Land and Main:
 Thus shall your Steeds through *Ellian* Courses roam,
 And scour the Plains in sweat and bloody Foam; 230
 With better grace their high-bred Mettle yields,
 To Belgick Chariots in the bloody Fields.
 When throughly broke, then feed your Coursers high, }
 And not before; nor wou'd their Mettle ply, }
 But Whip, and Bit, and curbing Reins defy. }

If breeding Steers or Horses be your care, 236
 To guard their Vigour for the Plough or War,
 No Industry can so effectual prove,
 As to suppress the raging flames of Love, }
 Your Bulls to Pastures by themselves remove. } 240

Betwixt them and the Cows shou'd intervene
 A Hill, or some great River run between,
 Or shut in Stalls feed by themselves, unseen.
 The Females soft Allurements still surprize
 The Males, who suck the Poison through their Eyes, 245
 Which by degrees consumes their melting Veins,
 And from the thoughts of Woods and Grass restrains.

For oft a Heifer feeding in a Grove,
 The buxom Mistress of the lusty Drove,
 At once the Hearts of two proud Lovers fires, 250
 With warlike thoughts their haughty Minds inspires ;
 Each with determin'd Horns his Foe provokes
 To the stern Combat by alternate strokes ;
 Their brawny Shoulders well a crimson Flood,
 Their clashing Foreheads echo through the Wood ; 255
 Then fiercely goaring with repeated Wounds,
 Their dreadful Bell'wings Heav'ns high Vault resounds :
 Peace 'twixt the two in vain the Neatherd tries,
 The Victor triumphs and the Vanquish'd flies,
 And to his Stall turns back his rueful Eyes. 260
 Running to Exile from his native Home,
 Griev'd at his Wounds, more griev'd to be o'ercome :
 Want of Revenge torments above the rest,
 Leaving his Rival of his Love possess'd :
 Therefore he strains his utmost Skill and Care 265
 To prove his Strength, and so renew the War ;
 All Night he lies on the cold Rocks, and feeds
 ' On prickly Leaves, on fenny Sedge and Reeds ;

He tries himself, and practises to rage :
 Against an Oak his wrinching Horns engage ; 270
 Pushing against the Wind ; then makes a stand,
 And with his jetty Hoof spurns back the Sand ;
 His force recover'd, when his strength renews,
 Then he decamps, and his unmindful Foe with greater
 Rage pursues.

A Wave thus whit'ning 'midst the wat'ry Plain 275
 From far, then swelling from the nursing Main,
 Vast as a Hill, o'er-hangs the neighb'ring Shore,
 Rolling against the Rocks with hideous roar ;
 Till plunging through the whirling Depths it dies,
 Yet throws up Hills of Mud, and foams against the
 Skies. 280

Love o'er all Creatures reigns without controul,
 O'er Man, Beast, Cattel, Fish and painted Fowl ;
 Love fires the Mild, the Fierce, the Wild, the Tame,
 Love tortures all, Love's over all the same.

Lions, though strong, to stronger Passion yield, 285
 Forget their Young and ravage all the Field.
 The sluggish Bear then most delights in Blood,
 The savage Boar runs fiercer through the Wood ;
 Then Fury chiefly fires the Tiger's Veins,
 O ! then Men stray unsafe in *Lybia's* desert Plains. 290
 You see that Love can trembling Horses shake,
 If the known Scent their lustful Senses wake ;
 Their headstrong Fury slights both Curb and Rein,
 Their Keepers ply the cruel Lash in vain,

No craggy Precipice can stop their course, 295
Nor Rivers, tumbling Rocks with mighty force.

The *Sabin* Boar in am'rous Frenzy whets
His foamy Tusks, he scours the Fields and frets :
Rubbing against a Tree he tears the Grounds,
And hard'ns his Hide against the Dint of Wounds. 300

When cruel Love the *Asian* Youth possess'd,
And with its raging fires inflam'd his Breast,
He gloomy Night and stormy Seas defies,
Led by the glance of charming *Hero's* Eyes.
He swims the *Hellespont* ; loud Thunders sound 305
From Heav'ns above, and dashing Waves around ;
Alas ! his wretched Parents Tears are vain,
Nor cou'd his Mistress' Fate his haste restrain.

Thus am'rous Flames, Dogs, Wolves and Lynxes
move,

Nay, tim'rous Deer dare boldly fight for Love : 310
Mares more than all burn with a lustful Fire ;
Offended *Venus* did this Rage inspire.

E'er since the Mares which *Glaucus'* Chariot drove, }
Their Master tore in the *Bæotian* Grove }
Near *Potnia's* Town, when he restrain'd their Love: 315
Soon as their Blood the lustful Rage inflames,
They scour o'er *Ida*, through *Ascanius'* Streams ;
No Hills nor Rivers can restrain their Rage ;
'Till with the Male they Love's sweet Pains assuage.
In Spring their Love with greater Ardor burns, 320
When to their Bones prolifick Warmth returns :

On pointed Cliffs they gape, and Westward stare,
 To meet the God who breathes a wanton Air.
 Thus, though it's wondrous strange, yet oft we find
 Mares without Males impregnate by the Wind ; 325
 O'er Hills and Dales their Fury drives them on,
 ' But never Eastward to the rising Sun :
 Nor yet tow'rs *Boreas* in his frozen Reign,
 Nor where the North-west Wind insults the Main,
 Nor to the South which darks the Sky with Rain. } 330
 Hence from their Groins *Hippomanes* drops down,
 Thus truly nam'd by the laborious Clown,
 Which cruel Stepdames in their Philtres use,
 With charming Words and Herbs of pois'nous Juice.
 But time flies hence, which can return no more, 335
 While, taken with Love, we snares of Love tell o'er.

Thus far of Cattel ; but I now prepare
 To sing of Sheep and Goats, my second care,
 From whence the lab'ring Swain may Glory share. }
 No easy Task ; I know, 'tis hard to praise ; 340
 So mean a Subject in majestick Lays ;
 Yet Thirst of Fame inspires my Muse to soar
 Where never *Roman* Muse durst fly before :
 Ravish'd with Pleasure, now she beats the Wing
 Through untry'd Paths to the *Castalian* Spring, } 345
 Now with full Voice I bounteous *Pales* sing.

In Houses feed your Sheep I first ordain,
 Till blooming Spring enamel all the Plain ;

With Straw and Fern-brakes overspread the Fold,
Which saves the Flocks from Scab, from Gout, and
Cold. 350

Leaving the Sheep, I next to Goats repair,
That browse on tender Boughs, their choicest Fare,
But let them drink of Streams still fresh and clear. }

Your Goat-house always turn to Mid-day Sun,
When moist *Aquarius*' Urn leaves off to run : 355

Goats too deserve your Care, of equal use,
Though costly Wool *Milesian* Sheep produce,
Inrich'd and stain'd with *Tyrian* Purple Juice. }

Goats with more Off-spring crown the flowry Field,
The more you milk the more their Udders yield : 360

Besides, *Cinyphian* Goat-herds clip their Goats,
Their Beards for Tents, their Hair for Seamens Coats :

Their Food's the Bramble and the prickly Thorn,
They browse on Shrubs which rocky Hills adorn.

Leading their Kids with strutting Dugs they come, 365
Without a Guide to their known Master's home.

Take the same Care they may Subsistence find,
You do to guard them from a frosty Wind :
All the long Winter give them Twigs to browse,
Throw them their Food, nor must you Hay refuse. 370

But when soft western Breezes gently blow,
Which by sure signs approaching Summer shew,
Your Goats and Sheep lead out to Woods and Leys,
When first the Morning Star begins to rise ;

Then

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Then crop the Fields when Day is cool and new, 375
 For Grass is sweetest pearled o'er with Dew :
 When *Sol* has drawn the Moisture from the Ground,
 And run a Third of his *Ethereal* round, }
 When Grasshoppers thro' Shrubs and Bushes sound. }
 Then both your Flocks to Pools and Fountains bring, 380
 To drink in oaken Troughs the running Spring.
 But when *Apoll's* glowing Heats prevail,
 Then lead your Flocks to some cool shady Vale,
 Where *Jove's* great Oaks their aged Branches spread,
 And round the Flocks imbow'r a grateful Shade : 385
 When *Phæbus* Steeds to Western Seas repair,
 And *Hesperus* allays the flaming Air ;
 When *Phæbe's* Dews refresh the Fields and Woods,
 And Linnets sing on Thorns, and Halcyons on the
 Floods,

Then to the Pastures lead your bleating Store, 390
 Giving them Water as the Morn before.

'Tis needless here to sing *Numidian* Swains,
 Whose Huts stand thinly scatter'd through the Plains ;
 Their Flocks and Drovers thro' boundless Deserts stray,
 Expos'd all Year, unshelter'd Night and Day : 395
 The *Lybian* Shepherd all his Cattel drives :
 His House, his Household Gods, his Servants, Wives,
 His Arms, his faithful Dog, his *Cretan* Bow,
 All with his wand'ring Drovers together go.
 Thus the bold *Romans* march into the Field, 400
 Under th' enormous Load of Arms and Shield ;

And camp in view of th' unexpected Foe,
Who see the Army e'er its march they know.

Not so the *Scythian* Nations, those who dwell
In gloomy Darkness, dark as shades of Hell ; 405
Nor where the *Danube* muddy Waters bends,
Or *Rhodope* to the North Pole extends ;
Houses their Cattel all the Winter shields,
' No Leaves the Trees, no Grass adorns the Fields ;
' Which bears a Fleece seven Cubits thick of Snow, 410
All turns to Ice where North Winds fiercely blow ;
There Mists and Fogs defy *Apollo's* Gleams.
Both when he darts aloft Meridian Beams, }
And when his Coursers dive in Western Streams; }
The strongest Floods with sudden Crusts are bound, 415
And iron Wheels on Ice-arch'd Waters sound ;
Carts on the Backs of fetter'd Billows go,
Where Boats and Galleys lately wont to row ;
Braz'n Vessels split, Cloaths freeze on *Scythian* Backs,
And Wine must there endure the cleaving Ax ; 420
Where solid Rocks of Ice their Cisterns fill,
And Icicles from clotted Beards distil ;
Yet Snow falls down and Flakes the downy Sky,
The Sheep are starv'd and the great Cattel die :
Such Crusts around their bulky Bodies grow, 425
They stand like Statues cast in Moulds of Snow ;
In vain together herd the frightened Deer,
New loads o'erpow'r ; and scarce their Horns appear ;

Here

Here Hounds are useless, nor do *Scythians* drive
 The Stags to Snares and Toils ; but while they strive 430
 Against a Hill of Snow, Men stand before,
 And in the Breast with pointed Jav'lins gore,
 At last they kill the Stags who loudly bray,
 And then with shouts of Joy bear off the Prey :
 Secure in hollow Caverns of the Earth
 They live at ease, and heap the chearful Hearth } 435
 With Elms and Oaks, then spend the Night in
 Mirth,

In joyful Rounds the sparkling Bowl they ply,
 Cyder and Beer the Want of Wine supply.
 Such is the lawless Race of Men, who dare 440
 Support the Rigour of the Northern Star :
Muscovian Tempests there so fiercely drive,
 They dwell in Furs to keep themselves alive.

Wou'd you for Clothiers works your Flocks employ,
 Briars, Thorns and Burrs the growing Fleece destroy ; 445
 Such Pastures shun, shun a luxuriant Field ;
 Chuse Sheep which soft and pure white Fleeces yield ;
 And let a Ram be white all o'er as Snow ;
 If on his Tongue or Palate black Spots grow,
 Lest he the Lambs infect, that Ram refuse, 450
 And for your Flocks another Husband chuse ;
 Like such a Ram, great *Pan*, the Moon deceiv'd
 Call'd to the Woods, the Moon the God believ'd,
 If ancient Poets Fables be receiv'd. }

If still our Fancy please strong Food provide, 455
 Your Flocks with Broom, salt Grass and Clover feed;
 Salt makes them drink, and Drink their Udders fills,
 From Salt to Milk a savory Taste distils.

The Mothers Teats to stronger Kids deny,
 And Iron Muzzels round their Noses tye : 460
 Of Mornings Milk at Night make Cheese and Whey,
 Your Evenings Milk next Morn to Town convey
 In Wooden Pails, or if you still have more,
 Make salted Cheeses for your Winter Store.

Swift Hounds from *Sparta* too deserve your Care, 465
Molossian Mastiffs must your Bounty share :
 Feed them with fat'ning Whey, nor be afraid,
 That Thieves by Night or Wolves your Folds invade :
 While round your Flocks a watchful Guard they keep ;
 No plund'ring *Spaniards* shall surprize your Sheep. 470
 With Dogs wild Asses in the Woods inclose,
 With Greyhounds Hares, with Hounds pursue the Does :
 Or from his Lair dislodge the bristly Boar,
 While Woods and Winds rebound the mighty Roar.
 With deep-mouth'd Hounds the lofty Hills beset, 475
 And force the Stag within the circling Net.

Incense and Cedar in your Stables fire,
 The strong Perfumes make hurtful Snakes retire :
 Oft to the Stalls the deadly Vipers run,
 Where they the Rays of bright *Apollo* shun ; 480

Or pois'nous Serpents, who delight in Shade,
Crawl on the Floor and round their Venome spread. }
No greater Plague can Flocks or Doves invade. }
No sooner then the watchful Shepherd spies
The Serpents hissing Crests begin to rise, } 485
Darting fierce Threat'nings from their burning
Eyes, }

With Stones and Clubs he quells their swelling Pride,
Their frightened Heads in gloomy Caverns hide ;
Behind their mangled Bodies hardly trail
The wreathing Volumes of their spiral Tail. 490

In the *Calabrian* Woods, a noisom Guest,
A Serpent's found with high erected Crest
Tow'ring ; the scaly Foldings of his Back,
His tawny Belly speckled o'er with black.
While Streams and Rivers from their Fountains flow, 495
While Spring is moist and rainy South-winds blow,
He dwells in Pools or lurks around their Shores,
And Frogs and Fishes greedily devours :
But when *Apolio's* Beams the Marshes drain,
And the parch'd Earth gapes wide for want of Rain, 500
He springs to land, his flaming Eyes darts round,
Drought burns, Heat frights, he rages on the Ground.
Nor shall I then to shady Woods repair
To sleep on flow'ry Banks in open Air,
When this fierce Monster, now his Age renew'd, 505
Bears to the Sun his sparkling Crest all proud ;

And

And in his lurking Hole he leaves his Young,
Rolls up his Scales, and brandishes his Tongue.

Next the Diseases of the Flocks I sing,
Their Symptoms and the Causes whence they spring; 510
For to their Skins a leprous Scab will stick,
When chilling Rains have soak'd them to the Quick :
If Winter hoar Frosts on their Fleeces leaves,
Or Sweat unwash'd to new-shorn Bodies cleaves ;
If scratch'd and torn by Thorns in prickly Woods, 515
Wash then with Care your Sheep in running Floods ;
The shaggy Rams in deeper Pools are thrown.
And with the falling Stream swim gently down :

Your new-shorn Sheep with Lees of Oyl besmear,
Or mingle Sulphur, Litharge, Wax and Tar, 520
With black Bitumen, which the Mines produce,
And Squills and Hellebore's infernal Juice.

Against this Ill, this certain Cure is found,
Let Steel convert the Ulcer to a Wound ;
Diseases lurk with seeming Signs of Health, 525
Vice lives in Covert and augments by Stealth ;
Foolish the Swain who helping Hands denies,
And to the Gods for their Assistance cries.

When this malignant Sore has seiz'd the Veins,
Then through the Blood a burning Fever reigns ; 530
Lance them betwixt the Hoofs, the only Cure,
Which can your Flocks from raging Heat secure.
Thus the bold *Scythian*, when his Course he strains
To *Rhodope* through Desert *Scythian* Plains,

He bleeds his Horse, and for his daily Food 535

He lives on Milk congeal'd with Horses Blood.

When you perceive a Sheep affect the Shade,

Or crop with languid Jaws the tender Blade,

Or droop behind, or fall amidst the Field,

Or wander late by Night, he must be kill'd, } 540

E'er the unwary Crowd to the Contagion yield.

Not grisly Winter on the Ocean moves

More Storms, than Plagues infect the Flocks and Drovers;

Nor by Degrees the Sheep and Cattel fall, } 545

At once the dire Infection sweeps through all

The Summer Pasture and the cover'd Stall.

Whoe'er has seen *Timavus* Currents flow

Through vast *Illyrian* Plains, (all Desert now)

Or *German* Forests, where proud Castles rise,

Or where the *Alps* swell through the airy Skies, 550

Though long ago, let him again review

These empty Fields, and then believe me true;

For there of old a deadly Plague begun,

From tainted Air by the Autumnal Sun:

The Streams it poison'd and the grassy Field, 555

Nor Sheep nor Cattel scap'd: Beasts tame or wild,

All sudden die, and yield their vital Breath,

By Fates unknown, unusual Ways to Death.

A scorching Drought thro' all their Members reigns,

Consumes their Flesh, and scours their melting

Veins:

Their

Their Marrow and their Bones at last it burns, 561

And all to fluid putrid Matter turns.

Oft while the Victim by the Altar stands,

With snowy Garlands wreath'd and holy Bands, } 565

' Quick Death prevents the Sacrificer's Hands.

Or if an Off'ring by his Steel expire,

He finds no Entrails for the sacred Fire ;

Th' Inquirer's Fate the Priest inquires in vain,

Scarce Signs of Blood upon the Knives remain, } 570

But livid Gore bedaubs the thirsty Plain.

The Steers in flowry Meadows lifeless lie,

Or in full Stalls they breath their last and die.

The fawning Dogs run mad, the sickly Swine

With coughing pant, with choaking Quinsie pine :

The conq'ring Horse falls languishing and lies, 575

Nor thinks of War or of th' *Olympick* Prize :

His Ears hang down, he Food and Drink forsakes,

Cold Sweat by Fits from all his Body breaks ;

A dry and Hide-bound Skin his Ribs furrounds,

Oft by his Feet the trembling Earth resounds. 580

These Signs at first the Horse's Fate presage,

But if with Time the Plague increase its Rage,

Then flaming Eyes, short Breath, with Sighs and Moans

His Bowels heave with interrupted Groans ;

Black Streams of Blood from panting Nostrils spring,

And his parch'd Tongue and Jaws together cling : 586

A Drench of Wine, at first the only Cure,

Which cou'd his Life from present Death secure,

Proves

Proves fatal now; for Wine his Spirits fires,
 And short-liv'd Fury through his Blood inspires: 590
 Dying, their Teeth their trembling Sinews tear,
 Ye Pow'rs Divine, who make the Just your Care, }
 From us to cruel Foes this Plague transfer.

A smoking Bull falls down beneath the Plough,
 While Blood and Foam from's Mouth in Torrents flow;
 Gasping he lies, and groans his latest Breath, 596
 His unyoak'd Mate mourns for his Fellow's Death;
 Th' afflicted Swain, with Grief and Sorrow fill'd,
 Forsakes the Plough in the half-labour'd Field.
 Ev'n amber Streams which thro' the Pastures glide, 600
 And in the rolling crystal Pebbles hide;
 The flowry Meadows and the shady Grove,
 All want the Pow'r their fainting Hearts to move;
 Their Sides hang flagging, and a drowsy Night
 O'erpow'rs their Eyes, their Necks a lazy Weight. 605
 What do the Bullocks for their Tillage gain?
 Their Labour's bootless as their yearly Pair;
 Ne'er drunk *Campanian* Wine, nor e'er oppress'd
 With hurtful Surfeits of a sumptuous Feast; }
 No careful Thoughts did e'er disturb their Rest. 610
 Their Food plain Grass, which Nature freely yields,
 Their Drink clear Rills which murmur thro' the Fields;
 No want of Cows till then those Countries knew;
 Then with unequal Steps wild Bufalo's drew
 Great *Juno's* Chariot to her lofty Shrine, 615
 When sacred Rites renew'd her Feasts divine:

To tear the Ground Men us'd both Spade and Nails,
 Their Necks dragg'd ratling Carts o'er Hills and Dales.

The cruel Plague makes rav'nous Wolves less bold,
 Nor lie they watching by the nightly Fold. 620

Deer herd with Hounds, the speedy Stag, now slow
 Stalks round the Houses with his *Spartan* Foe :

The Ocean's Off-spring, all the finny Store
 Like Shipwrack'd Bodies cast upon the Shore ;
 Sea Calves, to Rivers ne'er retired before. } 625

The Viper's Hole can no Protection yield,
 Nor Scales defend the Hydra in the Field ;
 Nay Birds, which thro' the airy Region fly,
 Fall headlong lifeless from the tainted Sky :
 Vain is the Change of Food, Cures sooner kill, 630
 This Plague surmounts the best Physicians Skill.

Tisiphone, now scap'd from Shades of Night,
 Drives Plagues and Terrors thro' Ethereal Light,
 Her Rage increases daily with her Spight. }
 Bellowings and Bleatings from dry Shores resound, 635

The Hills and Rivers dying Groans rebound ;
 Whole Drovers and Flocks at once the Fury kills,
 With Heaps of Death the Folds and Stables fills ;
 Till Men were forc'd to hide them under Ground,
 Since nothing useful after Death was found, } 640
 Their Guts corrupted and their Hides unsound.

For Boils and Ulcers their whole Bodies stain,
 The cleansing Streams and purging Fire are vain ;

Their

Their putrid Skins th' infected Fleeces cast,
Which if the Clothiers touch, they touch their last : 645
Who of such Wool invenom'd Garments wore,
Struck with the Plague, a pestilential Sore,
And fires accurst his fainting Limbs devour. }

The End of the Third Book.

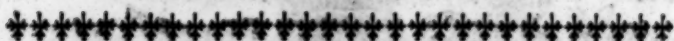




VIRGIL's GEORGICS.



BOOK IV.



The CONTENTS.

The Fourth and last Book contains a curious Description of the Kingdom of the Bees. Here the Poet shews what Station is most fit for 'em. Gives an account of their Food, Swarmings and Battels: The different Species of 'em: Of their times of making Honey: Of their Diseases, with the Symptoms and Remedies of each Disease: And supposing them all to be destroy'd, lays down a Project, how to raise them again: With some account of Aristæus, the Author of the Project. The Poem endeth with the Episode of Orpheus and Eurydice.

THE



THE Honey, form'd of pure Ethereal
Dew,
Is now my Task, and worth *Mecenas*'
view ;
My Muse shall from so small a Subject
raise

Thy admiration by immortal Lays :

The Bees, their Labour, Rise and Race she sings, 5
Their Manners, Battels, and their warlike Kings :
Though mean the Theme, if envious Pow'rs allow,
And great *Apollo* answer to my Vow,
Eternal Glory shall adorn my Brow. }

First, for your Bees a quiet Station find, 10
Debarr'd access of th'all insulting Wind ;
Winds hinder them their liquid-Sweets to bear,
Through stormy Tracts of violented Air :
Their Haunts secure from sporting Kids and Sheep,
Who Morning Dew from Flow'rs and Blossoms sweep ; 15
As wanton Heifers, feeding through the Fields,
Tread down the Blooms the smiling Pasture yields,
Muskins and other Birds infest the Hive :
Far from your Bees enamell'd Lizards drive :
The Swallows catch them flying, then convey 20
To their expecting Young the luscious Prey.

Let crystal Fountains all your Hives surround,
And living Springs glide through the flowry Ground ;
Or purling Rills creep through the Grass unseen,
With mossy Pools all matted o'er with Green : 25

Before the Entry let wild Olives spread,
 Or Palms diffuse around a grateful Shade,
 That, when the Kings their new form'd Squadrons bring,
 To taste the Pleasures of the friendly Spring,
 They on the Banks may find a cool Retreat, 30
 Shelter'd by Leaves from scorching *Phæbus*' Heat.
 Whether your Waters stand in Pools or flow,
 Across them Stones or willow Branches throw :
 When Rain o'ertakes them ling'ring in the Woods,
 Or Wind hath cast them headlong in the Floods, 35
 The Bees will on these frequent Bridges stand,
 And to the Sun their glitt'ring Wings expand :
 The verdant Lavender must there abound,
 There Savory shed its pleasant sweets around ;
 There Beds of purple Violets shou'd bloom, 40
 And fragrant Thyme the ambient Air perfume.

Whether your Hives be hollow Bark conjoin'd,
 Or made of Osier Twigs together twin'd ;
 Cut out a narrow Passage for the Bees ,
 With Heat their labours melt, with Cold they freeze ; 45
 Both hurt alike, nor is't in vain they strive
 To wax the Chinks and Cranies of their Hive ;
 They stop with Flow'rs, and Gum prepar'd distil,
 Tougher than Glue or Pitch from *Ida*'s Hill :

For oft the Bees (if Fame be true) are found 50
 To dig themselves a Lodging under Ground ;
 Oft in the Bowels of an aged Oak,
 Oft in the Caverns of a mould'ring Rock.

Plaster

Plaiſter your Hives with Lime, and o'er them throw
 Few Leaves of Trees ; no Yew muſt near them grow. 55
 Ne'er burn the Shells of Lobſters near your Hive :
 In fenny Marſhes Bees will never thrive :
 Nor where from ſtinking Mud thick Vapours riſe,
 Or echoing Rocks reſound their murm'ring noiſe,
 The feign'd reſemblance of their humming Voice. } 60

Now when the mounting Sun renews the Year
 And drives cold Winter from our Hemisphere,
 The Bees then rove o'er all the Fields and Woods,
 They ſuck the Flow'rs, they skim and taſte the Floods :
 How charm'd I know not, with unuſual Joy, 65
 To feed and lodge their Young they all their Care em-
 ploy ;

And with new Wax by moſt induſtrious Skill,
 Firſt form their Combs, and then with Honey fill.
 When you the Swarms 'ſcap'd from the Hives deſcry,
 Like a dark Cloud blown through the Summer-Sky, 70
 Swimming the boundleſs Ocean of the Air,
 They ſtill to Pools and leafy Bow'rs repair :
 There juice of Balm and Woodbine ſprinkle round,
 Strike jingling Braſs and tinkling Cymbals ſound ;
 The lov'd Perfume will ſudden Reſt inſpire, 75
 And they as uſual to their Hives retire.

But if to Bartel jarring Swarms draw out,
 For oft two mighty Kings their Right diſpute,
 Which ſoon inflames both Nations to the War,
 You'll hear them chide the Lazy from afar ; 80

And warlike Noises through their Camps rebound,
Like the hoarse Clangor of a Trumpet's sound ;
They run to Arms, and ruffle with their Wings,
They ply their nimble Joints and whet their Stings ;
Their King and Royal Tent arm'd Crowds inclose, 85
And with loud Cries provoke the ling'ring Foes :
A Day for Battel when both Armies find,
Serene from Clouds, and undisturb'd by Wind ;
Then from their Camps they rush high in the Air
And the shrill sounding Charge is heard afar ; 90
They glow with Anger, and with Fury shine,
They charge, both Bodies in one Cluster join :
Thick fall the Dead as Acorns, thick as Hail,
Both sides each other with such Rage assail ;
The glitt'ring Kings both Armies courage fire, 95
Their little Bodies mighty Minds inspire :
So bent to conquer, and so loath to yield,
Till one has beat the other from the Field.
A little Dust, thrown up, the Combate stays,
Their martial Ardour and their Heat allays. 100

When thus both-Kings you from the Combate call,
The vanquish'd Monarch must a Victim fall,
Lest he consume the Stores, and turn a Drone,
The Conqueror must fill his empty Throne.
There are two kinds ; this glares with burning Gold, 105
By far the best, his Aspect brave and bold,
And flames all bright, adorn'd with glitt'ring Scales :
That, dull and horrid, a huge Belly trails :

The

BOOK IV. GEORGICS. 127

The Subjects Form with the two Kings agrees.

There is one kind of pale and hideous Bees; 110

Pale as the Trav'ler on the dusty Way,

Who from parch'd Jaws spits blended Sand and Clay;

And one, bedropp'd with Gold, all shining bright,

And all their Limbs are flash'd with Stars of Light:

That Race, the best, will in due time produce 115

Delicious Honey, that Ambrosial Juice;

Liquid as Nectar of the Pow'rs Divine,

Sweet to o'ercome the strength of roughest Wine.

But when the Swarms through airy Regions roam,

And slight their Hives, and leave their empty Home, 120

From play small Care to their known Mansions brings,

If from their Monarch you pull off the Wings;

There to the Hives confin'd, no Subjects dare

Move from the Camp to wing the lofty Air:

Sweet smelling Gardens will allure their stay, 125

Where God *Priapus* frights the Birds away

With wooden Scythe, and hinders Thieves to prey.

The careful Swain must all his Hives surround

With Thyme and Pines which lofty Mountains crown'd,

And hard'n unweary'd Hands by constant Toil, 130

And plant and water round the flow'ry Soil.

But that my rural Labour's near an end,

Since to the Port with falling Sails I tend:

I wou'd *Pomona* and her Treasures sing,

And how bright *Flora* beautifies the Spring: 135

How

How twice a Year the fam'd *Lucanian* Rose,
 Near *Pastum* blooms; how creeping Parsley grows,
 And Succory, which watry Banks inclose.
 To raise Acanthus and the Daffodill,
 How bending Cucumbers their Bellies fill;
 How Ivy Twigs the Trunks of Trees surround,
 And *Venus'* Myrtles on the Shore abound.

140

For once I knew an old *Corycian* Swain,
 Where deep *Galefus* wets *Tarentum's* Plain,
 Heir to few Acres of a barren Field,
 Which neither Wine, nor Corn, nor Grass did yield;
 He Colworts planted, Vervain, Poppy sow'd;
 Where Thorns once grew, his Beds of Lillies stood:
 When he return'd at Night, with plenty stor'd,
 His unbought Dishes heap'd his homely Board,
 Nor envy'd he the Wealth which Royal Courts
 afford.

150

First in the Spring he blushing Roses sees,
 In Autumn first unloads his fruitful Trees;
 When Winter cleaves the Rocks, and Nature pains,
 And Rivers languish under icy Chains,
 He gathers Cotton from th' *Egyptian* Thorn,
 Chiding the ling'ring Spring and *Phæbus'* slow return.
 His Grounds with Pines and fragrant Limes are
 fill'd,
 His Bees, the first of all the flow'ry Field,
 Produce their Young, the first their Honey yield.
 And

155

160

And all the Blossoms which his Orchards bear,
 Rip'n into Fruit, when Harvest crowns the Year:
 He plants his Pear-Trees and his Elms in rows,
 The damask Plum on Thorns ingrafted grows ;
 His spreading Planes their pleasant Shade extend, 165
 Where he enjoys his Bottle and his Friend :
 These I omit ; strait bounds my Song withstand,
 I leave these Labours to some other hand.

Proceed, my Muse, the wond'rous Talents shew,
 Which grateful *Jove* did on the Bees bestow, 170
 Since they, by *Cretan* Swains and Cymbals led,
 In *Dicte's* Cave Heaven's Infant Monarch fed.

A common Off-spring they enjoy alone,
 Their Towns, their Countrey they in common own; }
 The State has all, but Propertie's unknown. } 175
 They pass their Days and in their Labours join,
 For all their Actions binding Laws confine :
 By Summer's Toil, they Winter Storms foresee,
 They lay in Stores ; their several Tasks agree :
 From tender Boughs some bear their liquid Glue, 180
 Some poor *Narcissus* Tears that balmy Dew.
 These as the ground-work of their Combs they mix,
 To which tough Wax their nimble Fingers fix :
 Some lead the Nations Hope, the Youth, to Flowers,
 Some guard the Gates by turns, some round the } 185
 Bow'rs,
 Observe the Clouds, and watch approaching Show'rs.

Some

Some purge the heav'nly *Nectar*, some condense,
And some the Liquid in void Cells dispense;
The Lab'ers some unload, while others drive
Far off the Drones who dare approach the Hive. 190
All for the Publick strive as for their own;
Perfumes and Sweetness all their Labours crown.

The brawny *Cyclops* thus *Jove's* Bolts prepare,
While panting Bellows breathe dissolving Air,
And, glowing Steel in Troughs of Water drown'd, } 195
The Strokes on Anvils *Aena's* Caves rebound,
The crooked Tongs the Mass still turning round. }
Their nervous Arms about the Cavern range,
Strike lusty Blows, and still in order change:
And, if I may the great with small compare, 200
Th' industrious Bees are fir'd with equal Care.

Each minds his Task, the Aged guard the Hive,
Or form the Cells; the Young at Ev'n arrive,
Their weary'd Thighs besmear'd with Juice of Thyme;
All feed on Sallow, or the blooming Lime. 205
Saffron and Lavender's their daily Food;
They prey on Shrubs and suck the *Hyacinth's* Blood;
They rest and toil together; with the Morn
They quire their Hives, and with the Night return;
Where they indulge their Ease, and hum around 210
Their Towns and Dwellings with a murm'ring sound:
When to their Cells retir'd, deep Silence reigns,
Sweet Sleep all Night their weary'd Limbs sustains;

Nor dare they leave their Hives, or trust the Skies,
 When Clouds bring Rain, or when East Winds arise: 215
 Balanc'd with Pebbles through the liquid Air,
 As Vessels ballast through the Ocean bear;
 They short excursions near their Dwellings try,
 And safely round their Walls for Water fly.

But more than all, this may your Wonder move, 220
 The Bees ne'er languish in the Snares of Love,
 Nor *Venus*' Joys, nor feel *Lucina*'s Throws;
 On Flow'rs and Leaves of Trees their Off-spring grows;
 Which with their Mouths they pick, thus they repair
 Their Race, their Kings, as they their Buildings rear. 225
 Oft as they roam 'mong flinty Rocks abroad,
 They break their Wings, or die beneath the Load:
 So strong a Passion in their Bosom reigns
 Of forming Honey, where bright *Flora*'s Plains }
 Yield all the Glory which their Labour gains. } 230
 Few Years sum up their Days, none sev'n exceed,
 Yet stands the Nation; Sons their Sires succeed, }
 And through long Ages propagate their Breed. }

No Eastern Nations on *Hydaspes*' Shore,
 Nor *Parthians* with more Zeal their Kings adore; 235
 None under *Egypt*'s or great *Lydia*'s sway
 More Duty give, than Bees their Monarch pay:
 While he is safe one Mind inspires them all,
 Their King once lost, they in Confusion fall.
 Their Honey-combs with their own Hands they tear, 240
 And ruin Labours which they bought so dear:

He

He rules their Works, all him admire alone,
 And strut around him with a murm'ring Tone;
 Oft on their Backs they bear him to the Field,
 Their King thro' Dangers they from Danger shield: 245
 Submits in Peace, his Guards in time of War,
 To die for him the best Reward they share.

From these Remarks Philosophers incline,
 To think that Bees have somewhat of Divine;
 That God's diffus'd through th' Universe, these say, 250
 Through heav'nly Regions, through the Land and Sea;
 From God Mankind, Beasts, tame and wild, receive
 Their vital Breath, by him alone they live:
 Though cruel Death dissolve their mortal Frame,
 Their Spirits live; that pure Ethereal Flame, } 255
 The Soul returns to Heav'n from whence it came.

Wou'd you the Bees of all their Sweets deprive,
 Spout from your Mouth warm Water, in the Hive,
 Or else with Smoak from their lov'd Dwellings drive. }

Twice every Year the Bees their Houses build, 260
 Which twice each Year Ambrosial Honey yield;
 In Spring, when first the *Pleiades* arise,
 And next in Harvest when they quit our Skies.

When hurt, the Bees with boundless Anger burn,
 They dire Revenge for the Offence return: 265
 Piercing th' Offender's Veins, through Fury blind,
 And in the Wound leave Sting and Life behind.

Foreseeing

Foreseeing Winter and the coming Year,
 If with the Bees you would their Labour share,
 And out of pity the poor Lab'ers spare,
 With fragrant Thyme perfume their desert Homes,
 Then from the full cut off the empty Combs.
 The Combs the Lizard oft consumes, and lurks
 Within the Hive, where the blind Beetle works
 Himself a Nest; thither the Drones repair, 275

And at the charge of others make good Fare:
 The Wasp with stronger Arms invades the Hive,
 Where the consuming Moths in plenty live;
 And there the Spiders, which *Minerva* hates,
 Stretch their entangling Webs before the Gates: 280
 However vex'd, however robb'd, the more
 The Bees are eager to supply their Store:
 Their Kind recruiting, and their waxen Bow'rs
 Again they fill with Honey drawn from Flow'rs.

If they with Sicknefs languishingly lie, 285
 (In us and them Life breeds this Misery)
 This you may know by never failing signs,
 Their Colours change, no dazling Brightnefs shines:
 Paleness and meagre Looks deform the Head;
 They from their Dwellings carry forth the Dead, } 290
 And funeral Poms in slow Proceffion lead.
 Or round their Gates they hang their Legs entwin'd,
 Or to their Cells by Lazinefs confin'd;
 With hunger languid, chilling cold benumbs;
 Their tones fall lower in long fainting Hums; 295

As when cold Winds through shady Forests blow,
 As working Seas with raging Billows flow,
 Or Flames pent in a fiery Furnace glow. }

First, I advise you all your Hives perfume
 With burning the sweet *Syrian* Galbanum : 300

Then liquid Honey through small Canes convey
 Into the Hives : that so the Savour may

The wearied Bees with pleasure and delight,
 Both to their Cure and usual Food invite :

To cure the Bees, dry'd Roses, Acorn Juice, 305
Athenian Thyme and Centaury conduce ;

If with all these you mingle well-burnt Wine,
 Or sun-dry'd Raisins from the *Psythian* Vine.

There grows a common Flow'r, adorns the Meads,
 Which from one Stem divides in many heads, 310

Nam'd Starwort, by the Lab'ers of the Ground,
 Whose yellow Bloom thick purple Leaves surround, }
 With which the Altars of the Gods are crown'd ;

Smart to the Palate ; which the Shepherds find
 In grassy Plains, where *Mella's* Currents wind : 315
 Its Roots first boil in Wine, the best that grows,
 Then in full plenty to the Bees expose.

But shou'd the Race of Bees entirely die,
 And none remain to raise the Family,
 The time requires I fully here explain, 320

The rare Invention of th' *Arcadian* Swain ;
 Who from slain Bullocks did his Hives restore,
 Producing Bees from Blood and livid Gore :

I fully

I fully shall so fam'd a Wonder sing,
And from its source th' amazing Story bring. 325

The happy Swains, who near *Canopus* dwell,
Where fruitful Streams o'er all the Countrey swell,
In painted Boats survey their stagnate Grounds,
Where *Nile* the Regions near to *Persia* bounds ;
Which from black *Ethiopia* draws its source, 330
Enriching *Egypt* in its fertile Course ;

Then to the Sea in sev'n proud Channels glides :
In this one Secret all their hope resides :
They first a narrow place with Walls inclose,
Four Windows there, which the four Winds oppose, 335
With Tiles they cover, then provide a Steer

Lusty and wanton, past his second Year :
While he resists in vain, his Mouth and Nose
They closely stop, then kill the Beast with blows,
Till all his Guts and Bowels, bruis'd within, 340

Dissolve and mellow in th' untainted Skin ;
Then leave him thus inclos'd, but first below
His Body, Twigs of Thyme and Cassia throw :
When first warm Western Gales bring Rain and Dew
Before the Fields their flow'ry Coats renew, 345

Before the noisy Swallows in the Spring
In high-built Nests around the Houses sing ;
The tender Bones enliv'ning ferment heats,
And wondrous Creatures by that warmth begets :

Feebleſt at firſt, till by degrees they try } 350
 To ſtretch new Wings and venture thro' the Sky ;
 And thick as Rain in Summer Tempeſts fly,
 Or flights of Arrows from the twanging Bows,
 When light-arm'd *Parthians* firſt attack their Foes.
 O Muſe ! relate what God, what Pow'r divine, } 355
 Did to this uſeful Art Mankind incline.

When *Ariſtaeus* from cool *Tempe* fled,
 His Bees, they ſay, through Want and Sickneſs dead ;
 With loud Complaints the mournful Shepherd }
 ſtood } 360
 Near to the Source of *Peneus*' ſacred Flood,
 Thus ſpeaking to the Fountain of his Blood.
 O Nymph *Cyrene* ! Mother, you who keep,
 Thy watry Court beneath this mighty Deep ;
 If true, that I from *Phæbus* draw my Birth, }
 Why got by him, or why by you brought forth, } 365
 Accuſt by Fate, the Scorn of Heav'n and Earth ?
 Have you then quite caſt off a Mother's care ?
 You ſaid, I ſhou'd immortal Glories ſhare :
 Your Son, alas ! ſcarce mortal Life ſuſtains,
 Robb'd of the honour due to ſo much Pains. } 370
 My Bees, my Corn, my Herds, my Cattel loſt,
 Yet hapleſs I celeftial Parents boaſt :
 Next let your Hands fell down my fruitful Groves,
 With cruel Plagues infect my Flocks and Doves,
 With Hail and Mill-dew blaſt my ſtanding Corn, } 375
 With raging Flames my Sheaves and Stubbles burn ;

Deſtroy

Destroy my Vineyards, hew down ev'ry Vine,
Since you so much at my true Praise repine.

Beneath old *Penens*' Bed, deep under Ground,
His tender Mother hears a doleful Sound ;

380

Around the Nymph her lovely *Naiads* pull
And card green Fleeces of *Mitefian* Wooll ;

Drymo and *Xantho*, *Ligea* the Fair,

With bright *Phyllodoce*, their shining Hair
Wav'd o'er their snowy Shoulders in the Air,

} 385

There young *Thalia* in her Beauties bloom,

Spio from Caves, from Isles *Nesae* come ;

Cymodoce who loves the crystal Flood,

Cydippe there and fair *Lycorias* stood :

The first a lovely Maid, the last a Bride,

390

With *Hymen*'s Joys *Lucina*'s pains had try'd ;

Clio and *Beroe*, two fair Sea-born Twins,

Adorn'd with Gold and spotted Tigers Skins ;

Opis and *Ephyre* their places take

With *Deiopeia* from the *Asian* Lake,

Swift *Arethusa* did her Darts forsake.

} 395

Here *Clymene*, poor *Vulcan*'s Cares recites,

The Wiles of *Mars* and all his stol'n delights,

She down from *Chaos* in their order brings,

And frequent Loves of *Pow*'rs immortal sings.

400

Pleas'd with the Song, while they their Spindles ply,

Again poor *Aristeus* mournful cry

His tender Mother reach'd, which all amaz'd ;

First *Arethusa* through the Billows rais'd

Her Head, and to *Cyrene* calls from far : 405
 'Tis not in vain such Grief inspires your Fear ;
 Your darling Son mourns by your Father's Flood,
 He calls thee cruel and complains aloud.
 Again *Cyrene's* struck with sudden Fright,
 Make haste, she cries, conduct him to our sight : 410
 For him 'tis lawful, since of Heav'nly Line,
 To view the secret Courts of Pow'r's Divine.
 Then she commands the Waters to retire,
 That so the Youth might pass at her Desire.
 Around the Swain the Waves like Mountains flood, 415
 While thro' the Gulph he pass'd beneath the Flood.
 Where *Aristæus* wonders to behold
 His Mother's Court, vast Lakes which Caverns hold ;
 These humid Regions whistling Groves surround,
 Still on he went, struck with the murm'ring sound } 420
 Of mighty Rivers gliding under Ground.
 Which he in divers Quarters sees appear,
 Here the *Armenian Phasis*, *Lycus* there ;
 There in his Bed the deep *Enipeus* lies,
 Old Father *Tyber* there, and *Anio* rise ; 425
 Here *Hypanis* makes *Scythian* Rocks resound,
 There *Myfian Caicus'* Streams divide the Ground :
 And there the Bull-fac'd *Po* with double Horns,
 Shining with Gold, luxuriant Fields adorns :
 Not one of all the mighty Ocean's Sons 430
 With swifter Course to his vast Empire runs.

Soon

Soon as the Swain had reach'd the crystal Court
Where pumice Arches the great Roof support,
And that his Mother knew his fruitless Care,
To wash his Hands his Sisters Water bear; 435
Then some fring'd Towels bring, some Meat, some
Wine,

While sacred Fires with burning Incense shine;
Cyrene calls, two hallow'd Goblets fill
With *Lydian* Wine, these to the Ocean spill;
As Sire of all below invoke the Sea, 440
With all the Sister Nymphs, to whose great Sway,
A hundred Woods, a hundred Floods obey.
She sparkling Wine thrice on the Altar threw,
Which in new Flames thrice to the Cieling flew.

When with this Omen she had fix'd his Mind, 445
She thus began; You shall old *Proteus* find,
Prophet to mighty *Neptune*, he resides
In the *Carpathian* Gulph o'er which he glides, 450
And his green Chariot with Sea-horses guides.
He now returns to view th' *Emathian* Shore,
His native Soil; him we the Nymphs adore;
Old *Nereus* too: by him all things are seen,
What is to come, what is, or what has been:
Neptune this Pow'r bestow'd, whose Flocks he keeps,
And feeds Sea-Monsters in the briny Deeps: 455
Son, till the God be bound he'll ne'er confess,
Why thou art plagu'd, or grant thee wish'd Success;
Unless

Unless compell'd, the surly God denies
 To give Advice, and Tears and Prayr's defies :
 When seiz'd by Force, and fetter'd in a Chain, 460
 Then he will try deluding Wiles in vain.
 When Pastures languish, burnt by *Phæbus*' Heat,
 And Sheep in Coverts seek a cool Retreat ;
 I to his secret Grot will you convey,
 Where he retires when weary'd with the Sea, 465
 That you at will may seize the sleeping God.
 No sooner caught, when binding Fetters load,
 He will a thousand different Shapes devise,
 By new form'd Monsters strive to cheat your Eyes ;
 First like a dreadful Boar, a Tyger then,
 A scaly Dragon next, and now again } 470
 A shaggy Lion with a curling Main.
 Then thund'ring like a Flame he'll fiercely glow,
 To scape your Hold he'll like clear Water flow.
 The more you see the God to Change inclin'd, 475
 Your Chains, dear Son, so much the faster bind :
 Till to your View he the same Form invest,
 As first you saw him when he went to rest.
 Thus said the Nymph, then o'er his Body threw
Ambrosial Sweets, with pure *Ethereal* Dew 480
 Perfumes his Locks ; and all his Limbs anoints,
 Celestial Vigour straight inspires his Joints.
 There is a Grotto of a vast Extent,
 From a huge Mountain by loud Tempests rent,
 Which

Which drives the Billows 'gainst the rocky Shore, } 485
 Where foamy Floods in winding Caverns roar,
 A safe Retreat to Seamen heretofore. }
 Behind a Rock himself old *Proteus* laid, }
 Her Son the Nymph in Ambush then convey'd, }
 And in a Cloud involv'd, at distance stay'd. } 490

Now scorching *Sirius* burnt the thirsty *Moors*,
 And Seas, contracted, left their naked Shores ;
 The Earth lay chop'd, no Spring supply'd the Flood,
 And mid-day Rays boil'd up the Streams to Mud :
 When *Proteus*, coming to his usual Cave, 495
 The Sea-Calyes foll'wing spout the brackish Wave ;
 Spread o'er the Sand the scatter'd Monsters lay,
 He, like a Shepherd at the close of Day,
 When Heifers seek their Stalls, and round a Rock }
 The bleating Lambs the hungry Wolves provoke, } 500
 Sits 'midst the Beach, and counts the scaly Flock. }
 Scarce was he laid, scarce Sleep had seiz'd his Eyes,
 When *Aristaeus*, eager to surprize, 4
 Invades and binds him : Strait he starts and roars,
 And with shrill Noises fills the echoing Shores ; 505
 He flies to his old Arts and strives to 'scape,
 By frequent Change and varying of his Shape ;
 All monstrous Forms put on, and did appear
 A Flame, a Flood, a Lion and a Bear :
 When nought avail'd, he turn'd himself again, 510
 And thus spoke with the Accent of a Man :

By

By whose Advice hast thou so rashly prest,
 Bold Youth, on me? And what do'st thou request?
 You know, great God, you know, the Swain reply'd,
 For who can cheat you? Who his Wants can hide? 515
 But strive to change no more: I humbly come,
 Sent by the Gods Commands, to know my Doom;
 For what I'm punish'd, whence these Plagues arose,
 And by what Means I may retrieve my Loss?
 This said, the angry God with Fury shook. } 520
 His Eyes shot Flame, and Horror chang'd his Look, }
 He gnash'd his Teeth, and thus at last he spoke: }

No common Gods, no common Guilt pursue,
 Thou suffer'st what to thy great Crime is due:
 At wretched *Orpheus'* Suit these Plagues commence, 525
 Tho' (Fate being kind) too small for thy Offence.
 To Heaven's strict Justice he his Wrongs apply'd,
 And call'd down Vengeance for his perish'd Bride:
 She, while she fled from thee, unhappy Maid,
 By heedless Fear to treacherous Banks betray'd, 530
 Ne'er saw the Snake glide o'er the grassy Ground,
 But e'er she knew the Foe she felt the Wound:
 Her Fellow *Dryads* fill'd the Hills with cries,
 In groans the soften'd *Rhodope* replies;
 Rough *Thrace*, the *Getes*, and *Hebrus'* Streams lament, 535
 Forget their Fury and in Grief consent;
 While he to doleful Tunes his Strings does move,
 And strives to solace his uneasy Love;

Thee,

Thee, thee, dear Bride, on desert Shores alone,
He mourn'd at rising and at setting Sun : 540
His restless Love did nat'ral Fears expel,
He dar'd to enter the black Jaws of Hell ;
He saw the Grove where gloomy Horrors spread,
The Ghosts, and ghastly Tyrant of the Dead ;
With those rough Pow'rs that there severely reign, 545
Unus'd to pity when poor Men complain.
He strook his Harp, and strait a numerous throng
Of airy People flew to hear the Song ;
Thither vast Troops of wretched Lovers came,
And shriek'd at the remembrance of their Flame ; 550
With heavy Grief and gloomy Thoughts oppress'd,
Meagre each Shape, and Wounds in every Breast.
How deep, ah me ! and wide must mine appear,
If so much Beauty can be so severe !
With these mix'd Troops of Fathers, Husbands, 555
Wives,
As thick as swarms of Bees fly round their Hives
At Ev'ning close, or when a Tempest drives :
With Ghosts of Hero's and of Babes expos'd,
And Sons whose dying Eyes their Mothers clos'd :
Which now the dull unnavigable Flood, 560
With black *Cocymus*' horrid Weeds and Mud,
And *Stryx*, in nine large Channels spread, confine,
And hinder their return to Light divine :
The wondrous numbers soften'd all beneath,
Hell, and the inmost flinty Seats of Death : 565
Snakes

Snakes round the Furies Heads did upward rear,
 And seem'd to listen to the pleasing Air,
 While fiery *Styx* in milder Streams did rowl,
 And *Cerb'rus* gap'd, but yet forbore to howl ;
 False *Ixion's* Wheel stood still ; all Tortures ceas'd, 570
 And Hell amaz'd knew an unusual rest,

All Dangers past, beyond the reach of Fear,
 Restor'd *Eurydice* breath'd upper Air ;
 Foll'wing behind ; (for mov'd by his Complaint,
 Hell added this Condition to the Grant, 575
 To be forgiv'n if Hell cou'd be appeas'd,)
 When Fury soon the heedless Lover seiz'd ;
 For near the Confines of Ethereal Air,
 Unmindful and unable to forbear,
 He stop'd, look'd back, (what cannot Love persuade?) 580
 To take one view of the unhappy Maid.

Here all his Pains were lost, one greedy look
 Defeats his Hopes and Hell's Conditions broke ;
 Thrice *Styx* resounded, thrice *Avernus* shook :
 A fatal Messenger from *Pluto* flew, 585
 And snatch'd the Forfeit from a second View :
 Backward she fell : Ah me ! too greedy Youth,
 (She cry'd) what Fury now hath ruin'd both ?
 Death summons me again, cold Fates surprize,
 And icy Sleep spreads o'er my nodding Eyes : 590
 All wrapt in Night I feel the *Stygian* Shore,
 And stretch my Arms to thee in vain, ah thine no more !

This

This scarce pronounc'd, like Smoke dispers'd in Air,
 So vanish'd the twice lost unhappy Fair
 And left him catching at the flying Shade; 595
 He stood distracted, much he wou'd have said.
 In vain, for *Charon* wou'd not waft him o'er,
 Once he had past and now must hope no more.
 What shou'd he do? Where shou'd he seek repose?
 Where fly the trouble of his second Loss? 600
 In what soft numbers shou'd the Wretch complain,
 And beg his dear *Eurydice* again?
 She now grew cold in *Charon's* Boat beneath,
 And sadly sail'd to the known Seats of Death:
 But while nine circling Months in order turn'd, 605
 Beneath bleak Rocks (thus Fame reports) he mourn'd,
 By freezing *Strymon's* unfrequented Stream;
Eurydice, his lost *Eurydice*, his Theme:
 And while he sang this sad Event of Love,
 He tam'd fierce Tigers, and made Oaks to move; 610
 With such soft Tunes, and such a doleful Song,
 The Nightingale bewails her ravish'd Young;
 Which some hard-hearted Swain had born away
 While callow Birds, or kill'd the easy Prey;
 Restless she sits, renews her mournful Strains, 615
 And with sad Passion fills the neighb'ring Plains:
 No Face cou'd win him, and no Charms cou'd move,
 He fled the hainous thoughts of second Love.
 In vain the *Thracians* woo'd; Wit, Wealth, Esteem,
 Those great Enticers, lost their force on him; 620

Alone he wander'd through the *Scythian* Snows,
 Where icy *Tanais* freezes as it flows;
 Thro' Fields still white with Frost, or beat with Hail.
 Constant to grief and eager to bewail :
Eurydice, the God's vain Gift, employs 625
 His thoughts, and makes him deaf to other Joys.
 The slighted *Thracians* Heat this scorn increas'd,
 They breath'd Revenge, and, fir'd at *Bacchus*' Feast ;
 (For what so soon as Wine makes Fury burn ?
 And what can wound a Maid so deep as Scorn ?) 630
 Full of their God, they wretched *Orpheus* tore,
 Scatter'd his Limbs, and drank his reeking Gore :
 His Head torn off as *Hebrus* roll'd along,
Eurydice fell from his dying Tongue.
 His parting Soul when flying through the Wound, } 635
 Cry'd, ah *Eurydice* ! the Floods around
Eurydice ! *Eurydice* the Banks resound ! }
 Thus *Proteus* said, then to the Sea he sprung,
 And round his Head the foaming Billows flung :
 Not so the Nymph ; thus *Aristeus*' Cares 640
 She sooths, and bids him now dispel his Fears ;
 Since now for what you lost your Bees and Doves
 You fully know ; the Dryads of the Groves,
 Wont with *Eurydice* to dance and sing,
 For her lov'd sake did this destruction bring. 645
 First offer Victims to their Pow'r divine,
 And then their Pity with soft Vows incline ;

These

These easy Nymphs will to your Pray'rs give way,
 Forgive your Crime, and their just Wrath allay,
 But first I must instruct you how to pray. } 650

Four well-grown Bulls choose from your lusty Drovers,
 Which you keep grazing in th' *Arcadian* Groves ;
 To these you must four unyok'd Heifers join,
 Then raise four Altars by the Dryads Shrine ;
 There let their Throats pour out a sacred Flood, 655
 Then leave them in the Grove imbru'd in Blood :

When the ninth Day *Aurora* shall return,
 And on her Wings display the rosy Morn,
 Pay drowsy Poppy to wrong'd *Orpheus'* shade,
 Then slay such Victims as appease the Dead, 660
 To him and to his Bride a Sheep of sable Hue,
 And tender Calf, and then the Grove review,

Strait *Aristaeus*, shunning all delays,
 His Mother's orders eagerly obeys ;
 Then going to the Dryads sacred Shrine 665
 He rais'd four Altars as she did enjoin :

Four well grown Bulls, which in their strength exceed,
 And by his Hands, four unyok'd Heifers bleed :
 When the ninth Morn *Aurora* had renew'd,
 He *Orpheus'* Ghost appeas'd, and then the Groves re-
 view'd, 670

Where they beheld with Wonder and Surprise,
 New Swarms of Bees from melting Bowels rise,
 Like Clouds, from broken Ribs mount to the Skies. }

To neighb'ring Trees the winged Troops did throng,
And from the Boughs in living Clusters hung. 675

Thus I have Tillage sung and fruitful Trees,
Next Flocks and Drovers, at last th' industrious Bees:

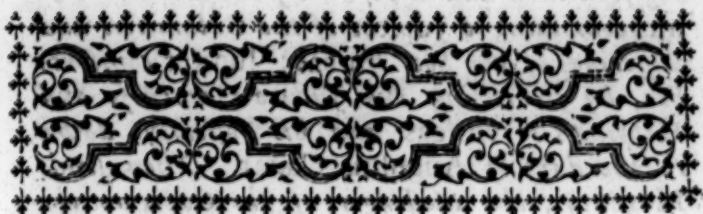
While mighty *Cæsar's* conqu'ring Eagles bore
His awful Thunder to *Euphrates's* Shore;
The willing Nations yielded to his sway, 680
And he to Heav'n cut his triumphant way.

I *Virgil*, then at *Naples*, felt the Joys
The Muses yield, remote from War and Noise;
I Past'als sung in heat of youthful Days,
When *Tit'rus* was the Subject of my Lays. 685

The End of the Georgics.



VIRGIL's



VIRGIL's ÆNEIS.

BOOK I.

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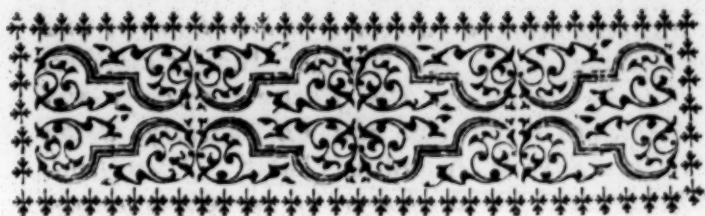
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Port in Africk, the remainder of his Fleet being separated and dispers'd by the Storm. Venus complains to Jupiter of the Calamities and Sufferings of her Son Æneas: Jupiter comforts her, by foretelling the future Greatness and Happiness of Æneas and his Posterity, down to the days of Augustus Cæsar. Then sends Mercury, the Messenger of the Gods, to the City of Carthage, to inspire Queen Dido and her Tyrians, with favourable Thoughts and Inclinations towards the Trojans. Æneas and Achates having gone abroad early in the Morning, to discover the Countrey they were cast upon; Venus meets them in the Woods, in the Form and Habit of a Tyrian Huntress: She relates to them the Story of Dido, informing them of the nature of the Countrey, and the Foundation of Carthage: To which she directs them, veiling them with a Cloud; by which means they went invisible to the Town, and enter'd the Temple of Juno; where Æneas finds the History of the Siege of Troy painted on the Walls. Dido enters the Temple with her Guards in great Pomp. Æneas sees there Ilioneus and others of his Friends and Captains (whom he believed lost in the Storm) sent from the Fleet to implore Relief from the Queen. Æneas breaks the Cloud, discovers himself, and is kindly received by Dido. He sends Achates to the Fleet, to conduct his Son Ascanius to the Town, and bring Presents to the Queen. In whose form Venus substitutes her Son Cupid, to the end he might inflame Dido with an amorous Passion for Æneas. The Queen conducts Æneas and his Company

to her Court; where she treats them with a splendid Supper: Toward the end of which she begins to fall in Love with Æneas, and intreats him to relate the Story of the Trojan War, and his Travels and Voyages since, the subject of the second and third Books.



Sing the Warrior and his mighty
Fame,
Who driven by Fate from burning
Ilium's Flame,
First led the *Trojans* to the *Latian*
Coast,

At Sea and Land by Storms and Dangers cross'd;
Rais'd by the angry Gods, and wreakful Spleen 5
Of *Jove's* offended and revengeful Queen.
Much in the Wars he suffer'd, long oppress'd
E'er for his wand'ring Gods a place of Rest
The Hero built; from whence the *Latin* Fame,
The *Alban* Fathers and the *Roman* Name. 10

O Muse! relate what Cause, what dire Offence
A Goddess urg'd against so just a Prince,
And cou'd such worth in so much Toil engage:
Are Minds Immortal fir'd with such a Rage?

A Colony of *Tyre*, old *Carthage*, stood, 15
Oppos'd to *Latian* Plains and *Tyber's* Flood;
In Commerce rich, inclin'd to Arms and War,
Before all other Towns to *Juno* dear,

More

More than her native *Samos* : Here she plac'd
 Her Arms and Chariot, with her Favours grac'd, 20
 And so far cherish'd (wou'd the Fates prove kind)
 For it the Empire of the World design'd.
 But she had heard that from the Seed of *Troy*
 A Race must spring, shou'd *Carthage* Tow'rs destroy ;
 That Fate decreed that warlike People's reign, 25
 Where'er the Globe's encompass'd by the Main :
 This *Juno* fears, and to her Mind recalls
 Her *Grecian* War against the *Trojan* Walls.
 Her ancient Grudges she at once reviews,
 And *Paris*' Judgment in her thoughts renews 30
 Her rival'd Beauty ; and her injur'd Fame,
 With *Ganymed* preferr'd : The hated *Trojan* Name
 Infiam'd her Breast, to vex and to destroy,
 What *Greeks* had left, the poor Remains of *Troy* ;
 Which she for many Years had hurry'd round 35
 From Coast to Coast, far from th' *Italian* Ground,
 Such was, so over-burthening of Fate,
 The lab'ring Toil to found the *Roman* State.
 Scarce had the *Trojans* lost *Sicilian* Shores,
 And joyful scow'r'd the Main with bending Oars, 40
 When *Juno* thus within her self express'd
 The endless Sorrows of her wounded Breast ;
 Must I then yield ? Nor shall my Pow'r restrain
 A *Trojan* King in *Italy* to reign ?
 But Fate forbids : Why for the Crime of one 45
 Could *Pallas* burn a Fleet ? To *Ajax*, *Oileus*' Son,
 She

She with *Jove's* Thunder gave the mortal Wound, }
Dispers'd his Navy and his Seamen drown'd, }
And to a Rock his breathless Body bound ; }
Whilst I, the Queen of Gods, *Jove's* Sister, Wife, 50
For many Years maintain immortal Strife
Against one Nation. Who will after pray ?
Or grateful Victims on my Altar slay ?

Then th' angry Goddess, on swift Vengeance bent,
To *Aolus's* blust'ring Kingdom went ; 55
Where he the Winds in rocky Caves contains,
And curbs their Fury with strong Bars and Chains ;
Which justling Storms with Indignation bear,
And with a murm'ring Noise the Mountain tear :
High on his Throne their King their force allays, 60
And with his Scepter raging Tempests stays ;
Which if he did not, Earth and Sea, and Heav'n
Wou'd through the empty space be rent and driv'n.
This the Almighty fearing, he confin'd
The Winds to gloomy Caves, which lofty Mountains
bind ; 65

Gave them a King who might their raging awe,
And rule their Motions by a certain Law.

To him *Saturnia* made this humble Suit,
Great *Aolus* (whose Empire's absolute
O'r Winds and Waves) a Nation I abhor 70
Bears conquer'd *Ilium* to the *Latin* Shore,
And sails the *Tyrrhen* Flood ; to Winds give way,
Sink, drown, o'er-set, disperse them through the Sea :

Twice

Twice sev'n bright Nymphs all beautiful are mine,
 I will the fairest to your Arms resign, } 76
 In holy Wedlock *Deiopeia* join,

To pass her Days with you for such a Grace,
 ' And make you Father of a noble Race.

' 'Tis yours to will (the stormy God replies)-
 My Gratitude in blind Obedience lies, 80
 To you my Crown, to you the Smiles of *Jove*,
 To you I owe to feast with Gods above.

He said, and 'gainst the Hill his Scepter threw,
 From whence by Troops the boist'rous Brothers flew ;
 They Air and Land with dreadful whirlings sweep, 85

Then stretch their boundless Fury on the Deep ;
 Turn up its bottom, o'er the Billows roar,
 And threat to drive old Ocean on the Shore.

Hawling of Ropes succeeds, and Seamens cries, } 90
 Clouds snatch the Day and cover all the Skies,
 Night throwds the Billows from the *Trojans* Eyes :
 Thunder and Lightning rend the troubl'd Air,
 At once combine Death, Terror and Despair.

A sudden Fright *Aeneas* Soul amaz'd,
 He sigh'd, and both his Hands devoutly rais'd ; 95
 Thrice happy you (he cries) whose lucky Fall
 Your Parents Presence grac'd near *Ilium's* Wall !

' *Tydides*, bravest of the *Grecian* Bands,
 What cruel Fortune snatch'd me from your Hands
 In *Trojan* Fields ? Where noble *Hector* lies 100
 To fierce *Achilles'* Sword a Sacrifice ;

Where

Where brave *Sarpedon* fell, when *Simois* Flood
 Was swell'd with Bodies, Helmets, Shields and Blood ?
 ' While thus the Prince his cruel Fate bewails,
 ' Fierce *Boreas* drives a Wave against his Sails, 105
 Which broke his Oars, and lay'd the lowring Clouds ;
 He veer'd his Prow to Windward 'gainst the Floods ;
 They swell, and to a foaming Mountain grow :
 The Men a-head hang trembling on its Brow,
 While those a-stern perceive th' abandon'd Sand, 110
 And dreadful Eddies mingling Sea and Land.
 On hidden Rocks three Ships the South-wind threw,
 Round Isles, call'd Altars, rais'd aloft in view ;
 Three more by *Eurus* on the *Syrtis* cast,
 (Amazing sight) and on the Shelves stick fast. 115
 A dreadful Wave against the Galley flew,
 Which bore *Orontes* and his *Lycian* Crew
 From Stem to Stern, in great *Æneas*' view. }
 First headlong in the Sea the Pilot lights,
 The Galley thrice turns round, then sinks to rights ; 120
 A few escape and swim the spacious Floods,
 With scatter'd Pictures, *Trojan* Arms and Goods :
 ' The stoutest Galley to the Storm gives way ;
 Which *Ilioneus* commands ; ' she sucks the Sea
 ' At loosen'd Planks : Thus dashing Waves and Wind 125
Achates' and *Alethes*' Ships unbind :
 ' Thus *Abas*' Ship admits the hostile Streams,
 ' Which rush apace through all her gaping Scams.

Mean

Mean while below, the Trident-bearing God
 Felt the Commotions of the raging Flood ; 130
 Grieving, his Head he rais'd above the Sea,
 His peaceful Eyes the Heav'ns and Waves survey :
 He saw the Fleet dispers'd upon the Main,
 The *Trojans*, over-spent, the Wrath of Heav'n sustain.
 ' The God full well his Sister's Malice knew, 135
 With all the Causes which her Hate renew :
 Then *Zephyrus* and *Eurus* calls : From whence ?
 (Says he) rebellious Race, this confidence,
 To raise such Storms without my leave, to dare
 Engage the Elements in open War ? 140
 Whom I— (but first I must the Floods allay)
 Try this again, and you shall dearly pay :
 Hence, tell your King, the Empire of the Main
 Is none of his, the Trident I sustain ;
 It fell my Lot, and by the Fates I reign. } 145
 Let him to Rocks and Caverns give the Law,
 You and your Brothers keep in constant awe.
 This said, swifter than thought he calm'd the Sea,
 ' Dispell'd the Clouds, restor'd the glorious Day :
 The Gallies which stuck fast on Rocks and Sands, 150
 He with his Trident clears, his *Tritons* with their Hands ;
 Lays wide the spacious *Syrtes*, stills the Main,
 Then drives his Chariot o'er the glassy Plain.
 As oft we see, when Tumults roar aloud,
 And bold Sedition fires the giddy Crowd ; 155
 Arm'd

Arm'd by their Rage, they Stones and Brands let fly,
If then some grave and prudent Man pass by,
To silence hush'd, to hear his words inclin'd,
He cools the raging Fever in their Mind.
Thus fell the swelling of the boist'rous Main, 160
The God through azure Skies turns round the liquid
Plain.

“ The weary *Trojans* ply their shatter'd Oars
“ To nearest Land, and make the *Lybian* Shores.
“ Far stretch'd within the Coast there lies a Bay,
“ An Isle defends it from the raging Sea, 165
“ And forms a Port; here gentle Surges glide
“ In double Streams, push'd by the swelling Tide:
On either hand upon the Entry rise
Two rocky Cliffs, which neighbour on the Skies,
Whose tow'ring tops the stormy Winds oppose, 170
And *Sylvan* scenes the shaded Bay inclose.
A nat'ral Grot, a marble Seat surrounds
And forms the Entry: Here the murm'ring sounds
Of Water, purling from a living Spring,
To this retreat the Nymphs and *Nereids* bring. 175
No hawlsers here tie beaten Ships to land,
No crooked Anchors moor their Sterns to Sand.
Of all his Fleet but sev'n alone remain'd,
With which the Prince this peaceful Harbour gain'd.
Eager to land, in haste the *Trojans* reach 180
The wish'd-for Shore, and weary'd Bodies stretch.

Achates strikes a Flint, from whence proceed
 Bright Seeds of Fire, which Leaves and Branches feed :
 Others, though spent with Toil, their Bellies mind,
 And *Ceres'* Tools unload, their Sacks unbind, } 185
 First dry their Wheat and then with Marble grind.

Aeneas mounts a Cliff, thence to survey
 A distant Prospect round, if on the Sea
 He *Anthens* or brave *Capys* could descry,
 The *Trojan* Fleet, or *Caicus'* Ensigns fly : 190

' No Sail appear'd in view. Upon the Coast
 He saw three Stags lead on the horned Host -
 To grassy Vales ; the Shafts *Achates* bore
 The Hero seiz'd, and stop'd upon the Shore.
 He first knocks down the Leaders lofty Heads, 195

And next the Croud through all the Forest spreads :
 Nor gave he o'er, till, on the verdant Plain,
 Sev'n lordly Stags his conqu'ring Hands had slain ; }
 The number of his Ships, that 'scap'd the stormy
 Main.

Then to the Port he went ; the Prey he kill'd 200
 He gave his Friends, with Jars *Acestes* fill'd
 With generous Wine from the *Sicilian* Plains ;
 Then thus he sooths their Minds and their laborious
 Pains :

You know the Ills you felt, and heavier press
 You now, yet these the Gods will end no less : 205
 You *Scylla's* Rage and *Cyclops'* Rocks have try'd,
 Take Courage, Friends, and lay your Fears aside ;

The Day may come when you with Joy shall tell
 Your Sons these Dangers which their Sires besel.
 Through Toils and Storms to *Italy* we tend, 210
 Where Fate assures that all our Cares shall end.
 There *Troy* her Empire shall again renew,
 With patience wait what Heav'n reserves for you.
 He said, while Grief and Anguish fill'd his Heart,
 ' And chearful Looks disguis'd his inward smart. 215
 They fall upon the Prey, the Haunches bare,
 Tear out the Bowels, then in Morsels share :
 Some spit the trembling Joints, some Fires prepare :
 Along the Shore they boil, they roast, they eat,
 Wine cheers their Spirits, and their Bodies Meat. 220
 Hunger appeas'd, the *Trojans* call to mind
 Their absent Friends, to hope or fear inclin'd.
 And long dispute, if they their Death should mourn,
 Or hope they live, and wish their safe Return ;
Aneas chiefly ; and with Sighs and Groans 225
Orontes' and *Amicus*' Chance bemoans :
 His troubled Mind *Claanthus*' loss reviews,
Gyas' and *Lycus*' cruel Fate renews.
 Thus ended all ; when from his Heav'nly Throne
Jove on the lower World a look cast down ; 230
 The scatter'd Nations he survey'd all o'er,
 Then fix'd his Eyes upon the *Lybian* Shore :
Venus, who sees him pity human Cares,
 Thus speaks to *Jove*, her Eyes all bath'd in Tears :

Almighty Pow'r, who shak'st the starry Poles, 235
 Whose sway eternal Gods and Men controuls ;
 What horrid Crimes have wretched *Trojans* done
 Against thy Power? What great Offence my Son?
 After so many Deaths, yet still deny'd
 Th' *Italian* Coast and all the World beside? 240
 You promis'd once, that from their Loins shou'd come
 A Race to rule Mankind, all conqu'ring *Rome*.
 Can *Jove* recal his Word, his Will transfer?
 Which was my Comfort in the *Trojan* War ;
 My only hope in *Ilium*'s sinking State, 245
 And this my Trust, I Fate oppos'd to Fate :
 Like Fortune and like Mischiefs still attend
 The wretched *Trojans* : Must they never end?
 Why could *Antenor*, 'scap'd from *Grecian* Bands,
 Sail thro' th' *Illyrian* Seas, and pass *Liburnian* Lands, 250
 And cross *Timavus*' Streams, which thundring sound
 From nine proud Springs, and spread a Sea around?
 He *Padua* founded for his *Trojan* Race,
 Gavethem his Name, his Arms their Temples grace, }
 And now he reigns a Monarch crown'd with Peace. }
 Whilst we, your Blood, to whom great *Jove* has giv'n 256
 A Seat, with Pow'rs immortal in his Heav'n ;
 Our Gallies burnt, alas? for spight of one,
 Betray'd to Dangers, shipwreck'd and undone,
 Driv'n far from *Italy* upon the Main ; 260
 Is this our Merits due? Is this our promis'd Reign?

Jace

Jove kifs'd the Goddess, and with Smiles replies,
 ' As when he calms the Air, and clears tempestuous Skies:
 Fair Daughter, fear not, Fate attends you still,
 Firm as my Word, and certain as my Will ; 265
 You shall behold *Lavinian* Castles rise,
 And great *Aeneas* mount above the Skies :
 But since your Thoughts such anxious Cares retain,
 I will the secrets of your Fate explain.
 He shall all *Italy* with War imbrue, 270
 And stubborn Nations by his Arms subdue ;
 Shall beat the *Rutul* in open Field,
 After three Years all to his Law shall yield,
 And round their Cities shall strong Ramparts build. }
 His Son *Ascanius*, born of *Trojan* Blood, 275
 (Surnam'd *Iulus*, while great *Ilium* stood) :
 After that thirty rowling Years turn round,
 With lofty Bulwarks shall a City found ;
 And from *Lavinium* shall his Throne translate,
 In *Alba Longa* fix his Royal Seat. 280
 There *Teucer's* Race three hundred Years shall sway,
 Till *Mars* old *Vesta's* royal Maid betray ;
 And lovely *Ilia* Godlike Twins brings forth ;
 A tawny Wolf shall nurse the double Birth.
 Then *Romulus* commands, builds *Mars's* Walls, 285
 And from his Name the People *Romans* calls :
 To them, nor bounds, nor time's assign'd by Heav'n
 I have the *Romans* endless Empire giv'n.

Ev'n angry *Juno*, who frights Lands and Sea,
 And Heav'n it self shall then her Hate allay, 290
 And join with me to cherish and to crown
Rome, ruling by the Sword, and conqu'ring by the Gown.
 This I decree, *Affaracus's* Line
 Shall to *Mycene* conquer'd *Argos* join.
 From your bright Stem shall *Julius Caesar* rise, 295
 'His Sway the Sea alone shall bound, his Fame the Skies :
 From great *Iulus* he shall take his Name,
 Triumphant o'er the East, born on the Wings of Fame ;
 You shall in Heav'n receive, and to his Shrine
 The conquer'd Nations shall their Vows design. 300
 That iron Age shall soften into Peace,
 And candid Truth and *Vesta* shall embrace ;
Quirinus then and *Remus* shall give Law,
 And Faith and Justice keep Mankind in awe :
 Then, *Janus's* Temple shut, strong Bars shall bind 305
 The dreadful Gates, and horrid War confin'd
 With Chains of Brass on heaps of Arms within,
 Shall gnash his bloody Teeth in Wrath, and grin.
Jove said. Then from the Sky *Cyllenius* sends,
 To tell proud *Carthage* to receive us Friends 310
Aeneas's Host : " left, ignorant of Fate,
 " *Dido* might force them from her Town and State.
 His nimble Wings through airy Regions soar,
 Swifter than Thought he lights on *Lybia's* Shore,
 And full as quick performs what *Jove* enjoyn'd. 315
 The *Tyrians* quit the fierceness of their Mind :

First *Dido* to the Gods her Will resigns,
And peaceful Thoughts to wand'ring *Troy* inclines.

But good *Aeneas*, rack'd with Cares all Night,
Soon as the Morn restor'd the chearful Light, 320
Went out to view the Countrey, and explore,
If Men or Beasts inhabited that Shore,

(For all lay waste); and to his Friends make known
Upon what Coast the Winds their Ships had thrown.

“ Below a hollow Rock he hides his Fleet, 325
Where spreading Trees around in darkness meet;

Achates only waits upon the Prince,
And shakes two polish'd Spears for his defence.

To them bright *Venus* in the Woods appears,
A *Spartan* Virgin's Looks and Dress she wears; 330
Arm'd like *Harpalice*, the *Thracian* Queen,

Gay on her Steed with the same Huntress mien;

As when on *Hebrus*' Banks, her Bow behind

‘ She hangs, her Tresses wanton in the Wind,

‘ Bare knee'd, and careless Knots her Garment bind. } 335

Ho, Youths! (the Goddess said) Have you not seen

One of my Fellows straying o'er the Green,

Wearing a Quiver and a Lynx's Skin,

Or chasing of a foaming Boar with cries?

Thus *Venus* said. Thus *Venus*' Son replies, 340

Nor have I seen, nor have I heard of one,

O Maid, or by what Name more glorious known,

Since nothing human in your Air I see,

Your Voice and Mein confess a Deity:

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Your Voice and Mein confess a Deity:

Or chaste *Diana*, or of Heav'nly Race 345
 Some *Sylvan* Nymph, our Toils with favour grace ;
 Whate'er you be, propitiously declare
 Under what Climate, on what Coast we are,
 Rowing on Shores unknown without the ken,
 Or of the Countrey, or the Towns, or Men ; 350
 Toss'd by the Winds upon the raging Flood :
 My Hand shall make your Altars swim with Blood.
 I cannot (she replies) the Glory claim,
 Or of a Nymph's, or of a Goddess' Name ;
 " For *Tyrian* Virgins Bows and Quivers bear, 355
 " And purple Buskins round their Ankles wear ;
 The Countrey's *Lybia*, and the Town you see
 " Is *Carthage*, and a *Tyrian* Colony ;
 To this fierce Nation *Dido* gives command,
 A *Tyrian* Princess rules this warlike Land, 360
 Who from her Brother fled : The Story's long,
 Yet briefly know his Malice and her Wrong.
 She dearly lov'd her Lord, *Sichæus* nam'd,
 Of all the *Tyrian* Race for Riches fam'd ;
 Was by her Sire to him in Marriage ty'd, 365
 Crown'd with the Glories of a Virgin Bride :
 Her cruel Brother, *Belus*' impious Son,
 The fierce *Pygmalion*, stain'd the *Tyrian* Throne,
 And with his Reign his Tyranny begun :
 He basely unawares *Sichæus* kill'd, 370
 And holy Altars by his Death defil'd ;

The

The thirst of Gold his bloody Hand did move,
To injure Nature and his Sister's Love.
From her he long the cruel Deed conceal'd,
Contriving Lies, which o'er her Fears prevail'd. 375
His Lord unbury'd, in a Dream by Night
Appears at last, a pale and dreadful Sight;
Dire Altars, and his gaping Wounds he bears,
And all *Pygmalion's* treachery declares:
And then the Ghost persuades his once-lov'd Wife 380
To fly her Countrey, and to save her Life.
To ease her way discovers Sums of Gold
Unknown, hid under Ground in days of old.
Thus warn'd, for Flight she fits, and Friends prepares,
Hate to the Tyrant joins them and their Fears; 385
A ready Fleet they seize, with Treasure load,
Robbing *Pygmalion's* Gold, his Soul, his God,
A Woman leads them through the briny Flood. }
They came where now you see proud Bulwarks rise,
And *Carthage* Tow'rs aspiring to the Skies; 390
They buy a spot of Land, and *Byrsa* found,
Nam'd from the Bull's Hide which inclos'd it round.
But you from whence? What are you? Whither bent?
He sigh'd, and from a Breast with Sorrow rent
Made this reply: Fair Nymph, shou'd I relate, 395
' Or wou'd you hear the Annals of our Fate,
The western Sun wou'd to the Ocean bend
Before the Story of our Woes cou'd end.

From

From Sea to Sea, through various Regions tofs'd,
 A dreadful Storm drives us on *Lybia's* Coast ; 400
 From ancient *Troy*, if e'er the *Trojan* Name
 Has reach'd your Ears from the loud blast of Fame.
Aeneas, I, who have my Actions crown'd
 With Piety, above the Stars renown'd,
 Who sav'd from *Grecian* Foes my Household Gods, 405
 Brought by my Navy through the raging Floods
 In search of *Italy* ; from whence our Kings ;
 My Race immortal from the Thund'rer springs ;
 " With twenty Ships I cross'd the *Phrygian* Sea,
 " Fate, and my Mother *Venus*, lead the way ; 410
 Scarce seven, all shatter'd, scap'd the Storm, while I
 Rove here unknown, expos'd to Misery ;
 Expell'd from *Asia*, driv'n from *Europe's* Shore.
 Here *Venus* stop'd his Complaints, and said, No more :
 What e'er you are, your Safety is a sign 415
 That you are favour'd by the Pow'rs Divine,
 Who thus conduct you to the *Tyrian* Town :
 Haste, shew your self before fair *Dido's* Throne ;
 For I the Safety of your Friends declare ;
 Into a place secure the Wind's now fair 420
 Your scatter'd Ships have all together brought,
 (If Prescience be true my Parents taught.)
 See there twelve Swans on nimble Pennons move
 In liquid Air, whom late the Bird of *Jove*
 Through Skies dispers'd, now joyful on the Wing 425
 They skim the Ground ; survey the Earth and sing :
Join'd.

Join'd in a Train they chuse a place to rest,
Ev'n thus your Friends and Fleet by Storms oppress,
The danger o'er, already stately ride,
Or with full Sails the smiling Waves divide : } 430
Go on and follow where that Path shall guide.
This said, her rosy Neck shone heav'nly bright,
Her flowing Hair flash'd out a dazzling Light ;
And as she turn'd, *Ambrosial* Sweets spread round ;
Her shining Garments trail upon the Ground ; } 435
Her Limbs divine with steps so graceful move,
Declare the Goddess and the Queen of Love.
The Hero knows her in her Flight, and cries,
Why still with borrow'd Shapes delude my Eyes ?
Why thus decline th' Embraces of your Son, } 440
And mutual converse to each other known ?
Thus he complain'd, and march'd to reach the
Town. }

The friendly Pair the lovely Goddess shrouds
With thicken'd Air, and veils them round with Clouds,
That none they met might see them, touch or stay, } 445
Or curiously enquire them of their way :
Then to her Temple soar'd in *Paphos*' Bow'rs,
Where Altars flame with Incense, crown'd with Flow'rs.

That Tract they follow which the Highway leads,
And mount a Rising which the Town o'er shades, } 450
And overlooks the lofty Walls and Tow'rs.
The Prince admires to see mean Huts and Bow'rs

Swell'd

Swell'd to a Town, the paving of the Streets
 And Gates admires, the busy Noise he meets,
 The eager *Tyrian's* Host; the Walls some found, } 455
 Some raise strong Forts of Stone, some chuse the
 Ground
 Where they may build, and with deep Moats sur- }
 round.

Some for the Judges Courts of Justice raise,
 Others the Senate-Hall; for Games and Plays
 Vast Theatres are built; huge Pillars, torn 460
 From marble Rocks, shall future Scenes adorn.

Thus with the Sun's return laborious Bees
 Lead out their Youth to bask on Flow'rs and Trees;
 ' Some purge the Heav'nly *Nest* as they condense,
 ' And some the Liquid in void Cells dispense; 465
 The Lab'ers some unload, while others charge
 By Troops the Drones, and from the Hives discharge;
 All for the Publick strive as for their own,
 Perfumes and Sweetness all their Labours crown.

When now the Prince beheld such Castles rise, 470
 Thrice happy you who build your Walls! he cries.
 Then enters by the Gate, wrapt in a Cloud,
 Strange to relate, unseen amidst the Crowd.

A sacred Grove its silent grateful shades
 Full in the midst of this proud City spreads: 475
 Here, landing first, the Sea-bear *Tyrians* found
 A Horse's Head sunk in the holy Ground,

By

By *Juno* shewn : This Omen did foretel
They for all Ages should in Arms excel.
Here lovely *Dido* built a lofty Shrine, 480
Where royal Gifts in *Juno*'s Presence shine ;
The marble Steps with brazen Porches crown'd,
With Hoops of Brass the Beams and Rafter's bound }
" Its solid Gates on brazen Hinges found. }
What here *Aeneas* saw first eas'd his Care, 485
Both rais'd his Courage and dispell'd his Fear.
Whilst waiting for the Queen the Hero stay'd,
And the vast Temple curiously survey'd :
Whilst *Carthage* and her Fate his Fancy fill,
The Work admiring and the Workmens Skill : 490
The *Trojan* Battels he in order found,
Those famous Wars through all the World renown'd ;
He *Agamemnon* saw, and *Priam* too,
And fierce *Achilles*, to them both a Foe.
He stopt and wept : What Place, *Achates*, see, 495
He said, what Land is from our Story free ?
See *Priam* there, see the Reward of Praise,
Our Toils find Tears and soft Compassion raise.
Achates, fear not now, our Cares shall end,
I see from Fame the Gods will Safety send. 500
Whilst fainter Shadows stronger Fancy fed,
He groan'd, and Floods of Tears his Face o'erspread ;
There he beheld the *Greeks*, when put to flight
By *Trojan* Youth ; and here the *Phrygians* fright,

Q

Whom

Whom fierce *Achilles* round their Walls pursu'd, 505
 There *Rhesus*' shining Tents his Grief renew'd,
 By *Dolon* in the dead of Night betray'd;
 His fatal Horses to his Camp convey'd
 By *Diomed*, who shed their Master's Blood,
 E'er they cou'd eat in *Troy*, or drink *Scamander*'s Flood.
 Elsewhere he view'd unhappy *Troilus* fly 511
 Disarm'd, who durst th' unequal Combat try
 With proud *Achilles*; backward on the Plains
 His Horses dragg'd, who, grasping still the Reins,
 Hung to the Chariot by the Neck and Hair, 515
 His Fate in Sand drawn by the hostile Spear.
 To *Pallas*' Temple *Trojan* Matrons haste
 With Hair dishevell'd beat their throbbing Breast,
 And to appease her Wrath their humble Vows }
 address'd;
 Off'ring a purple Robe, in Sorrow drown'd, 520
 Which *Pallas* flights, her Eyes fix'd on the Ground.
 But above all, *Aeneas* griev'd to view
 Where stern *Achilles* *Hector*'s Body drew
 Thrice round the *Trojan* Walls: sad to behold
 His lifeless Friend, his Spoils and Chariot sold } 525
 To begging *Priam* for a Sum of Gold.
 Himself he knew engag'd in fierce Alarms
 With *Grecian* Kings, saw swarthy *Memnon*'s Arms
 And Eastern Host, *Penthesilea* there
 Her *Amazonian* Troops leads to the War, } 530
 And like a Fury rages ev'ry where:

A golden Belt her naked Breast sustains,
With Men, a Maid in Arms a Fight maintains.

Whilst on these Sights *Aeneas* fix'd his Eyes,
At once with Sorrow, Pleasure and Surprize ; 535
Dido with all of charming Beauty crown'd
The Temple enters, which her Guards surround ;
As on *Eurota's* Banks or *Cynthus' Brow*,
Diana wears her Quiver and her Bow,
Whom Choirs of Nymphs inclose, the Goddess } 540
leads
Their graceful Steps, and overlooks their Heads,
When secret Joy *Latona's* Face o'erspreads,
Amidst her *Tyrians* thus fair *Dido* shone,
And courts their Hands to raise her infant Throne.
Before the Goddess' Shrine *Elisa* fate, 545
Arm'd round with all the Ornaments of State ;
She heard her Subjects suits, or gave them Law,
Who share the equal Tasks, Lots for unequal draw.

Aeneas turning, quickly sees his Friends
And Captains, whom a mighty Crowd attends : 550
Brave *Antheus* and *Sergestus* sees appear,
With other *Trojans* ; great *Cloanthus* there,
Which from his Fleet the Tempest had dis-join'd,
On other Coasts driv'n by the blust'ring Wind.
The Prince surpriz'd, amaz'd *Achates* stands 555
' With Joy and Fear, and long to join their Hands ;
Yet doubting the success, a while they feign'd,
And hid within the circling Cloud remain'd,

To know the Fortune of their Friends : but more
 To learn for what they came, and on what Shore 560
 They left their Ships. These from the Fleet were nam'd
 To sue for Peace, and loud Complaints proclaim'd :
 When introduc'd to Audience of the Queen,
 Grave *Ilioneus* did calmly thus begin.

Great Queen, whom mighty *Jove* and Fate allow 565
 To build this Town, to whom fierce Nations bow,
 Spare wretched *Trojans* toss'd upon the Main
 From Sea to Sea, and from our Ships restrain
 Devouring Flames : O save our pious Race !
 And our afflicted State with Favour grace : 570
 We come not to invade with Arms and Fire,
 To prey on *Lybian* Coasts, and then retire :
 The vanquish'd dare not to such Thoughts aspire :
 There lies a Countrey fruitful, warlike, bold,
Hesperia call'd by *Greeks* ; this Land of old 575
 ' *OEnotrians* till'd, but now by later Fame
 ' 'Tis stil'd *Italia*, from the Leader's name :
 But pale *Orion*, while this Land we made,
 Upon the Waves his stormy Pow'r display'd :
 The raging Winds on Rocks and Shallows tost 580
 Our Ships ; few 'scape, and hardly reach your Coast ;
 Where for our Welcome, hostile Arms withstand
 Our landing, and deny us barren Sand :
 Sure these in rudeness all Mankind exceed,
 What barb'rous Nation wou'd approve the Deed ! 585
 But

But if our Arms prove weak, to force or move;
Yet dread the Vengeance of the Gods above.

Æneas was our King, whom Justice crown'd
With Piety, for War and Arms renown'd;

But fear not, if he lives, you e'er repent 590

That you his Friendship in his Friends prevent.

We have in *Sicily* both Arms and Towns,

Since King *Acestes* *Trojan* Lineage owns.

Let us our Shatter'd Ships haul on your Shores,

' And from your Woods refit with Planks and Oars. 595

Let's joyfully *Italian* Coasts pursue,

If e'er our King and Fellows we review :

Parent of *Troy*, if that thou art no more,

And *Lybian* Seas thy Son, our Hopes, devour,

Let us to friendly *Sicily* return. 600

(From whence we came) and with *Acestes* mourn.

With what he said the murm'ring *Trojans* side,

And *Dido* with a conscious Blush reply'd,

Trojans, lay by your Fears, your Cares resign,

My new Dominion and Affairs injoin

And force to guard the Bounds my State confine. } 605

Who has not heard of great *Æneas*' Name ?

The *Trojans* Wars, their Valour and their Fame ?

' Our *Tyrian* Beasts are not so void of Sense,

" Nor so remote from *Phæbus*' Influence. 610

If to *Saturnus*' Coasts, *Hesperian* Plains,

You bend your Course, or where *Acestes* reigns,

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You bend your Course, or where *Acestes* reigns,

173

Q 3

My

My Fleet shall guard you safely through the Sea,
 My Wealth is yours, to aid you on your way;
 But if you please, within my Realm abide, } 615
 The Town I build is yours, with me reside,
 No sep'rate Int'rest shall our Pow'r divide.
 And would to Heav'n the Storms your Vessels tost,
 Had driv'n the great *Aeneas* on our Coast:
 But I shall send my orders to explore, 620
 If he be wandering on the *Lybian* Shore.

This rais'd *Aeneas*' and *Achates*' Mind,
 Who long before to break the Cloud inclin'd.
 O Goddess born, what can your Thoughts devise!
 All's safe, your Ships, your Men, (*Achates* cries) 625
 One only lost which perish'd in our view,
 And all beside bright *Venus* told proves true.
 Scarce had he said, the Cloud which both involv'd
 Asunder split, in open Air dissolv'd.
 With Glory ray'd in view *Aeneas* stood, 630
 His Face and flowing Hair bright like a God:
Venus had breath'd upon his Looks divine
 A heav'nly Air, where Youth and Beauty shine.
 Such grace has Ivory or Plates of Gold,
 Which Silver and the *Parian* Stone infold. 635
 Then on a sudden unexpected seen,
 The Hero thus address'd him to the Queen.

Him whom you seek behold, *Aeneas*, I
 Who 'scap'd from *Lybian* Seas, and ruin'd *Troy*:

You

You are the only who has pity shown 640
To all our Woes, and harbour'd in your Town ;
Undone at Land and Sea, of all bereft,
Troy's poor remains, and what the *Greeks* have left.
Nor we, great Queen, nor all the *Trojan* Race
Dispers'd upon the Earth's extended Face, 645
Can grateful Thanks return. The Pow'rs above,
And Souls like yours, who Truth and Justice love,
Shall recompense your Merit in its kind,
You from your in-born worth Reward shall find :
Your Birth your Parents and the Age hath grac'd ; 650
While rowling Rivers to the Ocean haste,
While Shadows turn round Hills, and Stars the Sky,
“ Your Honour, Name and Praise shall never die }
Where'er I am, or my Remembrance fly. }
Thus said, he runs in haste to greet his Friends, 655
And his Right Hand to *Ilioneus* extends,
His left to brave *Sergestus*, *Gyas* next,
And great *Cloanthus* with the *Trojans* mixt.
The sight and fortune of so great a Man
Amaz'd the *Tyrian* Queen, who thus began : 660
What Power, great Prince, pursues ? What Dangers past
Have on this barb'rous Shore and Countrey cast ?
Are you *Aeneas*, whom fair *Venus* bore
To fam'd *Anchises* on *Scamander's* Shore ?
I *Teucer* call to mind, whose cruel Sire 665
Forc'd him to beg King *Belus' Aid* in *Tyre*,
And

And seek new Lands where to erect his Throne,
 My Father then had *Cyprus* Isle o'er-run,
 And rul'd that wealthy Kingdom with his own. }
 Since then the Wars of *Troy* I understood, 670

The *Grecian* Kings, your Royal Name, and Blood :
 E'en *Teucer*, though your Foe, your Praises sung,
 Proud that his Race from the same Fountain sprung.
 Brave Youths, be welcome Guests within our Gates,
 Fortune hath vex'd me also, and like Fates ; 675

Now, here at rest, by what I felt I know
 To favour those who labour under Woe.
 She said, and to the Court, *Aeneas* led ;
 And order'd Pray'rs and Victims to be paid ;
 Nor yet less mindful of *Aeneas*' Friends, 680

She twenty Bulls to the Navy sends,
 ' A hundred savage Boars, a hundred Lambs,
 ' All fat, attended by their bleating Dams,
 To cheer their Hearts sends *Bacchus*' Gifts, brisk Wine ;
 Mean while rich Hangings thro' the Palace shine. 685
 ' The *Tyrians* Feasts prepare in lofty Halls,
 ' And purple Carpets cover all the Walls ;
 Plate loads the Tables ; there's emboss'd in Gold
 The Nations Story, and their Deeds of old.

Aeneas now, whose Inclinations run 690
 Still on the lov'd remembrance of his Son ;
 The Father's Care, his Love, his Life, his Joy,
 Were all concentr'd in the Royal Boy :

To whom in haste he sends *Achates* down
 To tell what past, and guide him to the Town; 695
 Bids *Trojan* Presents bring, 'scap'd from the Fire,
 " A Robe of Tissue stiff with Golden Wire;
 A Veil with scarlet Flowers and Foliage wrought,
 Which beauteous *Helena* from *Argos* brought;
 ' Her Mother's Present, when to *Troy* she came 700
 For lawless Rites, which caus'd old *Ilium's* Flame:
 " The Sceptre *Priam's* eldest Daughter bore,
 The fair *Ilione*, the Chain she wore;
 With Gemms and Pearls beset her golden Crown.
 With these Commands *Achates* hastes him down. 705

But *Cytherea* in her Breast revolves
 New Thoughts, and never-failing Wiles resolves,
 That *Cupid* shou'd *Iulus'* Form assume,
 And bear the Presents in *Ascanius'* room,
 To catch th' unwary Queen, and Love inspire, 710
 And through her Veins infuse his raging Fire.
 The *Tyrian* Falshood, and their Tongues she fears,
 And *Juno's* Sight affords continual Cares.
 She call'd the winged God, and thus begun:
 My Hope, my Strength, my mighty Power, my Son, 715
 Thou only fearless when loud Thunders roar,
 To thee I fly, and thy great Aid implore.
 Fierce *Juno's* Rage and Hate to you are known,
 Which have your Brother, my *Æneas*, thrown
 From Rocks to Sands, on Seas from Shoar to Shoar, 720
 You tenderly did oft my Grief deplore.

He

He with the fair *Eliza* now remains,
 Who with soft Words him kindly entertains,
 But still I dread the Town where *Juno* reigns :
 And since all Mortals are to changing bent, 725
 I must my Fears by subtile means prevent ;
 By *Dido's* Love oppos'd to *Juno's* Hate,
 I must secure *Aeneas'* Life from Fate,
 But that you may in my designs succeed,
 Receive my Thoughts, and my Instructions heed. 730
 The Royal Youth the chiefest of my Cares,
 For *Carthage* by his Sire's command, prepares
 To carry Gifts have'scap'd Storms, Flames and Wars.
 Him lull'd asleep, I to *Cythera's* Tow'rs
 Will bear, or hide him in *Idalian* Bow'rs ; 735
 Left by discov'ring of the secret Wile
 He intervene, and our Contrivance spoil.
 But for one Night *Ascanius'* Form supply,
 At once my Mortal and Immortal Boy ;
 That when the Queen, amidst the Royal Feast, 740
 Shall you carefs upon her swelling Breast,
 Let every Kiss her Soul with Love inspire,
 And all her Blood with subtle Poison fire,
 He yields to *Venus* ; the All-conqu'ring God,
 Laid by his Wings, and like *Iulus* trode. 745
 Fair *Venus* next with downy Slumbers charms,
 And young *Ascanius* in her Bosom warms ;
 Then to *Idalia's* fragrant Groves convey'd,
 And spread with Flow'rs beneath a balmy Shade.

Cupid

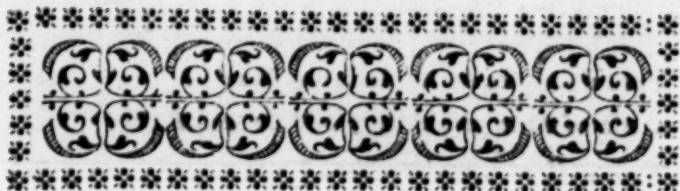
Cupid the Presents brought, glad to obey 750
Aeneas' Will, *Achates* led the way.
When to the Palace come, *Elisa* there
Had on rich Carpets fix'd her Royal Chair;
Full in the midst she sat her *Trojan* Guest,
And all his Train on scarlet Carpets feast. 755
The Servants Water bring, and Towels spread,
And bear great Baskets heap'd with Loaves of Bread.
With Censers fifty Maids (a youthful Band)
To carve or dish the Meat in order stand;
A hundred more a hundred Servants join, 760
Of equal Age, to serve the Meat and Wine.
The *Tyrian* Youths, who croud the Rooms of State,
On painted Couches are desir'd to eat;
Wondring to see the Robe and Veil, which shine
With scarlet Foliage, which Gold Flow'rs entwine. 765
Iulus' words amaze, surpriz'd to see
His graceful Looks, which hide a Deity:
Poor *Dido* most (to future Love devov'd,
Both with *Iulus* and his Presents mov'd, }
The more she ey'd him, still the more she lov'd. } 770
The God hung fondly on *Aeneas*' Breast,
And with feign'd kindness of a Son carest:
Then turns to *Dido*, who with Heart and Eyes
His Looks devours, he in her Bosom lies.
Poor Queen, thou little know'st what God prepares, 775
To rob thy Quiet with resistless Snares:

He

He now recall'd what *Venus* had enjoyn'd,
 And banish'd by degrees from *Dido's* Mind
Sicheus' Love; then fill'd her empty Breast
 With stronger Passion for a living Guest. 780
 Hunger appeas'd, the Meat remov'd, they crown'd
 ' The golden Bowls, with sprightly Liquor round; }
 ' And joyful Voices through the Court resound, }
 ' From gilded Roofs the Lamps such Light display,
 ' They vanquish Night, and emulate the Day. 785
 A Bowl of Gold, on which bright Diamonds shine,
 (In which old *Belus* drank, and all his Line) }
Dido fills to the Brim with gen'rous Wine: }
 Then silence through the lofty Hall enjoyn'd;
 Great *Jove*, she said, you, who true Friendships bind, 790
 Grant this auspicious Day may happy prove,
 To both the Nations Amity and Love:
 Grant what we now begin may never end,
 But to our late Posterity descend:
 Great *Juno* this confirm, thou God of Joy, 795
 Kind *Bacchus*, come solemnize with *Troy*
 This lasting Treaty; ye of *Tyrian* Race,
 This friendly League with joyful Hearts embrace.
 Then to the honour of the Pow'rs Divine
 She pours upon the Table sparkling Wine, 800
 Then tastes the Bowl, then merrily defies;
 And reach'd to *Bitias* next; who briskly plies
 The fuming Bowl till he the bottom found;
 Then through the Guests the cheerful Cup went round.

‘ His golden Lyre the fam’d *Iopas* brought, 805
 ‘ And sweetly sung what mighty *Atlas* taught ;
 He sings the monthly wandrings of the Moon,
 With the Eclipses of the lab’ring Sun ;
 The rise of Man and Beast ; of Fire and Rain ;
Arcturus, *Hyades*, and *Charles’s* Wain ; 810
 Why Winter Suns to Sea go swiftly down,
 And why the Nights in Summer end so soon.
 Peals of applause sound through the *Tyrian* crowd,
 The grateful *Trojans* breathe their Thanks aloud :
 ‘ Th’ unhappy Queen in talk spun out the Night, 815
 Love and *Aneas* charm’d her Ears and Sight,
 Nor knew she drank in Ruin with Delight. }
 ‘ Of *Priam* much she ask’d, of *Hector* more,
 What Arms black *Memnon* brought to *Xanthus’s* Shore ;
 And then enquir’d of *Diomedes’s* Steeds, 820
 Of great *Achilles*, and his mighty Deeds.
 May I, great Guest, (said she) a Grace intreat,
 You wou’d the Falshood of the *Greeks* relate,
 The *Trojan* Wars and Toils, when first begun,
 With all your Wand’rings ? for the glorious Sun, 825
 Since you set out, his Course sev’n times has run. }

The End of the First Book.



VIRGIL'S ÆNEIS.

***** BOOK II. *****

The CONTENTS.

Aeneas with a seeming reluctance gives a full relation of the destruction of Troy, in the following manner. The Greeks, much spent and weaken'd with the ten Years War, resolve to take the Town by a Stratagem. They feign to raise the Siege; their whole Fleet sets Sail from Troy, and lurks under the cover of the Isle of Tenedos, leaving behind them in their abandon'd Camp, a vast Machine made of Wood in the shape of a Horse, whose Cavities were

were fill'd with armed Men. The joyful Trojans open their Gates, and throng to view the empty Stations of the Enemy, but more to see the stupendous wooden Horse. The Multitude is divided in Opinions, Laocoon declares for destroying of it, and throws his Spear against its hollow sides. In the mean time Sinon, a Grecian Youth, who is taken Prisoner by the Trojan Shepherds, and brought bound to Priamus; by a long contriv'd Story, relates to the King several Passages which happen'd in the Grecian Camp during the Siege; and particularly, how the wooden Horse was built as a Vow to Pallas, for the violation of her Temple, and the fatal Palladium; by which the Trojans are induced to convey the Machine within the Castle Walls. Two prodigious Serpents, landing from the Sea, devour Laocoon, who was Priest to Neptune that Year, with his two Sons. This Accident confirms the Trojans in their Resolution, of placing the fatal Horse in the Castle, for which end they make a breach in the Wall. The Trojans weary with a long Siege, give themselves up to mirth and feasting. The Grecian Navy sails in the Night from Tenedos. The Greeks land. Sinon opens the wooden Horse. The Greeks without join those within. They invade the Town, seize the Gates, and fire the City. Hector appears to Æneas by Night, tells how the Greeks were now Masters of Troy, and adviseth him to fly with the Trojan Gods and Relicks. Æneas, preferring death to flight, gathers some Trojans together; they fall upon the Greeks; make a considerable

slaughter ; and to pass for Greeks they put on the Armour of the Slain, and fight with success : Till Chorcæbus, seeing the divine Cassandra (his beloved Wife) dragged by the Greeks from the Temple of Minerva, flies to her rescue ; is seconded by Æneas and his Company. By this they are discovered by the Greeks, while the Trojans from the Fattlements of the Temple judging them to be Greeks by their Arms and Helms, kill them with stones and Javelins. The Royal Palace is attack'd and fir'd. Pyrrhus kills Polites before the Altar in his Father Priam's Presence, and at last kills the King himself. Æneas mounts a high Tower in the Palace, from whence he sees the City in a Flame. From thence descending, he discovers Helena hid in a Temple : He is about to kill her, but is hinder'd by Venus, who conducts him safe to his Father's House, where he persuades his Father to fly ; which Anchises positively refuseth, till a lambent Flame appears round Iulus's Head, and a Star in the Sky flies over the House, pointing their way to Mount Ida : Then Anchises yields to go, to whom Æneas recommends the Trojan Gods. Then taking his Father on his Back, and his Son by the Hand, his Wife Creusa following, they get out of the Town. Æneas appoints a ruined Temple of Ceres as the Rendezvous for his Servants. In the way they are frighten'd with a clashing of Arms. Æneas endeavouring to escape, loses his Wife : Missing her at the meeting Place, he again returns to look for her in the Town. After long search Creusa's Ghost appears to him,
and

and foretells his second Marriage, and that she was detain'd there by the Mother of the Gods, great Cybele; he returns to his Father and Servants, and with them flies to the Forest of Ida.



HILE all with mute Attention silent
fate,

Aeneas thus spake from his Throne
of State.

O Queen, what you command me to
relate

Renews my Sorrows, and revives *Troy's* Fate;
To tell how *Greeks* destroy'd that wealthy Town 5

And doleful Kingdom of such vast Renown:
How those sad Scenes did to my Eyes appear,
And how in them I had so large a Share!

What bloody *Greek* of hard *Ulysses'* Train
Can tell this Story, and from Tears refrain? 10

Tho' now from Heav'n descends the Dew of Night,
' And setting Stars to gentle Sleep invite,

Yet since you press with such desire to know
Troy's Fate, and all her tedious Years of Woe,
A short Narration of our Grief I'll tell, 15

Tho' my sad Heart, 'gainst ev'ry Word, rebel.

The *Grecian* Chiefs for many Years in vain
Attacking *Troy*, yet b'ing repuls'd again,
At last a Horse of Mountain size contrive
By *Pallas'* Art, that mov'd and seem'd alive; 20

For Ribs were massy Planks of Firs inlaid,
 And a Report throughout their Camp they spread }
 That for their safe Return a Vow they'd made;
 But in the hollow of the vast Machine
 They had convey'd choice Troops of armed Men. 25
 In fight lies *Tenedos*, of great renown
 For Wealth, while *Priam* fill'd the *Dardan* Throne;
 Now 'tis an open Road and dang'rous Bay,
 Where Ships lie naked to the beating Sea, }
 But here the *Grecian* Fleet in secret lay. 30
 We thought them to *Mycenæ* sail'd; whence *Troy*
 Reviv'd, and turn'd her Sorrows into Joy.
 The Gates are open'd, all with Pleasure fly
 To view the Camp now left by th' Enemy.
 Here *Dolops* lay, and fierce *Achilles* there, 35
 ' Here rode the Fleet; the Fields of Battel here.
 While some admir'd what *Pallas* had bestow'd,
 More were amaz'd at the stupendous Wood.
 Whether by Fraud, or destin'd for *Troy's* Fate,
Thymates first advis'd, for greater State, } 40
 To bring the Horse within the Castle Gate.
 But *Capys*, and the Men of better Sense,
 Order'd to take the monstrous Horse from thence;
 Or else with Spears to pierce the hollow Side,
 But various Counsels still the Mob divide. 45
Laocoon raging from the Tow'r descends,
 And at a distance cries, Undone, my Friends!

O Citizens! what Madneſs have you ſhown,
To think your Foes, the hoſtile *Greeks*, are gone:
Or not ſuſpect this Preſent a Deceit, 50
Was e'er *Ulyſſes* known without a Cheat?
Either the *Grecians* are inclos'd within,
Or 'gainſt theſe Walls they form their grand Deſign;
Look to your Houſes, ſearch the City round,
Truſt not this Horſe, ſome Miſchief will be found: 55
I dread th' Event, prove even as it will,
The *Greeks* ne'er bring their Gifts without ſome Ill.
This ſaid, a pond'rous Spear with force he took,
And ſaſt within the crooked Belly ſtuck:
• Trembling it ſtood, while from the hollow Womb 60
Internal Groans of Men reſounding come.
Had we not then been blind by Fate's Decree,
That Day we'd ſurely made the *Trojans* free.
Waſh'd *Ilian* Fields with hated *Grecian* Blood,
' And *Troy*, and *Priam's* Throne had this Day ſtood. 65
' Mean while, a pinion'd Youth the Shepherds bring
' With clam'rous Noiſe, before the aged King,
Who'd made himſelf a Pris'ner, with deſign
To ſerve the *Greeks*, and *Troy* to undermine;
Firmly reſolv'd, and ready either way, 70
To meet his Death, or elſe the Town betray.
The *Trojan* Youths the Captive *Greek* ſurround,
Some pity him, and ſome with rail'ry wound:
But mind the ſubtle Fraud, from hence beware;
This one Device ſhews what all *Grecians* are; 75

For,

For, tho' disarm'd amoaḡ the Crowd he flood,
 And ev'ry *Dardan's* Eyes the Captive view'd,
 He look'd again, undaunted, then spoke loud ;
 What Land or Sea can bound my wretched Fate?
 The *Grecians* banish what the *Trojans* hate ;
 And tho' a Fugitive from *Greece*, I lie
 Still sentenc'd by your Rage to Misery.
 These Words the People's Minds to pity bent,
 And now they ask his Name and his Descent :
 What Counsels 'mong the *Grecians* did prevail,
 And how they might believe a Captive's Tale ?
 This made him cast off fear, and thus proceed :
 Great King, I will confess each secret Deed,
 So it be truth. Then first I own I am
 'A *Grecian* born, and *Sinon* is my Name ;
 And tho' hard Fortune brought this Misery
 On *Sinon*, yet he scorns to forge a Lie.
 I doubt not but you've heard of *Palamede*,
 Whose Fame and Glory through all Nations spread ;
 Him the *Greeks* punish'd, 'cause he did declare
 For Peace with *Troy*, when they were all for War :
 With Death they punish'd that brave guiltless Man,
 Whom now they mourn, and wish restor'd again.
 My Sire, tho' poor, in Blood was next akin,
 And sent me with that Hero a Campaign.
 When first the *Grecians* did the War begin
 His Kingdom flourish'd then, in Safety crown'd,
 For Conduct, Counsel, and for Arms renown'd ;

Till false *Ulysses*, by his cruel Hate
Contriv'd the Ruin of his happy State,
Alas ! 'tis known too well what I relate.
Then 'twas I drown'd my Life in fruitless Tears,
And mourn'd the injur'd Fate of his last Years,
Nor cou'd I bridle my just Rage, but swore
Revenge, if e'er I reach'd the *Grecian Shore* 110
Again, with Conquest crown'd, what I would do !
From hence I date the Spring of all my Woe.
Hence 'twas *Ulysses* fill'd the Peoples Ears,
With strange Amusements, and with secret Fears :
Nor rested there, but by his Wiles he draws 115
Calchas the Prophet to espouse his Cause.
Why from th' ungrateful Story shou'd I swerve,
To stop your Rage ? The *Greeks* alike deserve,
And 'tis enough you'll hear ; my Crimes require
What sly *Ulysses* and the *Greeks* desire. 120
Then we grew warm to know the Reasons why,
(Unskill'd in Plots and *Grecian* Subtilty)
While he with Modesty pursu'd his Tale,
And smote his Breast to make the Guile prevail.
The *Greeks*, tir'd out with War, had oft revolv'd 125
How they might quit the Siege, which they at last re-
solv'd.
Oh had they done it too ! but Coward like, afraid
Of Winter Storms and dang'rous Seas, they stay'd.
Chiefly, since raising of this vast Machine,
The Air has thunder'd with unusual Din. 130

' *Eurypylus* immediately was sent

To ask the Oracle what then was meant ;

He brought this doleful Message back again :

When first to *Troy* you *Grecians* cross'd the Main

You still'd the Tempests with a Virgin slain :

135

Your safe Return purchase with Blood once more,

The Gods must be appeas'd with *Grecian* Gore.

Quick as the Sound cou'd reach the list'ning Croud,

Their Spirits flag, and chill the moving Blood ;

A panick Fear and Trembling seizes all,

140

Dreading on whom the fatal Lot wou'd fall :

Calebas at last, by sly *Ulysses* taught,

To tell the Gods Decree, 'midst all the Throng was
brought ;

But he, obscur'd for ten Days, did refuse

To pronounce Sentence, or the Victim chuse.

145

By my known Foe, and by the People's Voice,

I was design'dly made *Apollo's* Choice.

• All voted for what on one Wretch did fall,

• For ev'ry Person fearing, frighten'd all.

All things prepar'd, the fatal Day now come,

150

I was dress'd out with Garlands for my Doom ;

From Fetters and from Death at once I brake,

And sculk'd obscurely in a boggy Lake

Till they set Sail, if Homeward they design,

But I've no Hopes of ever seeing mine ;

155

My dearest Babes, or wish'd for Sire again,

Whom for my Flight perhaps they will detain,

Punish

Punish with cruel Tortures ; or for me,
Make their just Lives atone this Liberty.
Now by the Gods, who all our Secrets know, } 160
If there be Faith in Man, Compassion show,
None sure were born to bear such cruel Woe. }
To these false Tears we Life and Pity gave,
And first the King commands to loose the Slave,
Then spake thus kindly. Friend, be griev'd no more, 165
You shall be ours, forget your *Grecian* Shore ;
But first I ask, these sacred Truths reveal,
What use is this great Horse of ? Don't conceal,
Who was the Author ? What, did he intend
This for a Warlike or Religious End ? 170
The Hypocrite thus answer'd, with his Hands
To Heav'n up-lift, so lately freed from Bands ;
O ye eternal Flames ! witness ye Pow'rs ador'd,
Thou direful Altar, and the cruel Sword ;
Witness all these, when from the *Greeks* I fled, 175
After the sacred Wreaths had crown'd my Head,
May I each Law and every Rite disclaim,
Be hateful to my Countrey and my Name
If I reveal not all the Things I know,
If *Troy* preserve me safe for doing so. 180
' The *Grecian's* Hopes lay most in *Pallas'* Aid,
Since first the Scheme of this long War was laid ;
Till curs'd *Ulysses* to the Temple went,
And impious *Diomedes* with this Intent,

That

That from the sacred Shrine they might convey, 185

And bear the fatal Image thence away :

This was perform'd, ev'n in the time as said,

The Guards were slain, and dire Destruction made ;

From that curst time the *Grecian* Hopes decay'd,

' *Pallas* was angry and deny'd her Aid : 190

Nor did the Signs she show'd doubtful appear,

But when the Statue came, were bright and clear ;

Plac'd in the Camp she her Resentment show'd,

When from her Eyes Flames like fierce Light'ning
glow'd,

And Sweat from ev'y Pore ran down like Drops of
Blood. 195

Three times she rais'd her self, (wond'rous to hear !)

Extending thrice her trembling Shield and Spear.

Calchas cries instantly, prepare for Flight,

Greeks must no more with *Trojans* dare to Fight,

Till they auspicious Fates from *Greece* convey, 200

Appease the Pow'rs that lead 'em through the Sea,

And safe conduct the Legions of their Men,

And with their Gods bring them to Land again :

So *Calchas* orders all their great Designs ;

Warn'd by the Gods, this for the injur'd Goddess shines.

This mighty Horse for *Pallas*' Statue's left, 206

To expiate their sacrilegious Theft ;

This *Calchas* order'd of so vast a Size,

That once again the Oaks might match the Skies,

You'll

You'll not be able in your Gates to draw 210
This great Protector of your sacred Law.
But if your Hand *Minerva's* Gift defiles,
Dire Plagues shall visit *Priam's* lofty Piles,
Which Heav'n divert, and send on *Grecian* Isles.
But mount the Horse upon the Walls of *Troy*, } 215
All *Asia* shall 'gainst *Greece* their Force employ,
And for the Fathers Sins the Sons destroy. }
Such Craft join'd to the Tears that *Sinon* feign'd,
Back'd with his Perjuries, an easie Credit gain'd,
Which conquer'd *Troy* more than the *Grecians*, more 220
Than numerous Fleets, or Ten Years War before.
Here a more dreadful Object meets our Eyes,
And strikes our doubtful Breasts with more surprize :
' *Laocoon*, *Neptune's* Priest, to th' Altar drew
A stately Bull, such as he yearly slew, 225
When we descry'd two monstrous Serpents rise,
(Frightful to tell) Flames darted from their Eyes;
Their winding Tails the smooth fac'd Seas divide,
While to our Shores from *Tenedos* they glide :
Upon the Waves they raise their speckled Breasts, 230
And plow the Flood with their erected Crests ;
Their huge long Backs, with such prodigious Train,
Disturb the Billows of the rowling Main,
With hissing Noise, and foaming Rage they land,
Licking their Mouths, while we're afraid to stand : 235
They to *Laocoon* first direct their Way,
And make his Infant Sons their wretched Prey,

Feed on their tender Limbs, and next invade
 The Parent fighting in his Children's Aid.
 With wreathing Folds his Neck they twice surround, 240
 And twice his Middle with their Windings bound ;
 Then o'er his Head their curling Spires they twine,
 He strives with all his Strength to loose, in vain,
 His sacred Robes the crimson Poison stains,
 While he to Heav'n with dreadful Noise complains. 245
 So roars a wounded Bull, and bellowing cries,
 When from the Altar's fatal Stroke he flies.
 Both Serpents haste to dread *Minerva's* Shrine,
 Under her Shield they both protected twine ;
 Whilst still new Fears seize ev'ry Breast, all own 250
 The Judgment just upon *Laocoon* :
 Because the impious Spear, by his bold Stroke,
 Had most profanely pierc'd the sacred Oak.
 Aloud they cry, to draw the Image on,
Pallas implore, then place it in the Town. 255
 We make a Breach directly in the Wall,
 Thus 'tis decreed by Fate that *Troy* must fall.
 All Hands at work to move this huge Machine,
 Some draw with Cords, some Rolls and Leavers bring,
 So the arm'd Monster enters in the Gate, 260
 And all the Youth of *Troy* Congratulate,
 With joyful Hands the rigid Ropes they haul,
 While it descends with a stupendous Fall.

Oh thou blest'd Seat of *Dardan* ! Pow'rs divine !
 Oh *Troy* ! who did'st in Martial Glory shine ; 265

Four times against the Walls the Horse did bound,
Four times we heard of Arms the clashing Sound :
But blind with Rage, forgetful of our Fate,
We plac'd this Monster in the Castle-Gate.

Cassandra read our future Destiny, 270

But found no Faith ; such was Heav'n's high Decree.
With Flow'rs we deck the sacred Fanes, and spend
That Day in Mirth, sad Fate, which *Troy* did end !

Mean while the Night draws on, whose sable Shade
Covers the dark Designs the *Greeks* had laid, 275

While on the Walls the *Trojans* safe repose,
Secur'd by Sleep from fear of foreign Foes.

The *Grecian* Fleet, under a prosp'rous Gale,
To *Trojan* Coasts from *Tenedos* set Sail ;

Assisted by the friendly Moon, they steer 280

Directly to the wish'd for Haven, where

Sinon expects to see the Signal giv'n,

And saw the Sight, aided by partial Heav'n.

Then strait he runs, unlocks the Wooden Horse,

From whose wide Womb pours forth their armed Force,

Ulysses, *Sthenelus*, *Tifander* slide, 285

Let down by Ropes, *Machaon* was their Guide ;

Atrides, *Pyrrhus*, *Thoas*, *Athamas* were there,

Epeus too, the subtil Engineer ;

The Gates, and sleepy Guard, at once they seize, 290

All drown'd in Wine, and stretch'd at wanton Ease.

Then joyn their Friends, that with more Forces wait

Without the Walls, to pass the City Gate.

Now was the time, when Sleep refreshes most
Our mortal Cares, I saw pale *Hector's* Ghost ; 295
And in my Dream, I thought the Heroe stood
All sorrowful, besmear'd in Tears and Blood,
Dragg'd by the Reins, which thro' his Feet were thrust
By cruel Foes, and soil'd with bloody Dust.
Alas! thought I, what a chang'd Sight I see, 300
From glorious *Hector* ; can this ever be
That mighty Chief, that came with Laurels crown'd,
When with *Achilles'* Spoils he was adorn'd ?
When often in the *Grecian* Camp he strove,
Or flung his Lightning 'mong their Ships, like *Jove*. 305
Squalid his Beard, his Hair was matted found
With Gore and Blood, that ran at ev'ry Wound.
Thus, as I dreaming lay, I seem'd to weep,
And thought I spake concern'dly in my Sleep.
Thou leading Star of *Troy*, their only Hope, 310
What cou'd thee from thy *Trojans* thus long stop ?
From whence restor'd at last does *Hector* come,
After so many *Dardans* have receiv'd their Doom ?
Weary'd with Toils, oppress'd with waking Care,
We're glad to see thee, Guardian of the War. 315
But why does Grief in thy calm Face appear ?
Why Blood and these dire Wounds does *Hector* wear ?
The Chief, to my Demand no Answer made,
But Sighing deeply from his Breast, thus said,

Be gone, thou that art *Venus'* Off-spring, fly : } 320
 Fire, Foes and Ruin, sink the Pride of *Troy*.
 Now levell'd with the Earth its once fam'd Tur- }
 rets lye.

Enough for *Priam* and for *Troy* I've done.
 Had Power prevail'd, I had their Battels won.
Troy here commends her holy Gods to thee, 325
 Let them Companions of thy Exile be ;
 With them another *Troy* thou may'st expect,
 That after various Fates thou shalt at last crest.
 Then, takes the Vestal Image from her Choir,
 Her sacred Vestments and eternal Fire. 330

Mean while the Walls are fill'd with doleful Cries,
 Which as they near approach still greater rise.
 My Father's House, tho' close and shaded round,
 Hears the loud Din, and Clash of Arms resound ;
 Wak'd from my Dream, and mounting quick on high,
 From the House top, I listen to the Cry. 336

As Flames spread round when Southern Tempests }
 blow
 O'er Fields of Corn ; as rapid Torrents flow }
 From Mountain Heights, and drown the Meads below ; }
 Bear down ripe Corn and Woods, the Fields despoil, 340
 And disappoint the Oxen's yearly Toil.

The ignorant Shepherd gazes with surprize,
 And wonders at the rowling Water's Noise.

But now the *Grecian* Cheat too plain appears,
 The Fire, *Deiphobus*, thy Palace tears, 345

Ucalegon's is next burnt to the Ground,
Sigæan Billows shine, and Trumpets sound,
 Which the loud Groans of dying Men confound. }

Surpriz'd, I run directly to my Arms,
 Northought of Reason, midst such dire Alarms. 350

But straight I flew with hast into the Tow'r
 With Friends, where we resolv'd to try our Pow'r.
 Anger and Rage did each by turns supply,
 We thought it glorious thus in Arms to die.

Pantheus, *Apollo's* Priest, the first that fled 355
 With *Trojan* Gods, his little Nephew led,
 Where to'ards the Sea I met him, and enquir'd
 What Hope remain'd what Forces were retir'd?

What Places now were free, what Posts made good?
 But sighing this Reply I understood. 360

The last and fatal Hour of *Troy* is come ;
Trojans we were ; but now's our Day of Doom ;
 Our ancient Glory's set, and now no more,
 Since *Jove* in Anger has transferr'd the Pow'r,
 The *Grecians* Lord it in the flaming Town ; 365

While num'rous Forces from the Horse pour down ;
 Victorious *Sinon* mingles Fire with Fire,
 And with insulting, burns the Turrets higher.

While more than *Argos* bore, some Thousands wait
 To seize the Walls, or to possess each Gate, 370
 Stop ev'ry Pass, and line the empty Streets,
 So each alike with equal Danger meets.

The

The Guard surpriz'd thus at the Dead of Night,
Neither defend themselves, nor fly, nor fight.

Mov'd by *Otrides* Words, without delay 375

Thro' Fire and Sword, I cut my dreadful Way,
Where Groans of dying Men, and clam'rous Cries
In sad Confusion reach the azure Skies.

Iphitus first we met, to him were known

By the dim Glim'ring of the pale-fac'd Moon. 380

Then *Ripheus*, *Hypanis*, and *Dymas* join
Their friendly Strength, and *Mygdon's* youthful Son,
Who fair *Cassandra's* Charms so far obey'd,
He brought her Father there a gen'rous Aid.

Unhappy Youth ! that did not first regard 385

His Spouse's Prophecies, nor the God rever'd.

These when I saw the Battel durst maintain,

I said, Brave Youths, your Courage is in vain ;

But if your Breasts burn with such daring Flames,

You see our Fortune now is in extremes. 390

The Gods have left our Altars, by whose Pow'r

Our Empire stood ; and Flames will *Troy* devour :

Then 'midst our thickest Foes let's bravely on,

The Conquer'd's Safety is, to hope for none.

Thus the bold Youths inspir'd with desp'rate Rage, 395

Like rav'nous Wolves that Hunger does engage,

When they in Midnight Storms their Young neglect,

Who with desiring Jaws their Food expect :

So we court certain Death amidst our Foes,

And press thro' all, the *Grecians* to oppose. 400

Dark-

Darkneſs ſurrounds us with its diſmal Shade ;
 Who can deſcribe the Murthers that Night made ?
 Whoſe Tears equal the Toils we've undergone ?
Troy ſinks in Ruins, tho' ſhe triumph'd long ;
 In ev'ry place Death and Deſtruction meet, 405
 In ſacred Fanes, our Houſes, and each Street.
 Nor do the *Trojans* only yield to Fate,
 But on the Conquerors they retaliate.
 Their ancient Courage once again recal,
 And in exchange for *Trojans*, *Grecians* fall. 410
 ' On ev'ry ſide reſound Groans mix'd with Fears,
 ' And griſly Death in a thouſand Shapes appear ;
 The firſt bold *Greek*, Head of a num'rous Train,
Androgeos was, who mix'd among our Men,
 Believing we were Friends, and kindly ſaid, 415
 Make haſte, away, you have your time delay'd ;
 Others are plund'ring *Troy*, while you ſtay loit'ring here,
 Back to our Navy they the Spoils will bear.
 We anſw'ring not, what he might well expect,
 He was ſurpriz'd, began then to reflect, 420
 That he was fall'n among his mortal Foes ;
 And ſoon as e'er we ſpake, he backwards goes :
 Juſt like a heedleſs Traveller in haſte,
 That with his Feet an unſeen Snake hath preſt,
 Trembling ſtarts back, while ſhe ereſts her Creſt, } 425
 And ſwells with Anger : ſo *Androgeos* flies
 Frighted, ere well he views his daring Enemies ;

We

We rush on boldly, hemm them quite around,
 With fear they yield, and ignorance of the Ground.
 Encourag'd now by Fortune's early Aid, 430
 The glad *Choræbus* thus exulting said,
 My Friends, Fortune thus far has led the way,
 Let us go on, and her Decrees obey;
 First change our Arms, with *Grecian* Ensigns go,
 All Arts are good against a treach'rous Foe. 435
 So Fate ordains, he makes *Androgeus* yield
 To him his Sword, his Helmet, and his Shield;
 Then *Ripheus*, *Dymas* too, and all the rest,
 Glad of these Spoils, in *Grecian* Arms were drest;
 ' Then mix with *Greeks*, as if the Gods decreed, 440
 Who wore their Armour only should succeed;
Trojans, thus arm'd, did make the *Grecians* bleed. }
 Some to their Ships retreat, some seek the distant
 Shore,

Some reascend the fatal Horse once more.

In vain we fight against the Pow'rs Divine; 445
 Behold, *Cassandra* from *Minerva's* Shrine,
 Dragg'd by the Hair, imploring Heav'n in vain,
 While the hard Cords her tender Hands constrain.
Choræbus' Soul with burning Anger glows,
 And straight he flies amidst his murd'ring Foes; 450
 We second him, and break through all oppose. }
 Danger and Death we tread beneath our Feet;
 But here our Ruins from our Friends we meet;

Darts

Darts from the Tow'rs, like Lightning from the Sky,
Fall on us thick, and us with *Greeks* destroy. 455

This way by fatal Error *Trojans* fell,
And by the Rescue *Grecians* knew us well,
When from all parts *Ulysses*, *Ajax* came,
And the *Atridae* fresh Assaults proclaim ;
As Winds assembling meet from ev'ry Coast, 460

Make Sea and Earth submit, so does a num'rous Host ;
So do the *Greeks*, and all who 'scape their Pow'r
This Moment, meet it next approaching Hour ;
The *Greeks* increase, superior Numbers swell :

By *Peneleus*, brave *Chorabus* fell, 465

His Blood the Goddess's sacred Shrine did stain
And *Ripheus*, that bold *Trojan*, there was slain,
Of *Dardan* Race the bravest, justest Man !

Dymas and *Hypanis*, hard Fate, alas !

Each by his Comrade blindly murder'd was. 470

Nor could *Apollo's* sacred Wreaths save thee,
O *Pantheus* ! or thy wonted Piety.

And now I call *Troy's* Ashes to record,

If in her Cause I e'er refus'd my Sword,

Or once declin'd to meet the boldest *Greek*, 475

But Fate ordain'd me other Realms to seek ;

Iphitus' feeble Age quits slow the Ground,

And *Pelias* flower, from *Ulysses'* wound.

From *Priam's* Palace now the Cries encrease

So hot the Battel there, as if elsewhere at Peace, 480

And all the City were in perfect ease.

We

We saw the *Greeks* approach with furious Rage,
 Mount the high Walls, and with their Shields engage,
 While Darts and Arrows from the Turrets fly,
 They scale with Ladders, and their Arms defy. 485
 Now these assault, and now the *Trojans* seize
 On Stones or Wood, such useful Tools as these
 They tumble down, as the best force they have
 To stop their Progress, and the Palace save.
 Something refresh'd, we now resolv'd to try 490
 Our last Effort to save the King or die.
 A private Passage by a Postern lay,
 Which to the King's Apartments led the Way,
 By which *Andromache* was wont to bring
 Her little Son to see the aged King. 495
 This way we mount the highest Battlement,
 From whence our Darts on *Greeks* in vain were spent;
 This Tow'r stood on a Precipice so high
 The lofty Turrets seem'd to kiss the Sky,
 From thence we could all *Troy* with ease survey 500
 The *Grecian* Fleet and Armies as they lay.
 The Beams of this we loose, which, like a Cloud
 From which the Thunder breaks, sudden and loud,
 Falls down and macerates the *Grecian* Crowd: }
 Tho' still we spare no force to make them bleed, 505
 Others as fast do in their room succeed.
 Just at the entrance daring *Pyrrhus* stood
 In gilded Arms, bold in his youthful Blood;

So in the Spring we see a Serpent, laid
 On pois'nous Herbs and Plants, whereon he fed, } 510
 Newly arise from out his Winter Bed,
 Dress'd in fresh Garb, he gallant shews and young }
 And rears his speckled Breast against the Sun,
 ' Circles his Tail, and brandishes his Tongue. }
 With him bold *Periphas*, *Auomedon*, 515
 Who drove *Achilles'* fiery Steeds, came on,
 Follow'd by all the Youth of *Scyros'* Isle,
 Who flung vast flaming Firebrands up the Pile ;
Pyrrhus himself first a wide Passage broke
 Thro' Bars of Brass, and Beams of solid Oak : 520
 The House they enter, and the Rooms of State,
 Where *Priam* and the *Dardan* Kings once sat.
 At the first Gate the armed Guards oppose,
 The inner Rooms are fill'd with Shrieks and Noise.
 The tender Matrons, wild with these Alarms, 525
 Cling round the Marble Pillars with their Arms ;
Pyrrhus, full of his Sire, throws all things down,
 Guards, Gates, Men, Walls, and Ramparts are o'er-
 thrown,
 With such forc'd Violence the Hinges fly,
 And as the *Grecians* enter, *Trojans* die. 530
 Not with such Fury flows a torrent Stream,
 And overturns with Rage th' opposing Dam.
 Shepherds and Sheep to the Destruction yield,
 While foaming Floods plough up the fertile Field :
 These

These Eyes saw *Pyrrhus*, drunk with bloody Rage, 335
And both th' *Atrida* enter and engage.
I saw the Queen, who 'mong her Women stood,
While *Priam* fed the Sacrifice with Blood;
There fifty Nuptial Beds the Palace grace,
The hopes of *Troy* and *Priam's* ancient Race, 340
There stately foreign Spoils demolish'd lie
Prey to the *Grecians*, or the Flames of *Troy*.

' Now the King's Fate perhaps you may demand,
He, *Troy* destroy'd, his Empire at a stand,
His very Palace by the *Greeks* possess'd, 345
And all his Family at once distress'd;
Girds on his Arms, and is resolv'd to try
His feeble Force, or, rather thus to die.
Amidst the Buildings of the Palace, where
An Altar stood, expos'd to open Air, 350
Near which an aged Laurel faintly spread
His with'ring Bows the Household Gods to shade:
Thither the Queen with all her Children fled }
For safe Protection from a cruel Doom,
As Doves that see approaching Tempests come. 355
But when the Queen saw *Priam* clad in Arms,
She cry'd, O wretched Spouse, what dire Alarms,
What Rage provokes thee to our Aid in vain?
Whom *Hector* cou'd not save, were he alive again.
Rather stay here than from this Altar fly, 360
As we have liv'd, together let us die,

Weeping she said, and with kind Arms embrac'd
 The aged King, and by the Laurel plac'd.
 See now *Polites* from fierce *Pyrrhus* flies
 Thro' all the Court, at last before his Father dies. 565
 The brave old King, tho' now set round with Death,
 Thus, void of Fear or Grief, express'd his Wrath.
 The Gods reward thee, if their Pow'rs remain,
 And they have still regard to Mortal Man,
 Whose Rage had on my Son neglected lain, 570
 Hadst thou not dy'd the Father with a Purple stain.
 From great *Achilles* thou cou'dst ne'er descend,
 He scorn'd such Cruelty, was more a Friend,
 And blush'd when ask'd for what he forthwith sent,
 My *Hector's* Body from his *Grecian* Tent. 575
 With that th' old Man threw from his feeble Arm
 A-Spear, that bounded on the Target void of Harm.
 Then *Pyrrhus* answer'd: To the Shades be gone,
 And tell my Father of his wicked Son.
 This said, thro' his Son's Blood the King he drew, 580
 And barb'rously upon the Altar flew.
 * Thus *Priam* fell, thus did his State expire,
 He saw at once his Empire lost, and *Troy* on fire;
 He who such mighty Kingdoms rul'd before,
 Lies unregarded on the *Trojan* Shore, } 585
 A headless Trunk that bears a Name no more.
 Then, not till then, quick Terror chill'd my Blood,
 Amaz'd, whilst ghastly Horror round me stood;

My

My Sire brought to my Mind by *Priam's* Fate,
Lest as their Years their Death should bear like date ; 590
My anxious Thoughts, my Wife, my Son, expose,
My plunder'd House, all Prey to cruel Foes :
I look'd around, to see what Friends were left,
But found (alas) I was of all bereft ;
Or, spent by Toil, some from the Roof leap'd down, 595
Or by Despair in raging Fires are thrown.
Alone I wander'd, looking ev'ry where,
While flaming *Troy* enlighten'd all the Air ;
In *Vesta's* Temple *Helena* I spy'd,
Silent she lurk'd, her Treachery to hide ; 600
(Dreading her injur'd Lord, deserved Wrath
Of *Greeks* and *Trojans*, common plague to both)
For Refuge (though the Goddess who dwells there
Abhorr'd her Crimes) she sate, Grief, Fury and Despair
Inflam'd my Soul to punish her for all, 605
And so revenge my sinking Countrey's fall.
And must she then to *Sparta* safe return ?
And shall our Spoils her gaudy Pomp adorn ?
' Must she her Children, Parents, Home review,
And Marriage-Joys, from which she fled, renew ? 610
Shall this proud Queen in triumph cut the Waves,
Attended by our *Phrygian* Dames, her Slaves ?
When by the Sword the Royal *Priam* dies,
And stately *Troy* consum'd in Ashes lies ;
' For this the *Dardan* Shoars and *Xanthus' Flood* 615
' So oft bedew'd, and overflow'd with Blood ?

No, though a Woman's Death deserves no Praise,
 So mean a Conquest never crown'd with Bays,
 Yet some esteem her Punishment shall grace,
 That I remov'd this Curse of human Race ; 620
 At least I shall my eager Vengeance please,
 ' And by her Blood the *Trojan* Ghosts appease.
 ' While thus I rave, while Rage transports my Mind,
 My glorious Parent, all with Light inbrin'd,
 All heav'nly great, shooting thro' Shades of Night 625
 Appears to me, and shews divinely bright ;
 Not as before, but as to Pow'rs above
 She shines all Goddess and the Queen of Love :
 She stay'd my threatening Arm, and thus begun
 From rose Lips : What Grief provokes my Son 630
 ' To such unmanly Rage ? why thus forego
 Your care of us ? abandon'd to the Foe
Ascanius' Youth, your Wife, *Anchises*' Age,
 Inclos'd by Horror and the *Grecian* Rage ;
 Nor had they now surviv'd, but by my care 635
 Withdrawn from Flames, and Dangers of the War.
 You ought not *Helen*'s hated Beauty blame,
 Nor was't from *Paris*' Crime your Mischief came ;
 The Gods incens'd the *Trojan* State o'erthrow.
 You to their Anger your Destruction owe : 640
 To prove this true, look up, while I dissolve
 The shady Veils your mortal Sight involve :
 Fear not, my Son, perform what I decree,
 Where Tow'rs thrown down, Stones rent from Stones
 you see, Whence

Whence Smoke and Dust arise, like rolling Waves 645
The Walls from their Foundations *Neptune* heaves,
The Temples, Castles, Houses, tumbles down,
And with his Trident overturns the Town.

See by the *Scæan* Gate arm'd *Juno* stands,
And from their Ships invites the *Grecian* Bands; 650

Above the Castle there see *Pallas* wield
(Shrin'd in a Cloud) the *Gorgon* on her Shield,
Ev'n *Jove* fresh Courage to the *Greeks* supplies,
Nay 'gainst the *Trojans* arms the Deities:

Fly hence, my Son, haste, end your needless Toil, 655
For I will lead you to your ancient Soil.

This said, she mix'd with Night through humid Air.

' Dire Forms, and hostile Gods to *Troy* appear;

I saw devouring Flames through *Ilium* blown,
Built by the Gods, and by the Gods o'erthrown. 660

Thus sturdy Hinds with one another vie,
To fell a Mountain-ash, thus they surrounding ply
The Trunk with Blows, which threatening Nods and
Shakes

Its spreading top, long seems to dare the Axe;
Till to repeated Wounds with Groans it yields, 665
And, tumbling from the Rocks, spreads Ruin o'er the
Fields.

' Then I descend and 'scape through Foes and Fire,

" Before the Goddesses Foes and Flames retire;

Now at my Father's House, our ancient Seat,

My first, my chiefest care was his Retreat: 670

In vain I urge his Flight, refusing to enjoy
 A Life in Exile, or out-live his *Troy*.
 " Go you whose Blood runs warm in ev'ry Vein,
 Whose nervous Bodies solid Strength contain ;
 Haste, save your selves (he said) for had the Gods 675
 Design'd my worthless Being, these Abodes
 Had been preserv'd : Enough, too long I live,
 Since *Troy* once fell, and I its fall survive ;
 Suppose me dead, hence, and my Ashes leave,
 I can dispense with Ease to want a Grave, } 680
 Death from this Hand, or *Greeks* I shall receive,
 If not for Pity, yet for hopes of Prey.
 Too long ungrateful to the Gods I stay,
 Uneasy to my self ; since first the Sire
 Of Gods and Men struck me with heav'nly Fire. 685
 " Thus speaks *Anchises*, and persists to die.
 " My Wife, my Son, the Family, and I,
 Beg, pray, intreat, he wou'd not all involve
 In one sad Fate ; but he who cou'd resolve
 Can now deny, and hears us all complain. 690
 He stands his ground, and all our Tears are vain,
 Again, I run to Arms to urge my Fate,
 What Hope or Counsel cou'd my Woes abate ?
 Shall I, while Fate surrounds him, turn my Face ?
 And can a Father wish a Son so base ? 695
 If to subvert this Town, the Gods design,
 And you intend, or take delight to join

Your

Your self and Household to the sinking State;
' Let it be so, the Gate stands wide to Fate.
See *Pyrrhus* comes, in *Priam's* slaughter red, 706
Polites' Blood before the Altar shed,
Join'd with the Crimson of his Father's Veins,
Mingles the Royal Purple with his Stains.
Did you, my Mother, ah! for this convey
' Your Son through Flames, to see my House a Prey 708
To *Greeks*, while Father, Wife, *Ascanius*, all,
Drag'd in each others Blood, their Victim fall?
To Arms! to Arms! Who brings me Arms? Make
haste;
Vanquish'd, Fate calls us, and this Day's our Last:
Restore me to the Foes and let us try 710
The Fight, for unreveng'd we will not die.
Again I gird my Sword and shake my Shield,
But, running eager to repeat the Field,
Her self *Crensa* in the Threshold throws,
Embrac'd my Feet, and young *Iulus* shows: 713
If thou wilt die (she cries) lead us to share
Thy Fate, but if thou boldly trust in War,
Defend this House, protect *Iulus'* Life,
Anchises' Age, and me, your once lov'd Wife.
Whilst she complain'd, and Tears attend her cries, 720
A dazzling Vision strikes our wondring Eyes;
A beamy Light o'er young *Iulus* spread,
And ray'd with circumscribing Flames his Head,
' Curls in his Locks and on his Temples sed,

In his griev'd Parents Arms—— 725

The sacred Fire (amaz'd with ghastly Fear)

“ We strive to quench, or shake it from his Hair;

But glad *Anchises* cast his Hands and Eyes

Up to the starry Spheres, and thus he cries;

Almighty *Jove* (if Pray'rs can turn thy Mind) } 730

Look on us now, and afterward prove kind

As we deserve, this sacred Omen bind.

“ Scarce had he said, when, on our Left, we hear

A Peal of Thunder rend the trembling Air;

From Heav'n a Star shot through the Shades of Night,

We saw it draw a streaming Trail of Light, 736

Our Way directing o'er the Buildings glides

To *Ida*'s Wood, and there its Splendor hides:

With sulph'rous Smoke it fill'd the tainted Air,

Anchises, overcome, ador'd the Star. 740

“ The Gods invoc'd, now, now there's no delay,

“ I follow wheresoe'er you lead the way;

My Countrey Gods defend my Race, protect

My young *Iulus*; from you we expect

“ The Hopes of *Troy*, make good what you foreshow, 745

“ Now, Son, I yield, and am content to go.

He said, when from the Walls new Cracklings rise,

We scorch, and brighter Terror scares our Eyes:

Haste, load me with my Sire, a Weight so dear

My willing Sinews cannot shrink to bear, 750

Or Death or Safety be our Labour's End,

No sever'd Fortune shall our Steps attend,

While

While by the Hand I young *Ascanius* lead,
 My Wife shall follow and our Footsteps tread.
 " You my Attendants heed my strict Commands. 755
 " Without the Gate a ruin'd Temple stands
 To *Ceres* sacred, on a Rising, near
 An ancient Cypress fatal Boughs appear,
 Preserv'd by our Fore-fathers pious Care ;
 Each taking sev'ral Ways this Shrine let's make 760
 Our Place to meet in ; you, dear Father, take
 Our Household Gods and Relicks, which for me,
 Uncleans'd, to handle were Impiety,
 Coming from War, whom Blood and Slaughter stain,
 Unwash'd I shou'd their holy Rites profane. 765
 Then with a Lion's Spoils I cloath my Back,
 ' And the dear Load upon my Shoulders take ;
 With Steps unequal young *Iulus* leant
 On my right Arm, behind *Crensa* went ;
 Through Roads obscure we sadly march along : 770
 Now I whom just before, not all the Throng
 Of *Grecians* arm'd, not all their Darts cou'd fright,
 By ev'ry Shadow and by gloomy Night,
 By every Breath of Wind, and Sound dismay'd,
 For my Companions tremble, for my Load afraid. 775
 ' We now the ruin'd Gates approach'd at last ;
 ' And thought the Dangers of the Way were past ;
 ' Then on a sudden trampling Feet we hear,
 My Father frightened crys, Fly Son, they'r near,
 Their shining Helms, and glitt'ring Shields appear. } 780
 I know

I know not here by what unfriendly God
 Surpriz'd, afraid, I wander from the Road,
 Striving to hide in unknown Paths I trod :
 " Alas, I lost *Cressa*, hard to tell,
 " If by her cruel Destiny she fell, 785
 Or if to Toils unus'd, with Cares oppress'd,
 And weary grown she laid her down to rest,
 Or if she miss'd her way ; but since that Hour
 (Whate'er beset) I ne'er beheld her more.
 We all at *Ceres'* sacred Shrine arriv'd 790
 E'er I reflected, or her Loss perceiv'd ;
 But there, alas, she came not, she alone
 ' Deceiv'd us all, her Husband, Father, Son :
 How did I rave ? How did I then complain ?
 ' What Gods and Men did I accuse in vain ? } 795
Troy's cruel Fall ne'er caus'd such Grief, such Pain.
 I left our Gods, *Julus*, and my Sire,
 To trusty Friends, then through the Vale retire ;
 To *Troy* return in dazling Arms involv'd,
 To risk all Hazards once again resolv'd : 800
 First by the Walls, then to the Gate I pass'd
 By which I sally'd out ; each Step retrac'd
 With zealous Care, I pry'd through Shades of Night,
 Honor and Silence all around afright.
 Then to my House I went to seek her there, 805
 That *Greeks* possess'd and rifled every where ;
 There forc'd by Winds, above the Roofs arise
 Devouring Flames, whose Fury dares the Skies.

Thence

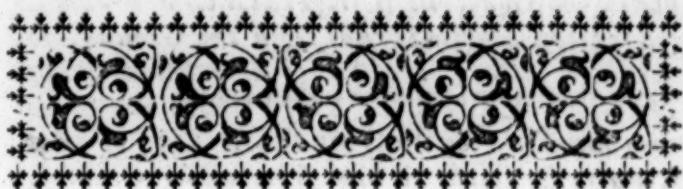
Thence to the Palace went, next to the Tow'r,
 And then to *Juno's* Temple ; at the Door 810
 Of which fierce *Phœnix* and *Ulysses* stay,
 Elected Keepers of the *Trojan* Prey :
 There all *Troy's* Riches were together roll'd,
 ' The Tables of the Gods of massy Gold ;
 ' With golden Cups from burning Altars caught, 815
 Thither the Vestments of the Priests were brought :
 Of blooming Youths I saw a Captive Band,
 Whose mourning Mothers round them trembling stand.
 Where'er I pass I on *Cressa* call,
 I fill with Cries the Houses, Streets ; through all 820
 In vain *Cressa* sadly I proclaim,
 A thousand times repeat the dear lov'd Name :
 Lamenting thus I roam through ev'ry Street,
 At length *Cressa's* airy shadow meet,
 ' Far bigger than the Life ; amaz'd with Fear 825
 Which choak'd my Words, and rais'd my frightened
 Hair,
 It thus began to ease my anxious Care.
 My dearest Lord, why thus indulge your Grief ?
 'Gainst Heav'n's Decrees Complaints yield no relief ;
 It is forbid by *Jove*, who rules the Sky, 830
 That thy *Cressa* bear thee Company ;
 After long Exile and vast Oceans past,
 ' On *Latium's* Shoar thou shalt at length be cast,
 Where *Tyber's* Stream through flowry Meadows glides,
 There Fate a Royal Bride and Crown for thee provides ;

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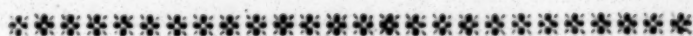
There all your Toils shall end, your Tears give o'er, 836
 ' And for your lov'd *Crensa* grieve no more.
 I shall not to *Theffalian* Shores be sent
 To serve the *Grecian* Dames in Banishment ;
 Of *Dardan's* Race, to *Venus* near ally'd, 840
 By *Cybele's* Commmands I here abide.
 Of our *Ascanius* take peculiar Care,
 Farewel. This said, she vanish'd into Air.
 All bath'd in Tears I stood, Grief ty'd my Tongue.
 Thrice round her Neck I wou'd my Arms have flung, 845
 And thrice the fleeting Shadow slip'd away
 Like yielding Winds, or Dreams less fix'd than they.
 Thus having spent the weary Night in vain,
 I to my Friends return ; a wretched Train
 Of either Sex I wond'ring there behold, 850
 Scap'd from the *Greeks* there Matrons, Men, Young, Old,
 Their Riches brought by Land, or o'er the Sea,
 Resolv'd to follow where I led the way.
 Now *Phosphorus* o'er *Ida's* Top arose
 And usher'd in the Day ; the *Grecian* Foes 855
 Besieg'd the Gates, vain were all hopes of Aid,
 ' I yield, and up the Hill my Sire convey'd.

The End of the Second Book.

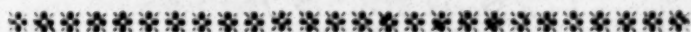
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VIRGIL's ÆNEIS.



BOOK III.



The CONTENTS.

Æneas goes on in the second Part of his Narration, his Voyage by Sea from Troy to Sicily, from thence to Carthage, and what happen'd to him in the way: Which is the Subject of the following Book. Æneas after the taking, burning and sack of Troy, builds a Fleet of twenty Ships privately at the Town of Antandros, near Mount Ida; with which he sets sail and lands in Thrace. As he is about the

U

build-

Building of a Town, while he designs a Sacrifice to the Gods, he is frighten'd by a Prodigy, for tearing Myrtle Shrubs from the Ground, to deck the Altar, the Twigs drop Blood. The Ghost of Polydore, King Priam's Son (who was murder'd by Polymnestor, King of that Countrey). speaks to him from under Ground, and relates his barbarous Murder. Æneas sets sail from thence, and touches at Delos; where he consults the Oracle of Apollo, which adviseth him to find out the Trojan's ancient Mother, which Anchises expounds to be the Island of Crete. Thither Æneas sails, lands, and builds a Town, but is forced from thence by a great Plague. Anchises commands him to return again to Delos, for a clearer Answer. But in the Night the Household Gods of Troy appear to Æneas, and inform him that Italy was the ancient Mother of the Trojan Race. They set sail for Italy; in their Course they are driven by a Storm upon the Isles named Strophades; where the Trojans land, and kill some Cattle on the Shoar. As they are at Meat they are distur'bd by the Harpyes. By Æneas's Order the Trojans fight against the Monsters. Celæno, one of the Number, speaks to the Trojans from a Rock, and prophesies they shall not fix their appointed Seat in Italy, till they are first compelled by Hunger to eat their Dishes and devour their Tables. The Trojans set sail from thence and touch at the Promontory of Actium, where they celebrate Games. From thence they sail to Epirus, where they land: And there Æneas finds Queen Andromache (the Wife of Hector) marry'd for the third time to Helenus,

nus, one of Priam's Sons, after the Death of Pyrrhus, Son to Achilles. And that Helenus reigned over the Greeks in Chaonia, a Prophet and High-Priest to Apollo. The Trojans are kindly receiv'd by Helenus and Andromache. Æneas is informed by Helenus, that Fate ordain'd him to fix in Italy, upon a River, where they should find a white Sow with thirty Piggs sucking her Teats. He is advised to shun the nearest Italian Coast, (now the Kingdom of Naples) because it was inhabited by the Greeks, and also to shun the Straits betwixt Sicily and Italy, (now the Fare of Messina) for fear of Scylla and Charybdis, but is wish'd to steer his Course to the Westward of Sicily, and so Coast it round. He is nobly presented with rich Gifts, and kindly dismissed by Helenus. Leaving Epirus, he sets sail towards Italy, passes by Tarentum, and touches upon the Coast of Sicily, near Mount Ætna: Where the Fleet lay all Night in a Creek; and there he takes aboard Achæmenides, one of the Companions of Ulysses, by whom he is inform'd of the Cruelty of the Cyclops, and Ulysses's Adventure in Polyphemus's Cave. Æneas and the Trojans, frightned at the sight of the blind Monster, set sail from Mount Ætna: And having exactly obey'd all was enjoyn'd by King Helenus, the Fleet came to a safe Harbour in the Port of Drepanum, on the Western Coast of Sicily, where Anchises died: From whence his Fleet set sail to Italy. The Navy was dispersed by the Tempest (mention'd in the First Book) and driven upon the Coast of A-

frick. *And this is the end of the Narration
hitherto.*



INCE now the Gods, by too severe
a Fate,

' Thought fit to overturn the Trojan
State,

With Priam's Race and his Imperial
Sway,

And Neptune's Walls in smoaking Ruins lay :

Repeated Omens told us their Commands, 3

To seek out empty Seats in foreign Lands :

Near Ida's Groves we built our Fleet, as yet

We knew not where to make a safe Retreat.

We draw together and our Vessels man,

When scarce the Summer's welcome Heat began ; 10

Then old Anchises order'd us to weigh,

And trust our Course to Fortune and the Sea.

Weeping we quit the Port, with Tears, alas !

With Tears we left the Shoar where Ilium was.

' My Friends, my Son, our great and lesser Gods 15

Banish'd with me, expos'd to raging Floods.

A spacious Land inclin'd to Arms and War

The Thracians till, Lycurgus govern'd there

In Ages past ; while Fate and Heaven were kind

' We were in Friendship and Religion join'd. 20

Driv'n by hard Fate to this dire Shoar we came,

I built a Town and call'd it by my Name.

I *Venus* and the Pow'rs Divine adore,
 And to our first Attempts their Aid implore.
 To mighty *Jove* a well-grown Bull I slew, } 25
 By chance I near a gentle Rising view,
 Where Hawthorn Shrubs with pointed Myrtle grew. }
 Thither I went to root them from the Ground,
 With leafy Boughs to deck the Altar round ;
 From the first Shrub which by the Roots I draw, 30
 A Wonder dreadful to relate I saw,
 ' Black bloody Drops distil, the Ground besmear,
 Cold Horror shook my Limbs, my Blood congeal'd with
 Fear !

Another Branch I tear, fully resolv'd
 To know the secret Cause this Sign involv'd : 35
 Again the wounded Root ran livid Gore !
 I stood amaz'd, then *Sylvan* Nymphs implore,
 And *Mars* o'er *Thrace* presiding, to avert
 ' This dire forebode, and happier Signs impart.
 But when with greater Force I kneel'd, and strove 40
 From the firm Ground the third Root to remove,
 Shall I relate it, or in Silence hide ?
 A mournful Voice from Earth's deep Hollow cry'd,
 A buried Corpse why does *Æneas* tear ?
 Why thus pollute his pious Hands ? O spare ! 45
 For I a *Trojan* am, ally'd to thee,
 ' This Blood distils not from the wounded Tree :
 Oh leave this cruel Land, this impious Shore !
 ' Fly, fly, from hence ; for I am *Polydore* :

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Whole Sheafs of pointed Arrows pierc'd me through, 50
Warm'd by my Blood these Trees from Arrows grew.

These Words my doubtful Soul oppress with fear,
And choak my Voice, up starts my frightened Hair.

This *Polydore* was hapless *Prian's* Son, } 55
Who, losing hopes to save his falling Throne,
His sinking State by *Grecian* Troops undone,
By stealth this Youth with Gold sent to the Care
Of *Polymnestor*, to secure from War;

He, when he saw the *Trojans* Fortune slide,
The faithless King, turn'd to the conqu'ring side: 60

He broke all Treaties and his Aid withdrew,

Inhumanly his Royal Pupil slew,

To gain his Gold. O thirst of Gold accurs'd!

On human Breasts what Ills by thee are forc'd?

This dreadful Prodigy, when rid of Fear, 65

I to my Sire, then to my Peers declare,

And their Advice demand without delay,

We yield to quit this Land and set to Sea.

We raise a Tomb and funeral Rites prepare

For murder'd *Polydore*; then Altars rear 70

To please his Ghost, which mournful Cypress crown'd,

Dishevel'd Matrons these in Tears surround:

Bowls of hot Milk we pour, and Victims Blood,

And at his Tomb thrice call his Ghost aloud.

Now Storms no longer on the Billows reign, 75

But gentle Breezes tempt us to the Main;

We

We launch'd our Ships, which cover'd all the Strand,
 Then quit the Port and leave the hated Land.
 Sacred to *Doris* and the Ocean's God,
 An Island lies in the *Ægean* Flood, 80
 A pleasant Land which floated heretofore,
 Till great *Apollo* to its foaming Shore
 The lofty *Gyarus* and *Mycon* ty'd,
 ' And now it braves the Winds and dares the Tide.
 A Port secure here for our Fleet we find, 85
 Tir'd with the Tossings of the Sea and Wind.
 We *Phœbus* Town adore, old *Anius* there,
 Both Priest and King, who deck'd his Silver Hair
 With Laurel Leaves, which sacred Fillets ty'd :
 Soon as the King his ancient Friend descri'd, 90
 He runs to his Embrace, they kindly join,
 Then to the Temple went ; before the Shrine
 Of antique Marble to the God I pray'd :
Thymbræan Father, by thy mighty Aid,
 End all our Wand'rings, give a resting Place, 95
 A lasting City, everlasting Race ;
 Preserve the poor Remains of ruin'd *Troy*,
 Whom *Greeks* nor fierce *Achilles* cou'd destroy ;
 Clear Omens send, inspire my doubtful Mind,
 And say what Land, what Seat's for us design'd ? 100
 Scarce had I said, when all began to move,
Apollo's Temple shook ; the sacred Grove,

The Laurels of the God ; the Mountains round ;
 Dismay'd, agast, we fell upon the Ground,
 And from the gaping *Tripes* roar'd this dreadful
 sound. 105

Dardans, from whence your Race you first derive,
 That very Land shall you again receive
 With open Arms ; your Toils shall there find rest,
 With care explore your ancient Mother's Breast :
 ' *Aeneas*' House there o'er the World shall reign, 110
 His Childrens Children, while Time lasts, remain :
 Thus spoke the God ; a welcome Joy arose
 Among the Croud. What Walls ? Where that Repose
 Which should their wandrings end, they all enquire :
 Times past revolving, thus my aged Sire. 115
 Ye *Trojan* Princes, learn from me this Day
 Your hopes, an Island bounds th' *Aegean* Sea,
 Nam'd *Crete* ; on which a hundred Cities stand,
 A Hill call'd *Ida* there ; a fertile Land :
 There *Jove* was born, and thence, it's said by Fame, 120
 ' To the *Rhetean* Shoar old *Tenace* came ;
 Where he a Kingdom chose, *Troy* yet unbuilt
 And *Ilium*'s Tow'rs, in humble Vales they dwelt ;
 Thence *Cybele*, the Mother of the Gods,
 Her tinkling Cymbals and *Idaan* Woods, 125
 Thence came her Rites for secrecy design'd ;
 To drawher Chariots, thence yolk'd Lions join'd.
 ' Let us that Land which Fate directs explore,
 " Appease the Winds, and seek the *Cretan* Shore.

' Our way is short, if *Jove* assist our Fleet, 130
 ' The third Days dawning lands us safe in *Crete*.
 This said, he to the Gods pay'd honours due ;
 To *Neptune*, and to bright *Apollo* flew,
 To each a Bull ; white Sacrifices please
 The Calm, and black the stormy Winds appease. 135
Idomeneus, expell'd his Father's Throne,
 Pursu'd by Plagues for off'ring up his Son,
 Abandon'd *Crete*, the Towns unpeopled lay,
 Our Foes retreat left us an easie Prey.
 Then leaving *Delos*' Port we scour'd the Flood ; 140
 First *Naxos* made, where *Bacchus* roar aloud ;
 By *Olearos* and white *Paros* veer'd,
 And then our Course to green *Donyssa* steer'd :
 Where *Cyclades* lay scatter'd in the Sea,
 Studded with Isles through Floods we made our way. 145
 The Seamen strive each other to out-vie,
 ' Exhort their Mates, to *Crete*, to *Crete*, they cry.
 By rising Winds, which fill'd our Sails, convey'd,
 At length *Curetes*' ancient Shore we made.
 With eager haste there I began to build 150
 Our wish'd for Seat, which I *Pergamea* styl'd :
 ' The name the *Trojans* pleas'd ; I all exhort
 ' To found their Dwellings and to raise a Fort :
 ' Most of our Ships we haul'd upon the Strand ;
 The careful *Trojans*, bent to till the Land, 155
 Work hard ; the sprightly Youth in marriage join,
 I give them Laws ; to each his Lot assign ;

When

When on a sudden came a deadly Year,
 A dreadful Plague infected all the Air,
 By which Men, Beasts, and Fowls and Fishes pin'd, 160
 And Trees and Plants in one destruction join'd.
 All sudden dy'd, or dragg'd a lingering Death,
 Hot *Sirius* scorch'd the Plains with his contagious Breath
 " Parch'd were the Herbs and blighted was the Corn,
 My Father straight commands me to return 165
 To *Phœbus*' sacred Isle, and there implore
 That God's Assistance; beg to know what Shore,
 What Land for us the cruel Fates intend,
 And where our Toils and Miseries would end.

'Twas Night, and sleep all weary Creatures shar'd; 170
 The figures of those Gods to me appear'd,
 Which I from flaming *Troy* had rescu'd; bright
 They seem'd, and cast around a dazzling Light;
 I saw them plainly, for the full fac'd Moon
 Darting her splendour through my Windows shone; 175
 ' And thus they spoke to ease my anxious care.
 That which *Apollo* wou'd to thee declare
 At *Delos*, he has sent us here to tell,
 We follow'd thee when lofty *Ilium* fell;
 With thee we cross'd the Seas, and to the Sky 180
 By us thy Race shall rise; thy great Posterity
 The World shall rule, for them thou Walls shalt make
 Great as their growing Fame: Inglorious Ease forsake,
 ' And fly from hence, for *Delos*' mighty God
 ' Ne'er gave the *Cretan* Shore for your Abode. 185

There

There lies a Countrey fruitful, warlike, bold,
Hesperia call'd by *Greeks*; this Land of old

‘ *OEnotrians* till’d, but now by later Fame
‘ Is styl’d *Italia*, from the Leader’s name :

‘ *Inſus* there, and *Dardanus* were born, 190

‘ From thence we came and thither muſt return.

‘ Arife, thy Site with theſe glad Tydings greet,

‘ Search *Italy*, for *Jove* denies thee *Crete*.

This Viſion ſtunn’d, the words increas’d my fear,
(For ’twas no Dream) the Wreaths which crown’d their

Hair 195

I ſaw and knew; their looks diſtinguiſh’d well :

Cold ſweat in drops from all my Body fell ;

I roſe in haſte, with Hands upheld I pray’d,

And Off’rings pure on holy Altars laid ;

Then all with Joy to ag’d *Anchiſes* told. 200

‘ His double Race, which he had heard of old,

He then rememb’ring found that his miſtake

From thence proceeded : Then reflecting ſpake ;

O Son, in *Troy*’s Miſfortunes troubl’d long,

Theſe fates to me divine *Cassandra* ſung, 205

And ſhe alone foretold this Chance, that we

Should reach *Hesperia*, reign in *Italy*,

That *Latinus* was our Land. But who cou’d ſo have
thought,

‘ Or who believ’d whate’er *Cassandra* taught ?

By *Phœbus* warn’d, let us purſue the way. 210

Anchiſes ſaid, we chearfully obey ;

‘ We

' We also quit this Land, leave few behind,
 ' Then hoist our Sails, and scour before the Wind.
 When sail'd so far that we descry'd no Land,
 But rolling Waves and Skies on ev'ry hand, 215
 A lowring Cloud, freighted with Storms and Night,
 Came rowling on; the gloomy Waves affright;
 Swell'd by the blust'ring Winds huge Seas arise,
 Tempest and humid Night obscur'd the Skies:
 Redoubl'd claps of Thunder burst the Clouds; 220
 Dispers'd, we wander'd through the raging Floods,
 " Ev'n *Palinurus* no distinction found
 " 'Twixt Night and Day, such darkness reign'd around!
 ' Three Sun-less Days amidst the Waves we stray,
 ' Three Star-less Nights, despairing of our way; 225
 The fourth Day dawning, we descry'd the Shore,
 Saw Hills afar, and Smoke from Hovels soar;
 Our Sails let fall, their Oars the Seamen ply'd,
 Their lusty strokes whirl'd back the foaming Tide.
 'Scap'd from the dangers of the raging Seas, 230
 We came to th' Isles, the *Greeks* call *Strophades*:
 There dwelt *Celano* and the *Havpyes* Race
 From *Phineas*, *Pallas* banish'd to this place.
 ' Monsters more cruel the offended Gods
 ' Ne'er sent, to plague the Globe from Hells abodes, 235
 Birds with a Virgin's Face and Vulture's Tail,
 Hands arm'd with Claws, their Looks with Hunger pale.
 While in the Port our Ships at Anchor ride,
 Upon the Plain a wanton Herd we spy'd,

And flocks of Goats, which, stragling all around 240
 Without a Keeper, graz'd the thymy Ground.
 With Darts we kill, and to our noble treat
 The Gods invite ; while on the Shore we eat,
 ' Down from the Mountains with a sudden cry,
 ' Clapping their Wings, the cruel *Harpyes* fly ; 245
 Snatching our Meat a loathsome Odour cast,
 With Hands impure defil'd our princely Feast ;
 Then to a dark retreat remote we made,
 Under a hollow Rock, a gloomy Shade ;
 Thick Trees around us spread, we Altars rear, 250
 And, kindling Fires, again we Meat prepare :
 Again from lurking Holes the hateful Crew
 Shriek'd in the Air, and round the Tables flew.
 Their poison'd Mouths our Meat infect ; prepare
 Your Arms (I cry'd) with hateful *Harpyes* war. 255
 My Men obey my Orders, and provide
 Their Swords and Bucklers, and in Sedges hide ;
 And when the *Harpyes* flew their dismal Rounds
 Along the Shoar, the Charge *Mifenus* sounds
 High from a Rock ; the *Trojans* straight engage, 260
 And Wars unknown with Sea-born Monsters wage.
 But all in vain, their Plumes are proof to Harms,
 Their scaly Hides resist our feeble Arms ;
 Through Regions of the Air they fled away,
 And left half eaten the infected Prey. 265
 One of the baleful Crew, *Celano*, spoke
 (Ill boading Prophet high perch'd on a Rock)

You *Trojans* kill our Flocks, and next you dare
 Against our harmless Race begin a War,
 And drive from *Neptune's* Empire with your Swords, 270
 Heed what I say, remember all my words :
 What *Jove* to *Phæbus*, he to me foreshews,
 I, Queen of Furies, to your Ears disclose ;
 For *Italy* you steer, and Winds implore,
 You shall in safety reach th' *Italian* Shore, 275
 But shall not wall the Town the Fates have giv'n,
 Till for this slaughter, by fierce Hunger driv'n
 To eat your Tables, and your Plates devour.
 This said, she flew to Woods, which hem the Shore.
 Horror and Fear congeal'd the *Trojans* Blood, 280
 Their Courage fell, no longer they withstood
 The *Harpyes* ; Furies, Birds unclean, or both,
 All cry, with Vows and Pray'rs t' appease their Wrath.
 Then on the Shore *Anchises* lifts his Hands,
 Invokes the Gods, to them due Rites commands ; 285
 Great Gods, appeas'd, this Curse avert, and save
 Us your Adorers. Haulsers broke, we leave
 The dismal Shore, he bids all take to Sea,
 With full blown Sails we make our foaming way.
 Amidst our Course *Dulichium's* Woods appear, 290
 Near *Samos* and *Néritos'* Hills we steer ;
 ' From *Ithaca* we fly, and curse the Land
 ' Where stern *Ulysses* bore supreme command.
 These past, *Leucates'* foggy Top we made,
 ' Then *Phæbus'* Temple, which the Seamen dread, 295

With

With rowing tir'd, approach the little Town,
 Near Land our Anchors from our Prows cast down.
 ' Here safe, beyond our hopes, to *Jove's* great name
 Our Hearts with Vows, with Victims Altars flame ;
 Our Youth anointed, solemnize with Joy 300
 On *Ælian* Shoar, their native Games of *Troy*.
 The thoughts of danger past inspire delight,
 ' Scaping from *Greeks*, through *Grecian* Towns by flight.
 The Sun had now his yearly Course perform'd,
 Rough *Boreas*, blust'ring on the Ocean storm'd ; 305
 ' The brazen Shield which mighty *Atlas* bore,
 ' I fix'd to Pillars of the lofty Door,
 Inscib'd a Verse which the bold Deed explain'd,
 ' From conqu'ring *Greeks* these Spoils *Aeneas* gain'd.
 " Then I command to weigh ; the Seamen ply } 310
 ' Their nimble Oars, and with each other vie,
 The Gallies through the yielding Billows fly. }
Corfu's high Cliffs we lose, *Epirus' Shore*
 We coast along, then to *Chaonia* bore,
 Then to *Buthrotus' lofty City* came, 315
 " Where wondrous things are loudly blaz'd by Fame,
 That *Helenus* o'er *Grecians* reign'd, King *Priam's* Son,
 " Succeeding *Pyrrhus* in his Bed and Throne.
Andromache, great *Hector's* Wife, I find
 Once more in Wedlock to a *Trojan* join'd. 320
 At once surpriz'd, with strong desire possess'd,
 To hear such Fortune by this Prince express'd,

Leaving my Fleet I from the Port remove.
 Near *Simois*' feigned Flood within a Grove,
 Before the Town bedew'd in mournful Tears, 325
Andromache two grassy Altars rears
 To *Hector*'s shade, on them sad Gifts bestow'd,
 And to his empty Tomb his Ghost thrice call'd aloud.
 When me she saw bright *Trojan* Arms surround,
 Wonder and Fear her fainting Senses bound; 330
 Long while entranc'd, at length she scarcely said,
 See I *Aeneas*, or his airy Shade?
 ' O Goddess born, if death hath shut your Eyes,
 Where is my *Hector*? then with sighs and cries
 She rent the Air, raging with Grief, while I 335
 With stamm'ring Accents made this short reply.
 I surely live and breathe this vital Air,
 Through all the sad extremities of War,
 Doubt not, no Phantoms to your Eyes appear. }
 What chance has thee befall'n, since of thy Lord de-
 priv'd? 340
 What Fortune worthy thee, to thee arriv'd?
 Can *Hector*'s Wife submit to *Pyrrhus*' Bed?
 With Looks dejected, humble Voice she said,
Polyxena, thrice happy in thy Doom!
 By *Ilium*'s Walls, upon *Achilles*' Tomb, 345
 You 'scap'd the hostile Lots, by Death set free
 From loath'd embraces of the Enemy;
 Whilst I, alas! from burning *Troy* convey'd,
 Through distant Seas (to slav'ry born) obey'd

Achille

Achilles' haughty House, forc'd to fulfil 350
The fierce desires of proud young *Pyrrhus'* Will ;
' Gloy'd with Possession he forsook my Arms,
To find new Joys in *Helen's* Daughter's Charms ;
To *Helenus* fierce *Pyrrhus* me resign'd,
His Royal Slaves in *Hymen's* Bonds he join'd ; 355
Enrag'd *Orestes* for his ravish'd Fair
' Haunted by Furies, rack'd with deep Despair
From conscious Guilt, unwary *Pyrrhus* drew
To *Phæbus'* Shrine, and at his Altar flew.
By *Pyrrhus'* Death part of his Kingdom came 360
To *Helenus* ; from *Trojan Chæon's* name,
He all these Fields around *Chaonia* calls.
This *Pergamus* he built, and rais'd new *Ilium's* Walls.
But thee what Fates, what Winds have hither blown,
And unexpected on these Coasts have thrown ? 365
What is become of young *Iulus* ? say,
If he be dead, or views the chearful day,
Whom *Troy* to thee -----
How does the Youth his Mother's Loss bemoan ?
Do thoughts of thee or *Hector* push him on, } 370
To imitate the glorious Deeds you've done ?
Thus wept the Queen, and thus complain'd in vain,
When *Helenus* comes with a Royal Train
To meet his Friends, whom to the Court he led,
And Tears of Joy pursu'd each word he said : 375
Marching along, there *Pergamus* I see,
' And *Troy* renew'd in her Epitome :

I saw parch'd *Xanthus*' Shoar ; I there embrac'd
 The *Scean* Gate. With me my *Trojans* pass'd
 Up to the friendly Town, where us the King receiv'd 380
 In stately Rooms, and all our Wants reliev'd,
 With royal Banquets, and with sprightly Wine ;
 And golden Goblets round the Tables shine :
 ' Thus one Day past, another came, fair Gales
 ' Blew from the South, and fill'd our swelling Sails. 385
 Accosting thus the Prophet I implore,
 O *Trojan* Augur, who know'st *Phæbus*' Power,
 His Tripods, Laurels, what the twinkling Stars,
 The Notes of Birds, and what their Flight declares ;
 ' Oh speak ; for all religious Rites portend 390
 ' To my long Wandrings a successful end ;
 The Gods my Course to *Italy* enjoyn'd,
 Foretold that distant Land for me design'd :
 But dismal Famine, Prodigies unknown,
 And dreadful Wrath *Celano* has foreshewn : 395
 ' What are the Dangers I am first to shun ?
 How shall I through such threatning Mischiefs run ?
 Then *Helenus* with usual Victims crown'd
 The Altars, and, his sacred Wreaths unbound,
 Implor'd the Gods ; me to the Temple led 400
 ' Of great *Apollo*, struck with awful dread :
 Then from his Lips divine these numbers flow ;
 O Goddess-born, (for greater Pow'rs foreshew
 That thou must cross the Main : This *Jove* decrees,
 Thus Fate ordains, thus roll the Destinies.) 405

‘ Of many things, a few I will explain,
‘ That thou may’st safely pass the friendly Main,
‘ And the *Ausonian* Shores at length attain :
But neither Fate nor *Juno* will allow
Me what remains to tell, or you to know. 410
Of *Italy* (which you, deceiv’d, think near,
And now to enter in its Ports prepare)
No Way, no Track, but Waters vastly wide,
The distant Coasts from *Græcian* Shores divide ;
Your Oars must first *Sicilian* Billows sweep, 415
And cut the Surges of th’ *Ausonian* Deep :
You first must view the burning Lakes below,
In sight of *Æa* *Circe*’s Island row,
E’er to erect your Town safe Ground you find :
These signs I shew, imprint them in your Mind ; 420
When, pensive, you by Streams unknown shall spy
A huge white Sow with thirty young ones lie
Beneath an Oak, white as their Dam ; there found
Your lofty Walls, that Place your Toils shall bound :
Then let not eating Dishes thee dismay, 425
‘ *Phæbus* implor’d will hear, and Fates will work their
way.

But fly that Land oppos’d to *Latium*’s Shore,
Upon whose Coasts th’ *Ionian* Billows roar ;
Our Enemies, the *Greeks*, inhabit there,
And there their Walls *Narycian* *Locrians* rear : 430
Idomeneus bears sway o’er the *Salentine* Lands,
Pesilia’s built by *Philœtetes*’ hands :

But

But when your Fleet has safely past the Sea,
 And on new Altars you Devotions pay,
 ' With purple veil your Head, lest hostile Eyes 435
 Disturb the Rites and blast the Sacrifice :
 This sacred Use you and your Friends retain,
 These Rites for ever to your Seed remain.
 When you fair Winds on Cape *Pelorus* bear,
 When the *Sicilian* Straights more op'n appear, 440
 Then tack, and let your Fleet to Larboard stand,
 ' Thus steer your Course, veer Starboard Sea and Land ;
 These Countries heretofore together join'd,
 And *Italy* fair *Sicily* confin'd :
 This Fame reports, till Seas and Tempests rent 445
 This fruitful Island from the Continent.
 Thus all things yield to Time's devouring force :
 A narrow Torrent with a raging Course
 Runs 'twixt their Cities and divided Shores,
 And with impetuous Eddies foaming roars : 450
 Mischapen *Scylla* on the Right abides,
 Cruel *Charybdis* on the Left resides,
 Thrice in her Gulph devours the Waves, and then
 Thrice to the Stars she spouts them up again.
Scylla a Dungeon horrible secures, 455
 Her Head above the Waves, the Ships on Rocks allures,
 This triform Monster has a human Face,
 And Virgin Breasts her beauteous Body grace ;
 Below her Waste she ends a hideous Whale,
 With howling Dogs join'd to her Dolphin's Tail. 460

'Tis

'Tis safer then to coast *Pachynus* near,
 Or to the Sea a Course more distant bear;
 Than view dire *Scylla* in her Grotto bound,
 And Rocks which to her yelling Dogs resound.
 Besides, if Prescience to a Proppher's due, 465
 Or if I merit any Faith from you,
 Inspir'd by *Phœbus*, if I Truths divine,
 O Goddess born, I first of all injoin,
 And oft repeating this, again advise,
 To *Juno* offer solemn Sacrifice, 470
 With humble Gifts submissively implore,
 Make Vows to her, and her great Pow'r adore.
 Thus you at length shall your great Ends obtain,
 And leaving *Sicily*, *Ausonia* gain.
 When you arrive at *Cuma*, and the Wood 475
 Which echo's to *Avernus*' sacred Flood,
 A raging Prophetess you there shall see,
 Who from her Caves sings what the Fates decree,
 Her mystick Numbers writes on Leaves, and then
 In order lays, and lurks within her Den. 480
 Before the Door they lie as they were plac'd,
 But if that Opening, or some gentle Blast
 Shou'd them disorder, she no more will sing,
 Nor when once scatter'd to contexture bring.
 Thus many unresolv'd forsake the Maid, 485
 And hate her gloomy Cell and mystick Shade.

' Think

' Think it not tedious there a while to stay,
 Though prosp'rous Gales should summon thee away,
 ' Or though thy Friends shou'd blame thy short Delay. }
 Visit the Priestess, her with Prayers intreat 490
 To sing, not write on Leaves thy unknown Fate;
 She will inform thee of th' *Italian* Land,
 From her thou shalt that People understand;
 Thy future Wars to thee she will declare,
 And teach thee how thy Toils to shun or bear; 495
 She will, implor'd, a happy Voyage show,
 This is what I may tell or you may know.
 Go on, brave Prince, and to the spangl'd Skies
 By thy great Deeds may *Ilium's* Fame arise.

Thus *Helenus* the Fates Decrees foretold, } 500
 Then to my Fleet sent Ivory and Gold,
 All rarely carv'd or cast in antique Mould.
 Brass from *Dodona* with great Art prepar'd,
 And every Ship a Sum of Silver shar'd;
 To me a Coat of Mail and Helm he gave, 505
 That wrought with Gold, on this gay Feathers wave;
 These Arms belong'd to *Pyrrhus* heretofore,
 Nor was my Sire forgot; he gave us store
 Of Horses, and of Pilots skill'd to guide
 Our Ships, which he with Men and Oars supply'd. 510

' Mean while *Anchises*' bids prepare our Sails,
 " Lest we should lose the first auspicious Gales;
 To him with great Respect the Prophet said,
 O thou whom *Venus* honour'd with her Bed,

Of Gods above the darling Care and Joy, 515
Whom they have twice preserv'd from falling Troy,
Oppos'd to this, behold th' *Italian* Ground,
And thither steer, but take a Compass round,
' That part *Apollo* hath design'd for you
' At distance lies, and far remote from view. 520
' Go happy hence, and in your pious Son
Be ever blest ; it's time you now were gone :
But I discourfing, you too long delay,
The Winds stand fair and seem to blame your stay.

Andromache, in Tears that we must part, 525
Brought Robes of Tissue wrought with subtile Art ;
A *Phrygian* Mantle to *Ascanius* bears,
A Gift became her Honour and his Years.
She said, Accept this Present, let it be
A certain Pledge of my firm Love to thee ; 530
From *Hector's* Widow this last Gift receive,
Made by my Hands, the last which I can give.
Thy Eyes, thy Hands, thy Face, thy Gestures, all
' My lost *Asyanax* to my Thoughts recal ;
And to his Life had Fate a longer Line 535
Allow'd, his tender Years had bloom'd like thine.

Taking my leave salt Tears my Face o'erflow,
At last I said ; Farewel, thrice happy you
Whose Toils are ended ! wretched we, alas !
From one ill Fate must to another pass : 540
You rest, while we through Seas from ruin'd Troy
Pursue that peaceful Quiet you enjoy :

We

We roam in search of Land call'd *Italy*,
Which, as we seek it, farther seems to fly:

You have a *Xanthus*' Stream before your Eyes, } 545
Another *Ilium*'s Walls by you arise,
And which I hope the *Greeks* will ne'er surprize.
If e'er at *Tyber* I arrive, if e'er

In the *Lavinian* Plains a *Troy* I rear,

' As both from *Dardanus* our Race derive, 550

' We with each other will in Friendship live;
And the same Fate shall both our *Troys* attend,
And this strict Love shall to our Heirs descend.

' Near the *Ceraunian* Hills our Course we bore,

" The shortest Passage to th' *Italian* Shore. 555

' Now had the Sun withdrawn his glorious Light,

' And airy Mountains hid in dusky Night,

When each, by turns, plying his well-tim'd Oar
With lusty Strokes, we made a with'd-for Shore;

Upon the Strand our weary'd Bodies eas'd, 560

Which downy Sleep with soft Oppression seiz'd:

Scarce to her Noon had Night her Journey made,

When careful *Palinurus* left his Bed,

The Winds observing, listen'd to the Air,

Remark'd each Star in its harmonious Sphere 565

Glide silent on; saw in the rolling Skies

Arcturus and the rainy *Hyades*:

Double *Triones* then his Eyes behold,

' And bright *Orion* arm'd with glitt'ring Gold;

He

He saw the Skies foretold a glorious Day } 570

‘ And peaceful Calm, then gave the Sign to weigh,
To re-imbark, and our proud Sails display.

‘ The blushing Morn had put the Stars to flight,
When little Hills from far salute our Sight :

Then we the Plains of *Italy* descry’d : 575

Italia first the glad *Achates* cry’d,

We *Italy* with loud Acclaim resound :

With flow’ry Wreaths my Sire a Goblet crown’d,

And to the brim Grapes sprightly Liquor pour’d,

Then from the Stern he thus the Gods implor’d : 580

Ye Pow’rs who rule the Earth, the Storms, the Sea,

Grant us fair Winds and easie make our Way.

Fair Gales encreas’d, we to the Port drew near,

High on a Hill *Minerva*’s Shrines appear,

With furled Sails to nearest Shores we bear. } 585

The Port lies there to Eastern Seas oppos’d,

Bends like a Bow, by tow’ring Rocks enclos’d,

’Gainst which on either hand, the foaming Tide

Dashes the briny Waves, the Rocks the Harbour hide;

Minerva’s Temple scarcely there is seen. 590

For my first Omen on the fragrant Green,

Four sprightly Horses of a snowy Hew

Grazing around the flowry Plains I view ;

I dread this warlike Land (*Anchises* cry’d)

These Horses War portend, though yoked and
ty’d

They serve in Peace, and will the Bit abide.

To *Pallas*' Temple first we bend our Way,
 And to that Goddess, Arms-Protectress, pray ;
 ' And next we *Helenus*' Commands obey'd,
 ' Each shading with a *Phrygian* Veil his Head, } 600
 ' To mighty *Juno* Gifts and Off'rings paid.
 ' These Rites perform'd, with bended Sails we stand
 " To Sea, forsaking that suspected Land.
 I great *Alcides* Town, *Tarentum* view,
 With *Juno*'s Temple, (if Report be true) 605
Caulonian Tow'rs we saw ; we past the Sea
 Of *Scyllaeum*'s Ship-devouring Bay ;
 Far off *Sicilian* *Aetna*'s Tops appear,
 Against the Rocks we roaring Billows hear,
 And Waves which break upon the sounding Strand, 610
 Where surging Waters bubble up the Sand.
 Observing this, thus old *Anchises* spoke,
 The Royal Prophet bid us shun this Rock,
 This dire *Charybdis* ; hence let's haste away,
 Friends, ply your Oars ; Commanded all obey. 615
 " First *Palinurus* to the Larboard veer'd,
 " And all the Fleet by his Example steer'd :
 We to the Skies by mounting Waves are whirl'd,
 Then to the dark Abyss are downward hurl'd ;
 The hollow Rocks thrice yell'd a dismal Noise, 620
 The foaming Waves thrice dash'd the twinkling Skies.
 Thus tir'd, at once both Sun and Wind forsake,
 At length the one-ey'd *Cyclops*' Land we mak'.

The

' The Port, though large, contemns the boist'rous Wind,
' But is too near to thund'ring *Ætna* join'd, 625
Thence to the Clouds Coals mix'd with Smoke arise,
Thence sulph'rous Flames in Whirlings blast the Skies ;
' Oft from its Bowels mighty Stones are thrown,
And moulder'd Rocks through spacious Air are blown ;
Oft from its Hollow dreadful Groans are sent 630
By raging Flames, in its deep Caverns pent ;
Jove struck *Enceladus* with Lightnings blast,
And on his half-burnt Body *Ætna* cast.
(This Fame reports) Now from its sulph'rous Womb
These spouting Flames through their forc'd Passage come,
' Oft as he shifts his weary Sides, (they say) 636
Sicilia shakes, and Smoke obscures the Day ;
Hid in a Grove that Night we lay dismay'd,
While dreadful Roarings did our Ears invade :
The Cause we knew not, for the fable Night 640
Obscur'd the Stars and *Phæbe's* paler Light.
When from the East arose the cheerful Day,
And purple Morn chac'd low'ring Shades away,
Down from the Woods upon a sudden ran
An unknown Shape, which seem'd more Ghost than Man ;
Meager his Looks, down hung his dangling Beard, 546
And loathsome Filth his frightful Body smear'd ;
Leaves stitch'd with Thorns, a coarse Attire, he wore,
And in this Guise came running to the Shore ;
A *Grecian* in his Arms, his Tongue and Air, 650
And one of those come from the *Trojan* War.

Soon as our Habits and our Arms he view'd,
He stop'd his Pace a while, and trembling stood ;
But soon advancing this short Pray'r he made,
In Accents moving as his Plight was sad. 655
By all the Stars, by all the Pow'rs above,
And by this vital Air me hence remove,
All's one to me to whate'er Land I go,
I own I am a *Greek*, once *Minus*'s Foe ;
If this you think a Crime, if 'tis in vain 660
To hope for Safety, throw me in the Main :
If I must die it will some pleasure be,
That from this irksome Life Men set me free.
With this upon the Ground himself he cast,
' And on his bended Knees my Knees embrac'd. 665
With Pity mov'd we ask'd him to relate
' His Name, his Lineage, and his wretched State.
Anchises gave th' unhappy Youth his Hand,
By this encourag'd he obey'd Command.
Ulysses' Friend, from *Ithaca* I came, 670
' And *Achamenides* I call my Name ;
To *Troy* I went poor *Adamas*'s Son,
Oh had I still been poor these Ills I ne'er had known :
My Friends forgot me, and themselves did save
By Flight, and left me in the *Cyclop*'s Cave : 675
A dreadful Cavern, dark and large, o'erflow'd
With human Gore, torn Limbs and putrid Blood ;
The Giant's lofty Head o'er-tops the Clouds.
' Remove from Earth this Plague, ye pow'rful Gods !

His

His Face so stern, none was so bold to dare
 Sustain his Look, all shook with silent fear,
 On Men he preys, and Blood's his only fare,
 Stretch'd on his Back he dash'd against the Stones
 ' Two of our Friends ; I heard their crackling Bones,
 Whose purple Blood well'd out upon the Floor, 685
 I saw him yet their panting Limbs devour :
 This, unreveng'd, *Ulysses* cou'd not bear :
 Our Friends sad Fate forewarn'd us to beware.
 ' Now cloy'd with Flesh, and drunk with Blood and Wine,
 ' In his vast Cave the Giant lay supine ; 690
 Gobbets of Flesh mingl'd with Wine and Gore
 He belch'd while sleeping ; we the Gods implore,
 And then surround him ; and his monstrous Eye,
 Which hid in Wrinkles of his Brow did lie,
 With a sharp Stake we gor'd ; a *Grecian* Shield, 695
 Or what the Sun appears, its Size excell'd.
 Thus we reveng'd our Friends, this pleas'd their Ghosts.
 O wretched *Trojans* fly these horrid Coasts,
 And cut your Cables without more delay,
 A hundred *Cyclops* on these Mountains stray, 700
 Cruel and fierce as *Polypheme*, who locks
 His Sheep in Caves, and milks his bleating Flocks.
 Three Months are past since in these Woods I hide,
 And 'midst the Dens of savage Beasts abide ;
 Oft from the Rocks I hear the *Cyclops* Voice 705
 And tramp'ling Feet ; and tremble at the Noise :

Soon as our Habits and our Arms he view'd,
 He stop'd his Pace a while, and trembling stood ;
 But soon advancing this short Pray'r he made,
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 And tramp'ling Feet ; and tremble at the Noise :

' Berries of Brambles, and the Cornelwood,
 ' And Roots of Herbs have been my homely Food ;
 While I my longing Eyes cast ev'ry where,
 Your Ships the first upon this Coast appear ; 710
 To them unknown (vowing my self) I run,
 I think I 'scape when I these Monsters shun :
 What Death you please I willingly receive.
 Scarce had he said, we from the Hill perceive
 Huge *Polyphemus* rolling to the Deep, 715
 His Giant Bulk surrounded with his Sheep,
 ' A Monster vast, deform'd, depriv'd of Sight,
 A lofty Pine his Steps directed right,
 A Pipe hung round his Neck, his fleecy Train
 Attends, the sole Delights which sooth'd his Pain. 720
 ' Soon as he reach'd the Sea, deep in the Flood
 He from his blinded Eye wash'd putrid Blood,
 ' Groaning he gnash'd his Teeth, through Billows strides
 ' The topmost Waves scarce lave his brawny Sides,
 The *Greek*, as he deserv'd, aboard we put, 725
 Frighted we haste away, our Cables cut,
 Silent we ply our Oars and scour the Sea ;
 He heard the Noise and thither bent his way :
 ' To reach the Fleet a vain Effort he made,
 Nor cou'd he through *Ionian* Billows wade. 730
 He rais'd a hideous Cry, the Seas rebound
 The dreadful Yell, which shook the Coasts around,
 ' And *Etna's* Caverns bellow'd to the Sound,

' On

‘ On lofty Hills the *Cyclops* heard the Roar,
‘ From shady Woods rush down and crowd the Shore ;
In vain the one Ey’d Brothers fiercely stood, 736
In dreadful Council met ; the highest Cloud
‘ Their Heads o’ertop ; like sacred Oaks to *Jove*,
‘ Or tow’ring Cypress in *Diana*’s Grove.
We hoist our Sails surpriz’d with sudden fear, 740
And make our way where’er the Winds wou’d bear.
“ By *Helenus* forewarn’d, we strive to shun
‘ *Charybdis*’ Gulph, and *Scylla*’s Rock ; we run
’Twixt both upon the Brink of Fate, and veer,
Fully resolv’d to tack and backwards steer. 748
‘ Now from *Pelorus*’ Streights the North Wind blows,
‘ Driving our Fleet where swift *Pantagia* flows
Through ragged Rocks into the raging Sea,
Then by *Megara*’s Gulph and *Tapes* made our way.
These Lands the *Greek* in sad *Ulysses* Train 750
Before had coasted, and did each explain.

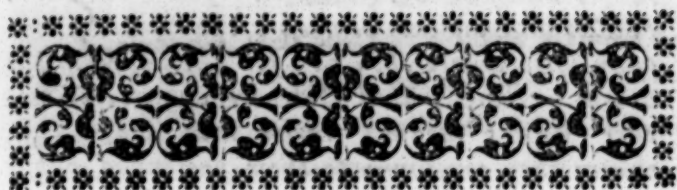
Near *Sicily*, against *Plèmmyrion*’s Bay
An Island lies, once call’d *Ortygia*.
And hither *Alpheus*, *Elis*’ Stream, (its said)
Under the Sea a hidden Passage made ; 755
By which his Waves to *Arethusa*’s slide,
And, mix’d with hers, to Sea together glide.
We great *Diana*, as injoyn’d, adore,
And leave the still *Helorus*’ fertile Shore.
Then Cape *Pachynus* rocky Cliffs past by, 760
We *Camerina*’s Town afar espy,

Whose

Whose fenny Marsh the Fates forbid to drain,
 Great *Gela's* Walls discover on the Plain,
 Which from the neighb'ring Flood the name retain. }
 Then stately *Agragas* appears from far, 770
 Renown'd for breeding Horses for the War;
 Fair Winds then bore us near *Selinus's* Land,
 So fam'd for Palms, and *Lilybaum's* Strand, }
 Where splitting Rocks cover'd the sinking Sand.
 Then to the Port of *Drepanum* we sail'd, 775
 Whose mournful Shores my Heart with sorrow swell'd;
 I who on Seas so many Storms had past,
 Was on that Shore into a greater cast:
 For here, alas! my dearest Sire I lose,
 "Ease of my Cares and solace of my Woes! 780
 Weary'd with Toils thou leav'st me here alone,
 Thou hast in vain through so great dangers run;
 Not *Helenus* foretold this Grief to me,
 Though he of mighty Ills did Prophecie:
 Nor did *Celano* thy sad Loss foresee: 785
 Happy's the Wretch foreknows his greatest Woe!
 This my last Labour was, some kinder Pow'r
 Drove me from thence upon your friendly Shore,
 "All gave Attention while the Prince express'd
 "His Toils; which ended, he retir'd to rest. 790

The End of the Third Book.

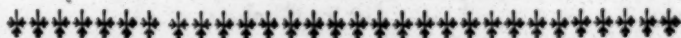
VIR-



VIRGIL's ÆNEIS.



BOOK IV.



The CONTENTS.

Dido Queen of Carthage, discovers her Passion for Æneas to her Sister Anna, by whose Advice she is persuaded to endeavour a Match with Æneas. Juno perceiving this, that she might divert Æneas from going into Italy, treats with Venus for reconciling all differences, by proposing a Marriage betwixt her Son Æneas and Dido: To which Venus seemingly (yet with cunning) consents. The two Lovers,

vers, Æneas and Dido go a Hunting with the Nobility of both Courts. Juno raiseth a sudden and violent Tempest; the whole Company shift where they can for Shelter from the Storm. Æneas and Dido by chance, or rather Juno's means, retire into one Cave, where they consummate their pretended happy Marriage, which is soon divulg'd abroad by Fame: Which is here elegantly described. Iarbas, the Son of Jupiter Ammon, King of the Getulians (formerly in Love with Dido) enrag'd that she had preferr'd a Stranger to him, complains highly to Jupiter; who mov'd with his Prayers, and urg'd by Fate, sends his Son Mercury (the Messenger of the Gods) to Æneas, who was busie in building the City of Carthage, to command him, without delay, to sail to Italy. Mercury's Descent upon Earth is elegantly described. In obedience to Jupiter's commands, Æneas gives Orders to his Officers to prepare all things privately for their intended Voyage; which Dido suspecting, uses all her endeavours, by Prayers, Intreaties, and Threats, to persuade him to stay; first by her self, then by her Sister Anna: which prove ineffectual. Mercury appears a second time to Æneas in a Dream, advising him of his danger, and instantly to be gone. Æneas sets sail in the Night; which Dido perceiving in the Morning, pretends a Magical Ceremony to cure her Love, commands her Sister Anna to erect a funeral Pile: Where at last overcome with Grief, in Rage and Despair, she kills her self with a sword Æneas had given her.



ORMENTING Love had pierc'd the
melting Queen,

Who hugs the Wound, and wastes by
Flames unseen.

Æneas' Words, his Birth, his Acts
inspire

‘ Still new Delight, and feed the kindling Fire :
His graceful Looks strike through her torrur'd Breast, 5
Disturb her Soul, and rob her grateful Rest.

When glorious *Phæbus* with his welcome Light
Had chas'd away the lowering Shades of Night,
Then to her Sister *Anna*, sick of Love,

Thus *Dido* said. What frightful Visions move 10

My restless Mind? What warlike Guest appears
Within our Walls? The noble Air he bears

Shews him (as I believe) of Race divine,
Courage and Virtue in such Features shine.

How tost, alas! by Fortune and by Fates! 15

I tremble at the Battels he relates.

And, if I were not in my Soul resolv'd

To be no more in Marriage Bonds involv'd,

Since my first Love my Husband's death deceiv'd,

With *Hymen* weary'd and of Love bereav'd, 20

‘ To this one Frailty I perhaps might yield.

Sister, I own, since false *Pygmalion* kill'd

Sichæus, and with Brother's Blood profan'd

Our Household Gods, I never entertain'd

A Thought against what I resolv'd, till now
 This Stranger shakes my Soul and tempts my Vow,
 And something like my former Flame I know. } 25

But may I first in opening Earth sink down,
 Or be to lowest Hell by thunder thrown ;

In Night's eternal Shades shut up beneath, 30

E'er I my Honour wound ; or break my Faith :

My Love, and Person I at once resign'd,

Now with *Sichæus* in one Grave confin'd.

' This said, a flood of Tears gush'd from her Eyes,

' To whom her Sister *Anna* thus replies. 35

Dearer than Light, are you resolv'd to waste

Your Youth in Tears ? ah ! must you never taste

The Joys of Love, and of the Nuptial Bed ?

Think you a Grief so vain can please the Dead ?

If you disdain'd your *Lybian* Lover's flame, 40

And King *Iarbas*, e'er from *Tyre* you came,

With other Monarchs, which hot *Africk* yields,

Proud in their Triumphs and their fragrant Fields ;

Your Loss and Tears might well excuse the flight ;

But will you yet with Love for ever fight ? 45

Remember how you stand ; *Getulians* here

A warlike People, fierce *Numidians* there ;

A savage Nation hems in on either hand,

Vast Deserts bound the fierce *Barcians* Land.

You know too well, have too much cause to fear 50

Your Brother's threats may bring a *Tyrian* War.

By

By *Juno's* Aid I think propitious Heav'n
 Upon our Coast the *Trojan* Fleet hath driv'n ;
 To what extent shall this proud City swell ?
 Your Royal Power all others shall excel ; 55
 And such a match to *Trojan* Arms ally'd,
 Shall stretch the Confines of your Empire wide.
 Mean while the favour of the Gods implore
 With Prayer and Sacrifice, and join yet more
 Of friendly Welcome ; find out new delays, 60
 Whilst Winds and Tempests rage upon the Seas :
 And pale *Orion* troubles all the Main,
 Whilst Winter Storms the shatter'd Ships detain.

These words her burning Heart inflame with Love,
 At once her Doubts and sense of Shame remove ; 65
 They to the Temples haste, and there essay
 To reconcile the Gods, and Victims pay
 " To *Ceres*, *Bacchus*, and the God of Day :
 Preferring *Juno* in the Sacrifice,
 Who governs *Hymen's* Rites and nuptial ties. 70
 In her Right Hand a sacred Bowl the Queen
 Holds full of Wine, then pours it out between
 A white Cow's Horns. This done, they walk before
 The Gods and holy Altars, then restore
 Their daily Offerings to the sacred Fire, 75
 From reeking Intrals future Fates enquire.
 How empty Vows ? How vain Diviners Art ?
 What ease in Temples to a Lover's smart ?

' A gentle Flame feeds on her wasting Veins,
 ' Where the hush'd God in wanton silence reigns. 80
 Poor *Dido* burns, distracted in her Mind
 Roves o'er the City ; like a fearful Hind
 Wounded at random, whom some Hunter spy'd,
 And left unknown his Arrow in her side ;
 Through *Cretan* Woods her speedy Flight she bends, 85
 To fly the Dart, which still her Steps attends.

The Queen *Aeneas* round the Walls convey'd,
 And to his view her *Tyrian* Wealth display'd ;
 Shews all the lofty Buildings of the Town,
 To tempt the Prince to wish the Place his own. 90
 Half utter'd Words her guilty Blushes choak :

' When Day declines new Feasts her Flame provoke :
 She begs the Prince to tell the fall of *Troy*
 Once more, and hears again with eager Joy.

When all retire, and *Phæbe's* borrow'd Light 95
 ' Succeeds the Day, and falling Stars to Sleep invite ;
 Alone, within the Hall she pines away,
 Lies on the Couch on which *Aeneas* lay ;
 " Absent from him, absent she sees and hears,
 " Or young *Ascanius* in her Bosom bears, 100
 And by his Likeness to his Father strove
 To sooth, if not delude, tormenting Love.

Strong Tow'rs (begun before) no higher rise,
 The Youths neglect their warlike Exercise ;
 The Mole's unfinish'd, and the Ramparts fall, 105
 With lofty Engines mounted on the Wall.

' When

‘ When *Juno* from her heav’nly Throne above
“ Saw *Dido* fetter’d in the Snares of Love,
And that her Passion had her Fame betray’d,
The Queen of Heaven these words to *Venus* said. 110
‘ You merit Praise, you and your worthy Son
‘ A mighty Conquest and great Fame have won,
‘ By Fraud two Gods a Woman have undone! }
I know, the Walls of *Carthage* which I rear,
Have fill’d your Breast with Jealousie and Fear; 115
But what’s the end of all? Why need we jar?
A Match to lasting Peace may turn the War :
You fully now possess your Heart’s desire,
The flames of Love *Elisa*’s Bosom fire.
Let you and I both Nations join, from hence 120
From equal Omens, equal Pow’r dispense :
‘ The *Tyrian* Queen a *Phrygian* shall obey,
‘ For Dow’r shall *Carthage* to your Hands convey.
Then *Venus* (for she soon saw the deceit,
That *Juno* wou’d the World’s command translate 125
To *Lybian* Shores) Who in their Senses wou’d
Prefer uncertain ill to certain good?
If Fate and Fortune with your wish agree,
But yet I doubt, if *Jupiter* decree,
The *Trojan* and the *Tyrian* Race to join, 130
Or two such Nations in one Town combine :
‘ But you, the Partner of his Royal Bed,
May by intreaties, when you please, succeed :

Go on, I shall assist. *Saturnia*, thus ;
 You need not fear, leave all that care to us : 135
 But that we may accomplish our design,
 The means in short are these, your Ears incline,
 When *Titan*, rising from his *Thetis'* Bed,
 Shall next with glorious Light the World o'erspread,
Aeneas and the *Tyrian* Queen resolve 140
 To hunt in Woods, and Game in Nets involve ;
 I will the Sky o'ercast with sable Clouds,
 Whilst Hunters Toils surround the shady Woods ;
 I from above will horrid Tempests send,
 And Storms and Thunder the vex'd Air shall rend ; 145
 Their Followers shall run with sudden Fright,
 Shall all be shrowded with dark Clouds and Night ;
 Into one Cave both Lovers shall retire ;
 There I will come, (if *Venus* so desire)
 Their Hands in holy Wedlock I will join, 150
Aeneas hers, my *Dido* shall be thine ;
Hymen shall come. Fair *Cytherea* smiles,
 Consents, and laughs to know the Goddess's Wiles.
 Mean while *Aurora* rises from the Sea,
 The gallant Youth at the first dawn of Day 155
 March'd from the Town, in order rank'd appear,
 With Nets and Toils, each with a hunting Spear.
Maffylvian Huntsmen range the neighb'ring Grounds
 With many Packs of fleet and well-nos'd Hounds.
 For lingring *Dido* *Tyrian* Nobles wait 160
 Before the entry of the Palace Gate ;

Champing the Bitt her fiery Courser flood;
His trappings wrought with Gold, and dy'd with Tyrian
Blood.

Attended by her Guards at last she came,
A golden Fringe adorn'd her Garment's Hem ; 165
Her Quiver Gold, Gold link'd her Hair in Chains,
' A golden Clasp her purple Robe sustains.
The Trojan Captains great *Aeneas* led
(With young *Ascanius* marching at their head)
Conspicuous over all ; the *Tyrrians* join'd. 170
Ev'n thus *Apollo*, when he leaves behind
In Winter *Lycia's* Shore and *Xanthus' Flood*,
Visits his native *Delos' sacred Wood* ;
Renews the Games ; the *Cretans*, *Dorians* found,
And painted *Scythians* dance the Altars round. 175
He walks on *Cynthus*, Wreaths perfum'd infold
His flowing Hair, his Locks are ty'd with Gold,
His Shafts sound on his Back. With equal grace
The great *Aeneas* march'd a God-like Pace.

The lofty Coverts, which the Mountains crown 180
They now had reach'd ; the fearful Goats skip down
From Rocks and Craggs ; the dusty Plains the Deer
Run swiftly o'er, and quit the Hills for fear.
Pleas'd in the Vale his Horse *Ascanius* guides,
One Herd pursues, another Herd out-rides ; 185
And rather longs to see a bristly Boar,
Or with his Spear a Mountain Lion gore.

Now Clouds and Thunder intercept the Day,
 And Hail and Rain force their impetuous way
 Through darken'd Air, and, falling from the Hills, 190
 To rapid Torrents swell the gentle Rills.

Ascanius, Trojans, and the Tyrian Train
 Shift through the Fields for shelter from the Rain :
 The *Trojan* Prince and *Tyrian* Queen retire
 To the same Cave, to fan the fatal Fire. 195

The Earth and *Juno* give the Nuptial sign,
 And Heav'n and Air with guilty Flashes shine :
 By doleful Cries the Nymphs from Rocks forebush
 That Day's the Source of *Dido's* Death and Woe,
 She's neither mov'd with Decency nor Fame, } 200
 No longer strives to hide her secret Flame,
 But gilds her Crime with *Wedlock's* specious
 name. }

And now report is blaz'd abroad, around
 The *Lybian* Towns, by Fame's loud Trumpet's Sound.
 Fame of all Evils flies the swiftest Pace, 205

It grows in Motion, strengthens in its Race :
 First hatch'd in Whispers, then it roars aloud,
 Stalks on the Ground, its Head wrapt in a Cloud.
 " Inrag'd against the Gods revengeful Earth
 " Produc'd her last of the *Titanian* Birth. 210

She swiftly runs, and yet more swiftly flies,
 The horrid Monster's studded o'er with Eyes ;
 All Voice, all Tongue, with most attentive Ears,
 By Night her self upon her Wings she bears,

Through

Through middle Air: Sleep never shuts her Eyes, 215
In Princes Courts by Day she waits and spies;
Or on the tops of lofty Turrets lights,
With groundless Fears she mighty Cities frights:
Tells Lies and Truths, but oftner false than true,
Ever inspires the Croud with something new: 220
Relates things done, and not, with equal Joy;
That one *Æneas* who was come from *Troy*,
Had marry'd *Dido* the fair *Tyrian* Queen,
And past long Winter Nights in Joys unseen;
Drown'd in the Pleasures of enticing Love, 225
Whom neither Shame nor Royal Cares cou'd move.
Thus the dire Goddess buzz'd the Peoples Ears,
Then straight to King *Iarbas'* Court repairs,
Inflames his Rage with Jealousies and Fears. }
To *Ammon* ravish'd *Garamantis* bore 230
This mighty Prince; a hundred Temples store
His vast Dominions, where high Altars flame,
Rear'd by his Hand, to his great Father's Name:
To guard eternal Fire a constant train
Of Priests attend; the Blood of Off'rings slain 235
Enrich the Earth, the Gates with Flowers were crown'd;
His jealous Soul these dismal Tidings wound.
Before the Altars of the Gods (its said)
Thus fervently with lifted Hands he pray'd:
Almighty *Jove*, to whom the *Moorish* Line } 240
Feasting on Beds where various Colours shine,
With sacred Rites pour out *Lenaan* Wine: }

You

You this behold ; can Mortals justly fear,
 When you dart Thunder through the yielding Air ?
 Or stand in awe when Tempests roar aloud, 245
 Or dread vain Fire struck from a bladder'd Cloud ?
 A stranger Woman, wandering on our Coast,
 Who nothing but the Town she bought can boast,
 To whom I gave the neighb'ring Shore to till,
 Upon Conditions suited to our will ; 250
 Has with disdain our Royal Bed abhorr'd,
 And willingly admits a *Phrygian* Lord ;
 This other *Paris* with his dastard Crew
 And *Lydian* dress, rich *Asian* sweets bedew ;
 His curled Locks by stealth have got the Prize, 255
 Yet to your Altars we must Sacrifice.
 In vain we boast the honour of your Line ;
 Thus he invok'd and grasp'd the holy Shrine :
 The Thund'rer heard, to *Carthage* look'd below,
 Beheld the Lovers better Fame forego : 260
 Thus to *Cyllenius* spoke. Without delay,
 Son, call the Western Winds, make haste away ;
 Speak to *Aeneas* who at *Carthage* waits,
 No more regards the Crown assign'd by Fates ;
 Thro' heavenly Orbs convey my Orders down : 265
 ' Fair *Venus* never promis'd such a Son,
 When twice she sav'd him from the *Grecian* Sword,
 She for a gen'rous Prince engag'd her Word,
 Of *Tenue's* Race, for *Italy* design'd,
 With Kingdoms loaded, and to Wars inclin'd ; 270
 To

To stretch th' *Italian* Power from Sea to Sea,
And Mankind govern with Imperial sway.
If hopes of Glory want the Power to raise
His drooping Soul, to dare to merit Praise,
Why shou'd he envy young *Ascanius*' Fame, 275
To found the greatness of the *Roman* Name?
What's his design of lingring with a Foe?
His Race, *Lavinia*, and a Crown foregoe?
But he must sail with speed, for Flight prepare;
And you must the commanding Messsage bear. 280

Jove said; *Hermes* obeys in haste, and ties
Wings to his Feet; fleetier than Wind he flies
O'er Seas and Shores, and cuts the liquid Skies. }
Taking his Rod, with which he calls from Hell
Pale Ghosts, or sends for ever there to dwell; 285
It charms with Sleep, Mortals from Sleep can fright,
" And Eyes, though seal'd in Death, restores to Light.
Arm'd with this Rod he thickest Clouds divides,
On driving Winds through airy Regions glides.
" Now sees the top of *Atlas* as he flies, 290
' Whose rocky Sides support the starry Skies;
' His hoary Head with Piny Forests crown'd,
Which Clouds and never clearing Mists surround
With stormy Show'rs; there windy Tempests blow
His Shoulder's cover'd with eternal Snow; 295
And from his aged Chin great Rivers rise,
His horrid Beard hangs dangling full of Ice.

' Here

* Here first *Cyllenius* stopp'd, pois'd on his Wings,
 Thence to the Sea with nimble Motion Springs :
 Like River Fowl, who watch to Fish their Food, 300
 Hover o'er Rocks and skim along the Flood.
 Ev'n thus an airy way *Cyllenius* finds
 From *Atlas* top, and cuts opposing Winds,
 Flying o'er barren Sands on *Lybia's* Shore ;
 Soon as his feather'd Feet to *Carthage* bore, 305
 He there *Aeneas* rearing Buildings found,
 And raising lofty Tow'rs from rocky Ground :
 Whose Sword with sparkling Jasper was inlaid ;
 He wore a purple Robe which *Dido* made,
 And wrought with Gold. *Hermes* accosts : You raise 310
 Proud *Carthage* Walls, a stately Town, to please
 A Woman's humour ; but, alas ! forget
 Your own Concerns and Business of your State.
 The King of Gods from his eternal Throne,
 (Who governs Heaven and Earth) hath sent me down ;
 I through the Air his strict commands convey. 316
 What's your design on *Lybia's* Coasts to stay ?
 If hopes of Glory want the Power to raise
 Your drooping Soul to dare to merit Praise,
 Yet mind your Son *Iulus'* springing Fame, 320
 By Fate ordain'd to sway the *Roman* Name.
Cyllenius said. Then, shunning Mortal's sight,
 Vanish'd thro' th' Air and mix'd himself with Night.
 Speechless the Hero stood, the Vision rais'd
 His startling Hair ; disorder'd and amaz'd 325

When

When he reflects who brought, who gave command,
“ He longs to fly, and loaths that charming Land.
What shall he do, alas? or how begin
Dissembl’d words to sooth the Love-sick Queen?
Love, Fear, and Fate his anxious Soul betray, 330
Now he resolves to go, and now to stay.
At last *Æneas* yields, and sends to call
His Officers, *Cloanthus* chief of all;
He bids them rig the Fleet, their Arms prepare,
And ship their Men with secrecy and care; 335
And not to fail to find out some pretence
To colour for a time their going hence;
‘ That he mean while the softest Hours wou’d chuse,
‘ Before the Queen cou’d hear the dismal News,
Their Loves must end; wou’d gentle means invent 340
To sooth her Passion to a free Consent.
With speed and joy his Orders are obey’d
(But Lovers are not easily betray’d;)
She found their Plot, and their first Motion fears,
And most suspects where Safety most appears: 345
For the same treach’rous Fame, which first declar’d
Her secret Love, told her the Fleet prepar’d
For sudden Flight. Bereav’d of Sense she roams
About the Town, as frantick *Thyas* foams
On Mount *Citharon*, when triennial Rites 350
And *Bacchus*’ Call by Night to Rage excites;
In Fury thus spoke to *Æneas* first.
Perfidious Man, cou’d I have thought you durst

But

But hope to hide such Treason from my sight,
 And leave my Kingdom by so base a Flight? 355
 Shall neither Love nor our late plighted Faith,
 Nor poor *Elisa's* sure and bloody Death
 Persuade, at least restrain, your cruel Mind
 From trusting Winter Seas and Northern Wind?
 It wou'd not grieve me if you were not bound 360
 To foreign Kingdoms, unknown Coasts to found.
 If *Priam's* Tow'rs in all their Glory stood,
 Would you in Winter sail the foaming Flood?
 Is it from me you fly?
 I, by these Tears and your Right Hand, implore 365
 (Since hopeless I can boast of nothing more)
 By our late Marriage, by our Nuptial Joys,
 If I deserve your Thanks; if in your Eyes
Dido was ever fair; if Prayer can yet have room,
 In pity stop my sinking House's doom, 370
 ' I have incurr'd *Numidian* Tyrants hate,
 " Incens'd the *Lybian* and the *Tyrian* State:
 For you I Honour lost, abandon'd Shame,
 My Guest is careless of my Crown and Fame;
 My Guest! Alas, you had a kinder Name. } 375
 Shall I expect till proud *Pygmalion* come;
 Or King *Iarbas* lead me Captive Home?
 Were I by you with Off-spring happy made
 Before your Flight, had young *Aeneas* play'd
 Within these Walls, and shew'd his Father's Face, 380
 I were not then deceiv'd, this no abandon'd Place.

She

She said. Immoveable his Eyes he held,
By *Jove's* command Love's rising Passion quell'd
Within his Breast : Then thus himself express'd.
Great Queen, I grant you have deserv'd the best, 385
Nor what your Merit pleads can I deny,
Nor can your Name within my Bosom die.
' Hear what I have to say in my defence,
' I never meant to hide my going hence.
Call it not Flight, it is in vain to use 390
The name of Husband, which I must refuse :
I came for no such end, I made no Vow ;
And if my rigid Fortune wou'd allow
To spend my Days according to my Will,
And my desires to my own Wish fulfil ; 395
I would prefer my native Soil with Joy,
And carefully rebuild the Walls of *Troy* ;
King *Priam's* Throne should in full Glory stand,
The *Asian* Kings shou'd bow, and he command :
But to my Fate I must my Will resign, 400
Fate and *Apollo Italy* enjoin ;
There is my Countrey, there is my delight,
If *Carthage* Tow'rs with Pleasures can invite,
Your stay in *Lybia* ; though of *Tyrian* Race,
Why should you envy me a foreign Place ? 405
Oft as the shades of Night o'erspread the Pole,
So oft my Father's Ghost affrights my Soul.
When twinkling Stars on our Horizon rise,
His troubled Shade in Dreams seems to advise ;

Ascanius too, whom I have injur'd more, 410
 A Crown debarring, Fate ordain'd before.
 But now, just now, the Messenger of *Jove*
 Brought me through Air, his Orders from above.
 I swear by both, I saw him dazling bright
 Enter these Walls, his words my Ears still fright. 415
 Forbear complaints, which both with Sorrow fill,
 I go to *Italy* against my will.
 She sternly ey'd the Hero while he spoke,
 Survey'd him round, at last her silence broke;
 Inflam'd with Rage and Love, she said with scorn, 420
 No *Trojan* was thy Sire, nor thou of *Venus* born,
 Got by some Monster, Traytor, thee accurs'd
 On *Scythian* Rocks *Hyrcean* Tygres nurs'd,
 Must I still feign, wait for a greater flight?
 Regarded he my Grief, or turn'd his Sight? 425
 Or shed a Tear to ease a Lover's pain?
 I know not which is worst: Shall Heaven in vain
 Great *Jove* and *Juno* unconcern'd behold?
 But Justice is no more. In want and cold
 I warm'd him in my Breast; cast on our Shore 430
 (Fool that I was to share the Crown I bore!)
 His Ships refitted, sav'd his starving Friends;
 (Ah! Fury drives too far) now he pretends
Apollo's Oracles for his excuse,
 And *Jove's* Command, and that the dismal News 435
 Was brought by *Hannus* through the fleeting Air;
 Are quiet Gods disturb'd with such a Care?

Let

Let me not answer you, nor yet detain,
Follow your Course, seek Kingdoms through the Main :
But if the Gods be just they will pursue 440
'Midst Rocks and Waves ; me present still in view :
In tow'ring Flames, in vain you shall invoke,
Call *Dido's* Name : And when the fatal Stroke
Of Death has shut my Eyes, where'ere you go
My Ghost shall haunt you still, and I shall know } 445
Your Punishment amongst the Shades below.

Here she abruptly ends, and from him runs ;
Him, and the hated Light she fainting shuns ;
Leaving *Aeneas* pausing what to say, }
Ling'ring in Fear and Doubt ; then swoons away, } 450
And her her Servants to her Royal Bed convey.

Now good *Aeneas*, though he strove to please
Her wounded Soul, and all her Sorrows ease ;
Bending with Grief, and overpower'd with Love,
' Yet speedily obey'd the Will of *Jove*. 455
' Reviews his Fleet ; his Men with eager Care
' Their well-calk'd Gallies for the Sea prepare ;
When leafy Oaks for Oars, fresh as they stood,
They dragg'd, to fit their Navy, from the Wood.
Thus they remov'd, and from the Town retreat : 460
As when the Ants invade a Heap of Wheat :
Mindful of Winter goes the dusky Train
Through Lawns, to fill their empty Stores with Grain,
Bearing through narrow Paths ; some guard the Prey,
Some with more Labour weighty Ears convey ; 465

Some to their Task the stragling Troops confine,
Some push the flow, thus all in labour join.

Ah Queen ! what Pangs thy tender Bosom tore,
When all thy Guests in hurry hide thy Shore ?
What Grief to hear the *Trojans* distant Voice, 470
Mix'd with the rolling Billows murm'ring Noise ?
O'er human Hearts, dire Love, how great's thy Power !
Again she's forc'd to weep, again implore ;
Once more submits to Love's imperious Sway,
Before her Death she would all Means essay. 475
See, *Anna*, how the *Trojans* all prepare ;
Their Sails hang ready if the Wind blow fair.
See, from all Parts they crowd with joyful Sound,
And all their Vessels are with Garlands crown'd.
Had I foreseen, I might the Blow sustain ; 480
Dear Sister, help the Hopeless once again :
With this false Man you always Favour found,
You all the Secrets of his Bosom sound :
Go, for you only know what time is best
To move the haughty Foe with my Request ; 485
Tell him, at *Aulis* that I ne'er combin'd
With *Grecian* Kings, nor with their Navy join'd.
Did ever I *Anchises'* Tomb profane ?
Why will he hear me thus intreat in vain ?
Oh whither flies he ? if he can allow 490
A wretched Lover's Suit before he go,
Then may he freely sail, then may he find
An easie Passage and a prosp'rous Wind.

' The Marriage he contemns I urge no more,
 ' Nor stay him from the promis'd *Latian* Shore. 495
 ' A short Delay I beg, a small Relief,
 Till Love unbend and tune my Soul to Grief :
 ' Granting in Pity this my last Request,
 " My Death shall leave you of my Crown possess'd.
 Thus begg'd the Queen, and with each Word shed
 Tears : 500

Her Message to the Prince the pious *Anna* bears :
 But neither Tears nor Pray'rs his Mind cou'd move,
 ' The Fates withstand and stop his Ears to Love.
 As when an Oak, which for some Ages stood,
 The Pride and Glory of the shady Wood, 505
 The justling Winds, contending, strive to rend ;
 Its spreading Branches tow'ring Tempests bend,
 The shaking Trunk o'erspreads the Ground with Leaves,
 Yet to the flinty Rock it faster cleaves :
 Far as in Air the Top is mounted high, 510
 So far the Roots to Earth's deep Center lie.
 Ev'n thus the Hero's teaz'd from Day to Day,
 All Arguments are us'd to force his Stay ;
 Though in his noble Breast he feels the Pain,
 His Soul's resolv'd, and Tears are shed in vain. 515

Frighted with Fates poor *Dido* longs to die,
 Unwillingly beholds the azure Sky :
 But what her dire Intent provok'd the more,
 And made *Elys* Light and Life abhor,

She saw, as she hard by the Altar stood,
 (Things dreadful to relate!) Wine turn'd to Blood,
 And Milk and Water to a putrid Flood. } 520

She saw this Sight, and what she saw conceal'd,
 Nor to her Sister nor her Friends reveal'd.

A Temple sacred to *Sichæus*' Shade, 525
 In which *Elisa* Vows and Victims paid,
 " With snowy Fleeces hung, with Garlands crown'd,
 Stood in the Court: From thence she heard the Sound
 Of dead *Sichæus*, when obscuring Night
 Loosen'd the Owl, who makes her sullen Flight 530

To Roofs abandon'd, shrieking woful Strains
 Ending in Plaints, and there alone complains.
 The Prophecies of ancient Bards afright,
Aeneas shakes her raging Soul by Night;
 She dreams of straying in long Ways unknown, 535
 Seeking her *Tyrians* in waste Lands alone.

" As *Pentheus* saw the Furies, mad with fear,
 " He saw *Thebes* double, and two Suns appear:
 Or like *Orestes* running o'er the Stage,
 Striving by Flight to shun his Mother's Rage; 540
 Who arms with Fire, and twining Snakes, her Hate,
 Whilst at the Door revenging Furies wait.

Now *Dido*, overcome with Grief and Care,
 Resolv'd on Death, and sunk in deep Despair;
 The Time from *Anna*, and the Means conceals, 545
 And thus her counterfeited Thoughts reveals:

(Whilst

(Whilst chearful Looks varnish her black Design,
And seeming Hopes o'er real Anguish shine)
Sister, rejoice (the cries) I now shall be
Either possess'd of him I love, or free. 550
Born near the Boundings of the Western Main,
Where *Atlas*' Arms the starry Frame sustain;
Of *Ethiopia*'s Coast the outmost Place,
I found a Priestess of *Massylian* Race;
Who the *Hesperian* Temple rul'd of old, 555
And kept the sacred Tree whose Boughs were Gold:
She by her Art the Dragon overcame,
When Poppies mix'd with Honey made him tame.
What Mind she pleases she can free from Care,
And can by Numbers plunge in deep Despair; 560
Can turn the Stars, the Course of Rivers stop;
Can raise Nocturnal Ghosts; and from the top
Of lofty Mountains force tall Ash Trees down,
And make the Earth beneath her Feet to groan.
By Heav'n I swear, and Love which ties our Hearts, 565
Against my Will I use the magick Arts.
Within the Court expos'd to Air and Skies,
See that a lofty Pile in secret rise:
Lay on it all the *Trojan* left behind,
The Traytor's Cloaths and Arms, what else you find, 570
Fix'd to my Chamber-Walls; then o'er them spread
The Source of all my Woe, my nuptial Bed:
The Priestess bids destroy ev'n to the Name
Of every thing that impious Man can claim,

Thus

Thus said the Queen ; while fear her Speech restrains, 575
Her dazling Beauty death-like Paleness stains.

Yet *Anna* could not think she would pretend

These holy Rites to such a fatal end,

Or that her Sister could such Fury hide,

' Nor fear'd she worse than when *Sichæus* dy'd : 580

But carefully obey'd the Queen's Commands.

The Pile of Oaks and Pines rais'd by her Hands

In open Air, *Elisa* deck'd around

With Wreaths of Flow'rs which Cypress' Garlands
crown'd.

Aeneas' Arms and Robes o'er all she spread, 585

And plac'd his Picture on the fatal Bed.

Secure of her Design the Altars round

She and the Priestess stood ; with dreadful Sound

And flowing Hair the Priestess thund'ring cries,

And thrice invokes the hundred Deities : 590

With Hell and Chaos calls on *Hecat*'s Name,

Invoking thrice her threefold Virgin Fame :

Feign'd *Stygian* Waters sprinkling on the Ground,

And hoary Herbs cut with brass Sickles, found

By Moon-light, with black Juice of Poison mix'd, 595

With them the Philters on Colts Foreheads fix'd ;

* Robbing the Mother's Love.

* The hapless Queen near to the Altar stands,

* And offers leaven'd Cakes with hallow'd Hands :

With Robes girt up (one of her Feet was bare) 600

Dying sh' attests the Gods, each conscious Star,

And

And ev'ry just and mindful Pow'r invokes,
Who takes the care of Love's unequal Yokes.

O'er half the Globe Night cast her sable Veil,
And pleasant Slumbers o'er Mankind prevail: 605

' Still were the Billows of the raging Floods,
' No Winds disturb'd the Silence of the Woods:
Dead Calm and Quiet reign'd upon the Ground,
' The Stars with Silence in their Orbs went round.
' Beasts of all kind, the party-colour'd Fowl 610

' Which haunt in Copses and the crystal Pool,
From Labour free; eas'd all their Cares with Rest:
No quiet Moment hopeless *Dido* blest;
Her Eyes ne'er shut, her Soul admits no Night,
Redoubl'd Cares and cruel Love still fright. 615

Her Mind is toss'd with Hurricanes of Grief,
Within her self she said, Shall I Relief
From former Lovers I contemn'd implore?
Or court *Iarbas'* Bed I scorn'd before?

Shall I go with the Navy, and obey 620
The *Trojans* proud Commands? For surely they
Are grateful for the Aid they have receiv'd,
And keep in mind how I their Wants reliev'd.

If I were willing, who wou'd take me in
Aboard their Ship, a poor and abject Queen? 625
Ah wretched *Dido*! You have little known
The perjur'd Race of false *Laomedon*.

Shall I alone go with the churlish Crew?
Or with my *Tyrians* their whole Fleet pursue?

But

But they unwilling left their native Clime, 630
 And ne'er will trust the Sea a second time.
 Death I deserve, and Death's my sole Relief;
 This killing Steel can only ease my Grief.
 Your fatal Pity plung'd me in this Woe,
 You, Sister, you expos'd me to the Foe. 635
 O had I single liv'd, in open Air,
 As Beasts in Woods, I had not known this Care;
 I had not then *Sichæus'* Bed profan'd.
 Thus griev'd the Queen, thus inwardly complain'd.
 All things prepar'd, *Aeneas* sleeping lay, 640
 High in the Poop, resolv'd to make his way.
 To him *Cyllenius* in a Dream appears,
 With the same youthful Mien and golden Hairs;
 As last, and whisper'd in *Aeneas'* Ears. }
 Prince, now the Wind stands fair: how can you lie 645
 Securely sleeping, and such Dangers nigh?
Dido, resolv'd to die, with Rage possess'd
 A dire Revenge has form'd within her Breast.
 Fly hence with speed, while Flight is in your
 Pow'r, }
 ' Before the Sea with Ships is cover'd o'er, 650
 And Crowds with Firebrands lighten all the
 Shore. }
 Be gone e'er you *Aurora* ling'ring find,
 (For nothing changes more than Woman's Mind.)
 ' This said, *Cyllenius* mix'd himself with Night:
 The Vision struck the Prince with sudden fright. 655

Starting

Starting from Sleep he rous'd his Men : Away
Friends, ply your Oars (he said) and stand to Sea,
Let fly your Sails ; a God, sent from above,
Again commands to go ; cut Cables, hence remove.
Bless'd Pow'r, we follow thee who e'er thou art, 660
Once more obey with Joy ; propitious Stars impart ;
Be present with us, and thy Help afford.
Then cuts the Moorings with his flaming Sword.
All haul and pull, their Strength and Ardour meet,
They hoist and weigh, Sea lurks beneath the Fleet ; 665
Laborious Oars the foaming Billows sweep,
And gilded Prows plough up the azure Deep.

 ' *Aurora* now left *Tithon's* saffron Bed,
And with new Light the rosie Morn o'erspread :
High from a Tow'r the Queen no sooner spies 670
 ' The Day point upward in the eastern Skies ;
With full blown Sails the Fleet scours through the Main,
And not a Vessel in the Port remain ;
Often she struck her Breast and tore her Hair,
Great *Jove*, she cry'd, in Fury and Despair, 675
Shall then this Stranger go ? and thus deceive
Me, and my Kingdom, thus abandon'd, leave :
And not my People arm ? Rush from the Town,
And all the Gallies from the Docks haul down :
Run, fly, bring Fire, sail, row. What was't I said ? 680
Where am I ? Whither by my Rage misled ?
When now too late, Falshood provokes to War,
Unhappy *Dido* ! then such earnest Care

Became you better when you gave your Throne :
 And yet this Wretch dares Faith and Justice own. 685
 Is this the Man who sav'd his Gods from Fire,
 And on his Back brought off his feeble Sire ?
 I should in Seas his scatter'd Limbs have thrown,
 ' And with the Sword destroy'd his Friends and Son ;
 And to his Father serv'd him in a Feast : 690
 If Chance of War be doubtful at the best,
 What Cause had I to fear ! Resolv'd to meet
 A sudden Fate, I should have burnt his Fleet ;
 At once destroy'd his Father, Friends, and Son,
 My self at last in the same Fire have thrown. 695
 Sun, who see'st all below, with piercing Eyes,
 Great *Juno*, who presid'st o'er nuptial Ties ;
Hecate, ador'd by Night, where three Ways turn,
 Avenging Furies ; Gods, who 'attend my Urn,
 Hear me ; and for the Ills which he hath done, 700
 Upon this perjur'd Man pour Vengeance down ;
 Confirm my Curses. If he be ordain'd
 By *Jove* and Fate on *Italy* to land,
 In War his Plague a head-strong moody Race :
 Expell'd from Home, snatch'd from his Son's Embrace,
 Let him implore for Help, and see his Friends, 706
 Ignobly fall, and meet unpitied Ends :
 When 'gainst his Honour he hath sign'd a Peace,
 May he not Light enjoy, nor Crown possess,
 ' But die untimely by a common Hand, 710
 " And lie unbury'd on the barren Sand.

This

This with my Blood I seal, thus dying pray :
This grateful Duty to my Ashes pay,
Ye Men of *Tyre* ; with constant Hate pursue
The *Trojan* Off-spring ; let no Peace renew 715
The Nations Kindness ; break all Faith, all Ties,
Some great Avenger from my Ashes rise,
To prosecute the Colonies of *Troy*
With Fire and Sword, the *Roman* Name destroy.
I imprecate both now, and when they may, 720
Shores opposite to Shores, and Sea to Sea,
State against State , continually to jar,
For Generations propagate the War.

This said, her busie Thoughts were all at Strife,
How she might soonest end her loathsome Life. 725
Barce she call'd, *Sicheus'* Nurse, and said,
(For long before, her own in *Tyre* was dead)
Go, haste, my Sister *Anna* hither bring :
Sprinkl'd with Water from a living Spring ;
Let her the Off'rings bear, such as I told : 730
You your own Head with sacred Wreaths infold.
The Rites that are begun to *Sygyian Jove*
I mean to end, and all my Cares remove :
The *Trojan's* Picture in the Fire I'll cast.
This said, she went, as aged Women haste. 735

With her dire Purpose tremb'ling, *Dido* stood,
Casting around her Eyes, all stain'd with Blood :
Her lovely Cheeks, now shiv'ring, pale and wan,
With thoughts of Death, into the Court she ran ;

In fury mounts the Pile, then drew the Sword, 740
 For no such use giv'n by her once lov'd Lord;
 But when she saw *Aneas*' Garments spread
 Upon the too-well known and fatal Bed;
 She stopp'd her Tears a while; then on it lies,
 And thus *Elisa* speaks before she dies. 745
 Oh lov'd Remains! whilst Fate and Gods gave leave,
 Ease all my Grief and Care, my Soul receive:
 I've tasted all of Life that Fate cou'd shew;
 Now my great Soul must sink to Shades below.
 My rising Tow'rs my utmost Longings pleas'd, 750
 "Pygmalion's punish'd and my Lord appeas'd.
 Thrice happy I, if false *Aneas*' Host
 Had never landed on the *Lybian* Coast:
 Then kiss'd the Bed; Though unreveng'd I die,
 Yet die I must, thus, thus to Death I fly. 755
 These Flames at Sea shall glut *Aneas*' Sight,
 'May this dire Omen still attend his Flight.
 With these last Words her Servants falling spy'd
 Upon the Sword, the Blade with Crimson dy'd:
 Her snowy Hands distain'd with reeking Blood; 760
 Through all the Court they weep and roar aloud.
 Fame spreads the dismal News o'er all the Town,
 Where doleful Whisp'rings Cries of Women drown,
 Which fill the Court, and in the Air expire,
 As if the Foes sack'd *Carthage* or old *Tyre*,
 The Towns and sacred Buildings set on fire. 765

Breath-

Breathless and panting, almost dead with fear,
Beating her Breast, tearing her Face and Hair,
Her Sister *Anna* rushes through the Crowd,
And dying *Dido's* Name invoc'd aloud. 770
Thus you resolv'd, dear Sister, to beguile,
For this I built this Altar, rais'd this Pile!
Of what shall I, abandon'd, first complain?
Could you my Company in Death disdain?
Our mutual Love this Favour might intreat, 775
That we at once shou'd share one bloody Fate:
My wretched Hands prepar'd this fun'ral Pile,
Our Gods with Pray'rs invoking all the while.
Ah cruel I, to leave you all alone
Plung'd in Despair; your Death has all undone, } 780
Your Sister, Senate, People, and your Town.
' Bring Water, I will bathe the gaping Wound
And catch her Breath, if any Breath is found:
Then mounts the Pile, and in her Bosom warms
Her dying Sister, lock'd within her Arms. 785
She sigh'd, and strove in vain to stop the Blood:
The gaping Wound wells out a crimson Flood,
Poor *Dido* try'd in vain to raise her Eyes,
Heavy with Death again she fainting lies:
Thrice on her Elbow rests, and thrice turns round, 790
Seeks Light with glimm'ring Eyes, and groans when
found.
In pity *Juno* from her heav'nly Throne,
To haste her ling'ring Fate sent *Iris* down,

280 VIRGIL's, &c. BOOK IV.

To free her Body from the Bonds of Life,
And ease her anxious Soul's convulsive Strife. 793

For since nor Crime nor Nature caus'd her Death,
But Love, enrag'd, untimely stopp'd her Breath,
Proserpine had not seiz'd the Tresses, crown'd
Her Head, nor doom'd her to the *Stygian* Sound.

Iris on saffron Wings array'd with Dew 800
Of various Colours, through the Sun-beams flew;
And, hov'ring near the dying *Dido*, said:

' I set thee free from Flesh, devote thee to the Dead:

' This Off'ring to th' infernal King I bear:

She said, and strait she cut her yellow Hair;

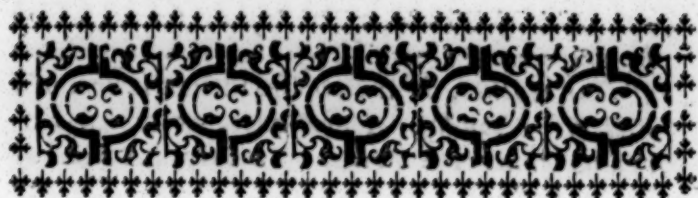
' Heat slip'd away, her Life dissolv'd in Air.

} 805

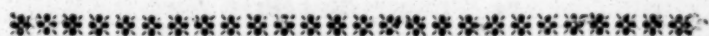
The End of the Fourth Book.



V I R-



VIRGIL's ÆNEIS.



BOOK V.



The CONTENTS.

This Book contains the second Part of Æneas's Voyage, from Carthage back again to Sicily, and from thence to Cumæ near Naples. Æneas setting sail from Carthage in the Night, (as is related in the fourth Book) sailing directly for Italy, is driven by a Storm a second time upon the Coast of Sicily, where he is most kindly welcom'd by King Acestes, (of Trojan Extraction.) This falling out near the anni-

versary Day of his Father's Death; in honour of Anchises' Memory, he celebrates four several Sorts of Games or Exercises; for all which he proposeth Prizes. First, A Rowing-match of four Gallies, in which Cloanthus is crown'd Victor. Secondly, A Foot-race, in which Euryalus gains the Prize. Thirdly, A kind of Fight with a Weapon call'd Cestus, like our Gauntlets; Dares a Trojan, and Entellus a Sicilian, engage; the last is Conqueror. Fourthly, A Match of shooting with Bows and Arrows, at a Pidgeon ty'd to the top of a Mast. In this Exercise King Acestes gains the Victory, though the other three shot better, and the third had kill'd the Pidgeon as she was on the Wing; but by reason that Acestes's Arrow fired in the Air by a strange Prodigy, Æneas awarded him the Prize. To these four Ascanius (with the Trojan Youths of his Age) adds a Tilting, or Justing on Horseback. In the mean time Juno watching her Opportunity, (while the Men were intent on the Game) sends Iris to the Trojan Dames in the Form of Beroë, who persuades them to fire the Trojan Fleet, and settle in Sicily: Which they do by her Example. Iulus runs from the Tilting to save the Fleet, and after him Æneas and his Captains. Jupiter sends a great Shower of Rain, and puts out the Fire, four only being burnt. Old Nautes persuades Æneas to leave the Matrons, with the old and faint-hearted Men in Sicily; which Anchises' Genius confirms to him in a Vision by Night, and advised him so soon as he landed on Italy, to go to the Cumæan Sityl, who would conduct him to the Elysian Fields, where
his

his Ghost would inform him fully of the great Actions of his Posterity. Æneas obeys exactly the commands of Anchises's Genius, and builds the Town Acesta in Sicily, for those he left behind. And being supply'd with all necessaries by Acestes King of Sicily, and kindly and honourably dismiss'd; and Neptune reconciled to the Trojans by the means of Venus, Æneas with his Fleet sets sail for Italy. In his way, his Pilot Palinurus is drowned by Somnus, the God of Sleep. This Book is copied from the twenty third of the Iliads of Homer, where Achilles celebrates Games at the Tomb of his Friend Patroclus.



ÆNEAS now secure, and on his way

With full blown Sails cut through the
foaming Sea :

To Carthage Walls his lingering Eyes he
turns,

Shining in Flames while poor *Elisa* burns ;

' The Cause unknown : yet Passion in a Breast,

5.

To Fury loving and to Fury prest,

Gave Bodings what a Woman in Despair,

To Rage abandon'd in her Rage might dare.

Now far at Sea they saw no Land around.

But distant Skies and Waves the prospect bound : 10.

' A hov'ring Storm stands low'ring o'er their Heads,

And Night and Horror on the Billows spreads.

' When *Palinurus* from the Poop aloud

' Calls out, what Gusts are gath'ring in that Cloud !

All

All hands aloft, my Mates. At his Command 15
 The Seamen fit their Oars, and Tackle hand,
 He luffs: Then turning to the Prince (he cries)
 Not *Jove* cou'd steer to *Larium* with such Skies; }
 Winds shift about, and from the Westward rise,
 The Waves swell to the Clouds: nor Ships can live 20
 In such a Sea, nor we with Nature strive:
 Fortune prevails, let Fortune guide our Oars,
 Your Brother *Erix*' hospitable Shores
 Lie on your Starboard Bow, not distant far,
 If rightly I observe my Marks and Star. 25
 " *Aeneas* then reply'd. Too well I find,
 ' You strive in vain to bear against the Wind;
 No longer lie this course, I wish to see
 No Soil with more desire than *Sicily*:
 Heav'n this a Seat for old *Acestes* chose, 30
 And here my Father's sacred Bones repose.
 This said, they stand to Shore, and scud away
 Before the Wind, and make the friendly Bay.
 Far from a Hill *Acestes* saw the Fleet,
 And joys, and wond'ring runs his Friends to greet; 35
 Fierce in his Arms, as in the Dress he wore;
 Spoils of a *Lybian* Bear. *Trojan Egesta* bore }
 This Prince to God *Criniseus*, on this Shore.
 The King recall'd from whence his Lineage sprung,
 And on their Necks in pleasing Transport hung: 40
 Joys to review his Friends, who now repair
 ' Their Bodies, overspent, with homely Fare.

Soon

Soon as the Morning of the following Day
With brighter Rays had chas'd the Stars away,
Æneas summons all; they gather round 45
‘ Their Chief, who speaks thus from a rising Ground.
Ye *Trojans*, God-descended Friends, the Sun
His glorious Circle of the Year has run,
Since my blest’d Father’s sacred Corpse I laid
In mouldring Earth, and fun’ral Duties paid : 50
The Day’s at hand, that mournful Day shall be
(So Heaven will have it) honour’d still by me.
Not Banishment on *Africk’s* savage Sands,
Nor *Grecian* Chains where proud *Mycena* stands,
Could hinder me the solemn Pomp to pay, 55
Or pious Gifts upon the Altars lay.
Since Pow’rs eternal, not our own design
Have driv’n us on this Coast, to blest’d *Anchises’* Shrine,
‘ Let us with joy perform his Honours due,
‘ And sacred Vows for fairer Winds renew ; 60
Pray that his glorious Rites we may proclaim.
In Towns and Temples, sacred to his Fame..
‘ Two Steers *Acestes* on each Ship bestows,
“ His Gods. and ours shall share your equal Vows..
If the ninth Morn prepares a glorious Day, 65
‘ And chearful Beams unclouded Light display,
To solemn Games your Courage I invite,
Whose Gallies swifter row, or who in Fight
With Gauntlets conquer ; who excel in speed
And nimble Force, or in their Darts exceed, 70
Or

Or with their Bows ; shall find Rewards from me,
And Gifts and Palms shall crown their Victory.

' Now for the Rites prepare, with Garlands crown'd.

' This said, with Myrtle Wreaths his Brows he bound :

Then *Helymus* and *Acestes* crown their Heads, 75

And all the Youths whom young *Iulus* leads.

The *Trojan* Hero from the Assembly went,
Follow'd by thousands to the Monument :

Two hallow'd Bowls with sprightly Wine he fill'd,
And on the Ground, the Rites observing, spill'd ; 80

With two of Milk, and two of Victims Blood :

Then scatter'd purple Flowers ; and cry'd aloud.

Bless'd Parent, hail, all hail bless'd Shade again,

' Hail sacred Dust that I review in vain !

Heaven gives me *Latium*, but denies to see } 85
Those fated long-expected Plains with thee,

' Or *Tyber*'s Stream, whatever Stream it be.

He said, when from the Shrine a Serpent glides
In seven-fold Wreaths ; in seven sleek Volumes slides,
Around the Tomb its harmless Circles roll'd ; 90

Then to the Altar pass'd ; with Green and Gold

Its Crest enamel'd, mingling Beauties twine ;

Like *Iris*' Bow, where Rays reflected shine.

Aeneas stood amaz'd. Amidst the Bowls,

And polish'd Cups the harmless Serpent rolls ; 95

Feeds on the Off'rings, gently then retires

Deep in the Tomb, and leaves the sacred Fires.

The

The Prince in honour of his Father's Shrine,
' With greater Zeal renews the Rites divine :
' Doubtful if 'twere the Genius of that Coast, 100
' Or else the Guardian of his Father's Ghost ;
Then, as of old, five Steers of sable Hue,
Five bleating Sheep, five bristly Swine he slew :
Then gen'rous Wine pours from a hallow'd Bowl,
And from the *Elysian* Fields calls great *Anchises'* Soul. 105
Each *Trojan* in his Rank a Present made,
And bleeding Victims on the Altars laid :
' Some place the Chargers on the verdant Soil,
' Some Fires prepare, and offer'd Entrails broil.

The ninth and long'd-for Morn dawns from the Sea,
And chearful *Phæbus* brings a glorious Day : 111
The People round are summon'd in by Fame,
' Call'd to the Games in great *Aceses'* name ;
' The winding Shore loud Acclamations fill,
' They come to see the *Trojans*, or to prove their
Skill. 115

Within the Cirque before their wondring Eyes,
They place the Gifts and Crowns, the Victor's Prize ;
There Palms and Tripods, Arms and Habits lie,
With Gold emboss'd, and of the *Tyrian* Die :
Gold heap'd, and silver Hills o'erload the Ground, 120
And now the Games begin and Trumpets sound.
' First four tall Gallies in the Lists appear,
' Drawn from the Fleet, which equal Rowers bear.

' The

' The speedy Dolphin noble *Mnestheus* led,
Of all the gen'rous *Memnian* Race the Head. 125

The great *Chimæra* mighty *Gyas* bore,

' Huge as a Town ; three *Trojans* tugg each Oar,

' With lussy strokes the foaming Billows roar. }

Sergestus in the monstrous *Centaur* came,

Who gave the *Sergian* Family the name. 130

' On Sea-green *Scylla's* Deck *Cloanthus* stood,

' And thou *Cluevius* ow'st to him thy Blood.

' Against the foaming Shore a Rock there lies }

Cowering in breaking Waves, o'er which they rise }

When Winter Storms obscure the dusky Skies : 135

But when in Calms the Tides more smoothly run,

By basking Fowl sought to enjoy the Sun :

On this a Mark, a green and new fell'd Oak

The Hero fix'd to guide the Rowers stroke.

' To bear with this, with steddý Helms they stand, 140

Then, rowing round, sweat to the former Land :

They took their place by Lots. -----

Upon the Deck each graceful Captain stands

In-Gold reflecting Robes, and dy'd by *Tyrian* hands.

The Youths their Heads with Poplar Wreaths en-

twine ; }

145

' Their naked Arms, with Oil anointed, shine,

And on their Seats, attentive, wait the sign. }

The fear of losing, hopes of gaining, Praise,

At once their Courages abate and raise.

The

The signal giv'n by the shrill Trumpet's sound, 150
They start, and echoing Skies with Shouts resound.
Their equal strokes the foaming Surges sweep,
Their brazen Prows plough up the briny Deep.
' Not fiery Coursers, harness'd for a Race,
' Part from the Lifts with half so swift a Pace, 155
When loosen'd Reins the eager Drivers yield,
Lashing and scowring o'er the dusty Field.
The mix'd beholders earnest Thoughts divide,
Who shout and murmur as they like the side:
From neighb'ring Groves shouts of Applause rebound;
The Hills and Shores repeat the joyful sound. 161
Thus, while the crouded Land with clamours rung,
' The mighty *Gyas* from the others sprung:
" *Cioanthus*, better mann'd, pursu'd him fast,
' Whose heavy Galley lagg'd, and check'd his haste. 165
' The *Dolphin* and the *Centaur* on a Line
Come after, and with equal vigour join.
' And now the way the *Centaur's* Rowers lead,
' And now the nimble *Dolphin* is a-head:
' Now board to board they with like ardour vie 170
To gain the Prize; and o'er the Billows fly.
They all approach the Mark, *Chimæra* bore,
The conqu'ring *Gyas* merrily before;
Who to his Pilot call'd, Ho, Port, Port, stand
' To Shore, and let your Oars ev'n skim the Sand; 175
" Let others bear to Sea. *Menætes* fear'd
' The hidden Rocks, and out to Sea he steer'd.

Hard Helm a Weather, (*Gyas* call'd again)

Make to the Rock: Thus turn'd him from the Main:

' And then *Cloanthus* at his Stern he saw 180

' Fetching him up, and near the Shelvings draw;

Who close between the Mark and *Centaur* stood,

Soon pass'd them both, and safely scow'd the Flood.

Then *Gyas* curs'd: nor weigh'd he what became

A chief, not all their Lives, with his affronted Fame: 185

Nor cooler thoughts his boiling Veins afford:

But hurls the cautious *Dotard* over-board,

And seiz'd the Helm: No Pilot now they knew

But him; he steers to rights to land, and cheers his
Crew.

' Hardly above the Waves at last appears 190

' *Menates*, struggling with his Cloaths and Years,

Who gains the Rock, and while he sits to dry,

The mocking Rout derides his Misery.

New hopes and courage rais'd *Sergestus*' Mind

And *Mnestheus*, when *Chimara* lagg'd behind, 195

To gain the Rock *Sergestus* strains before,

Yet *Mnestheus*' Prow along his Mid-ship bore;

Who from the Poop on his Companions calls.

O *Hector*'s Friends, whom from the smoaking Walls

Of *Troy* I chuse my Mates; now ply your Oars 200

With Strength and Fire, as when on *Africk* Shores,

Or when on the *Ionian* Seas you row'd,

Or through the dangers of *Malea*'s Flood.

Though

Though my ambitious Thoughts to Glory rise,
I wish not to be first to gain the Prize ! 205
Yet oh ! But let the Crown unenvy'd be
His Lot, to whom the Gods the Crown decree :
Be only not the last, my Friends, 'tis base ;
Let's strive to conquer in a second place.
" Now one and all they tug, the brazen Prow } 210
Quivers, and ducks again with such a Row ;
The finewy *Trojans* sweat, and pant, and blow.
Chance gave his wish : *Sergestus*, bent to win,
Rashly with Rocks and Shelves locking his *Centaur* in,
Strives to haul out, but could not clear a Rock : } 215
' His Galley struck, and bulging with a Shock,
" Her Oars she shiver'd, and her Head she broke : }
The Rowers from the Banks start up, and try }
To heave her off ; their iron Poles they ply,
And work for Life and not for Victory. } 220
Their shatter'd Oars which floated on the Flood
They fish'd aboard. Now daring *Mnestheus* proud
Of this success, with joy the Winds implores,
And skims the open Sea with chearful Oars.
" As when a Dove her rocky hold forsakes, 225
' Rouz'd by some fright, her rustling Wings she shakes,
The flutt'ring noise makes all the Cavern ring :
' Leaving her callow Young she takes the Wing,
And cuts through liquid Skies her airy way :
Thus *Mnestheus* now enjoys the foaming Sea. 230

- * *Sergestus* in the *Centaur* first he pass'd,
 * Who, wedg'd in Rocks and Shallows, sticking fast,
 Strives to get free, in vain their Aid implores,
 * And practises to row with broken Oars.
 Now overtakes *Chimera*, then out-flies, 235
 Who, having lost her Pilot, yields the Prize.
 * *Scylla* unvanquish'd only now remains,
 * Her he pursues, and all his Vigour strains.
 The *Dolphin* all applaud, redoubl'd cries
 Ascend, repeated by resounding Skies : 240
 These all the glory they had reap'd disdain,
 Despise half praise, and vow to die or gain.
 Success the others rais'd, and not a Man
 But thinks to win, because he thinks he can :
 And equal Wreaths at last had crown'd their Brows, 245
 But now to Sea his hands *Cloanthus* throws,
 And, eager with the Gods, he made his Vow.
 Ye Pow'rs, who rule the Seas through which I row,
 If mine the Laurels prove, by you decreed,
 * A snow-white Bull upon your Shores shall bleed ; 250
 Your greedy Waves shall taste his reeking Blood,
 And Wine in ruddy Rivers swell your Flood.
 The *Nereids*, *Phorcus*, all the Sea-green Quire,
 And *Panopea* favour his desire.
 * And old *Portunus* with his mighty hand 255
 The Galley thrusts ; with that she stretch'd to Land ;
 * As Arrows swift, swift as the Wind she flies,
 And darts into the Port, and gains the Prize.

Aeneas summons all by Forms of Games ;

They come ; the Herald then aloud proclaims 260

Claanthus Victor : Laurels crown his Brows :

On every Ship the Hero Gifts bestows,

Three Steers, a silver Talent, Jars of Wine ;

The Captains merits, in his Presents shine.

A noble Robe he on the Conqu'ror throws, 265

' Where Gold and Purple wave in double rows.

' The Royal Youth is wrought with lively Art,

' Chasing through *Ida's* Groves the panting Hart :

Eager and straining he their speed out-vies,

Jove's Eagle stoops, and bears him to the Skies : 270

His aged Keepers to the Heav'ns complain,

His faithful Dogs howl through the Air in vain.

Bold *Mnestheus* then, who by his Conduct shar'd,

The next in Fame, receiv'd the next Reward,

' A Coat of Mail : This fierce *Demoleus* wore, 275

' And fierce *Aeneas* from his Shoulders tore

On *Simois'* Banks ; 'twas wrought with plates of Gold,

And Chains of Iron link'd its treble fold ;

Both to adorn in Arms and to defend.

Huge *Sagaris*, and brawny *Phrygus* bend 280

Beneath the load. Thus arm'd in bloody Fight

Demoleus chas'd the *Trojans* in their Flight.

Gyas who did at least the third succeed,

Receives two Bowls and Chargers for his Meed ;

' Of Silver those, massive, and richly wrought, 285

' These cast of Brass, and from *Dodona* brought.

While *Panick* Filleting their Temples ties,
 Thus, loaded with their Gifts, their chearful Eyes,
 Sparkling with manly Pride, confess their joys.

“ At last with Toil *Sergeſtus* clears the Rock, 290

“ But all his Larboard ſhatter'd with the Shock.

“ And as a Snake, surpriz'd upon the Road,
 Bruis'd by the Wheels of ſome o'erwhelming Load,
 Or half divided by ſome Shepherd's wound,
 Crawls heavily, and wreathes upon the Ground: 295

Fierce in her ſounder part, and burning Eyes,
 She foams, her Scales in rage and torture riſe ;
 Dragging with Pain the wounded Tail behind,
 That twiſts in Knots, which on her foldings bind.

Thus her unequal way the *Centaur* trails, 300

Yet ſafely gains the Port with lab'ring Sails ;
 The promis'd Gifts (ſuch as his Pains deſerv'd)

Both for his Galley and his Men preſerv'd :

“ *Pholoe* the *Cretan* Slave, rewards his Care,

“ Beauteous her ſelf, with ſmiling Twins as fair. 305

“ From thence his way the *Trojan* Hero bent,

“ Into a graſſy Plain, with Mountains pent :

“ Whoſe brows were ſhaded with ſurrounding Wood ;

“ Full in the miſt of this fair Valley ſtood

“ A native Theatre, which, riſing ſlow 310

“ By juſt degrees, o'erlook'd the Ground below :

“ High on the new rais'd Turf their Leader ſat ;

“ A num'rous Train attend in ſolemn State.

“ Here

- " Here those who in the rapid Race delight,
 " Desire of Honour and the Prize invite ; 315
 " The *Trojans* and *Sicilians* mingl'd stand,
 With *Nisus* and *Euryalus*, the foremost of the Band :
 " *Euryalus* with Youth and Beauty crown'd,
 " *Nisus* for Friendship to the Boy renown'd,
 " *Diores* next, of *Priam's* regal Race, 320
 " Then *Salinus* join'd with *Paron* took their place :
 " But from *Epirus* one deriv'd his birth,
 " The other ow'd it to *Arcadian* Earth.
 " Then two *Sicilian* Youths, the names of these
 " Were *Helymus* and lovely *Panopes* ; 325
 " Two jolly Huntsmen, in the Forest bred,
 " And owning old *Acestes* for their head ;
 " With many others of obscurer name,
 " Whom time has not deliver'd o'er to Fame.
 To these *Aeneas* in the midst arose, 330
 And pleasingly did thus his mind expose.
 Not one of you shall unrewarded go,
 On each I will two *Cretan* Spears bestow }
 Pointed with polish'd Steel, a Battel-axe too }
 With silver studded : These in common share. 335
 The foremost three shall Olive-garlands wear.
 The Victor, who shall first the Race obtain,
 Shall for his Prize a well-breath'd Courser gain,
 " Adorn'd with Trappings. To the next in Fame
 " The Quiver of an *Amazonian* Dame, 340
 " With

- " With feather'd *Thracian* Arrows well supply'd,
 Hung on a golden Belt, and with a Jewel ty'd,
 " The third this *Grecian* Helmet must content,
 " He said. To their appointed Base they went,
 " With beating Hearts th'expected sign receive, 348
 " And, starting all at once, the Station leave:
 " Spread out, as on the wings of Winds, they flew,
 " And seiz'd the distant Goal with eager view.
 " Shot from the crowd, swift *Nisus* all o'erpass,
 " Not Storms nor Thunder equal half his Haste. 350
 " The next, but, though the next, yet far disjoyn'd
 " Came *Salius*; then a distant space behind
Euryalus the third -----
 " Next *Helymus*, whom young *Diore* ply'd
 " Step after Step, and almost Side by Side; 355
 " His Shoulders pressing, and in longer space
 " Had won, or left at least a doubtful Race.
 " Now spent, the Goal they almost reach at last,
 " When eager *Nisus*, hapless in his Haste,
 " Slipt first, and, slipping, fell upon the Plain, 360
 " Moist with the Blood of Oxen lately slain:
 " The careless Victor had not mark'd his way,
 " But, treading where the treach'rous Puddle lay,
 " His Heels flew up, and on the grassy Floor
 " He fell, besmear'd with Filth and holy Gore. 365
 " Nor mindless then, *Euryalus*, of thee,
 " Nor of the sacred Bonds of Amity:

“ He

“ He strove th’ immediate Rival to oppose,
 “ And caught the Foot of *Salius* as he rose :
 “ So *Salius* lay extended on the Plain ; 370
 “ *Euryalus* springs out the Prize to gain,
 “ And cuts the Crowd : applauding Peals attend
 “ The Conqueror to the Goal, who conquer’d through
 his Friend.

“ Next *Helymus*, and then *Diores* came,
 “ By two misfortunes, now the third in Fame. 375
 “ But *Salius* enters, and, exclaiming loud
 “ For Justice, deafens and disturbs the Croud :
 “ Urges his cause may in the Court be heard,
 “ And pleads the Prize is wrongfully conferr’d.
 “ But favour for *Euryalus* appears ; 380
 “ His blooming Beauty and his graceful Tears
 “ Had brib’d the Judges to protect his Claim ;
 “ Besides, *Diores* does as loud exclaim,
 “ Who vainly reaches at the last Reward,
 “ If the first Palm on *Salius* be conferr’d. 385
 “ Then thus the Prince : Let no disputes arise,
 “ Where Fortune plac’d it, I award the Prize ;
 “ But give me leave her Errors to amend,
 “ At least to pity a deserving Friend.

Thus having said, ----- 390

A Lion’s Hide, amazing to behold,
 Ponderous with Bristles and with Paws of Gold,

He

He gave the Youth, which *Nisus* griev'd to view
 " If such Rewards to vanquish'd Men are due,
 " (Said he) and falling is to rise by you, } 395
 " What Prize may *Nisus* from your Bounty claim;
 " Who merited the first Rewards and Fame?
 " In falling both did equal Fortune try;
 Wou'd Fortune make me fall as happily!
 " With this he pointed to his Face, and show'd 400
 " His Hands and Body all besmear'd with Blood.
 " Th' indulgent Father of the People smil'd,
 " And caus'd to be produc'd a massy Shield;
 " Of wondrous Art by *Didymæon* wrought,
 " Long since from *Neptune's* Bars in triumph brought:
 With this the graceful Youth he gratify'd, 406
 Then the remaining Presents did divide.

Stand forth who boast your force (*Aeneas* cries)
 And lift your Arms and Gauntlets to the Skies.
 We double honours for the Fight ordain, 410
 A Bull with Trappings shall the Victor gain;
 A Sword and Helmet to the vanquish'd share,
 They merit who unfortunately dare.
 Without delay huge *Dares* took the Field,
 Applauding Hums the crowded Valley fill'd; 415
 Of wondrous Stature and prodigious Bone,
Paris himself he had oppos'd alone.
 'Twas he, who at the Tomb of *Hector* slew
 Victorious *Butes*, half a Monster too;

Sprawling

Sprawling upon the Sands those Limbs he hung, 420
Which (as he bragg'd) from King *Amycus* sprung.

Thus *Dares* eager to engage appears,
His brawny Back, and spreading Shoulders bares,
Around his Head his nervous Arms he throws,
Whirling the Air that whistles with his blows. 425

' His match is fought, but none of all the Band
Durst answer, or the fierce Encounter stand.
Now *Dares*' Transport sparkles in his Eyes,
Without a Rival hopes to gain the Prize :
Seizing the Bull, thus to the Prince he said. 430

O Goddess born, why are thy Gifts delay'd ?
Since none appears who dare the Combat try :
How long must I the dastard Crowd despise ?
The *Trojans* all assent to his desire,
And beg his Merit may receive its Hire. 435

Acestes then *Entellus* thus upbraids,
Who sat a bare Spectator in the Shades.
In-vain your noble Acts in former Days
Acquir'd you Honour and deserv'd the Bays,
If you your Glory tamely now forego, 440
And see the Victor crown'd without a Foe.

Where is your God, the Patron you adore,
Eryx ? Or where the Fame you sought before,
Which through *Trinacria* rung your warlike Toils ;
Adorn'd, and even hid our Walls with Spoils ? 445

Entellus thus replies : That thirst of Fame
Was never quench'd by fear. But oh the name !

The

The feeble Shadow only of your Friend
 Remains ; beneath o'er-labour'd Years I bend,
 My Blood runs cold, my Soul's unedg'd by Time. 450
 But were *Entellus* in that wanton Prime
 Which *Dares* trusts ; the Brave, who now defies,
 Should feel this Arm, untempted by the Prize.
 Then threw two pond'rous Gauntlets on the Field,
 ' Which mighty *Eryx* did in Combat wield ; 455
 And which the Hides of seven strong Bulls compose,
 Loaded with leaden Knobs, that iron Hoops enclose.
 The Cirque was stunn'd at the amazing Sight,
Dares was scarce so eager for the Fight.
 The Prince admires them, turns, their Foldings weighs,
 With wonder weighs them ; when *Entellus* says, 461
 What if *Alcides* Gauntlets you had seen,
 ' Or the stern Combat on this very Green ?
 ' *Eryx*, your Brother, once these Gauntlets wore ;
 ' You see them horrid still with Brains and Gore. 465
 With these he did oppose *Alcides*' Arm.
 I us'd them while my youthful Blood was warm,
 E'er Winter of my Days ; the sad decay
 That sprinkles on my Head this envious Grey.
 If *Dares* is not fond of things like these, 470
 And native Weapons more our Judges please :
 Come boldly on, your *Trojan* Arms resign,
 To gratifie you, I can part with mine.

' This

' This said, he strips, and for the Fight prepares,
His manly Joints and brawny Arms he bares,
And in the Lifts the bold Defier dares.

' But then *Æneas* equal Arms supply'd,

" Which round their Shoulders to their Wrists they ty'd:

' Stretch'd in their full Extent their Crests they rear,

And swing their Steel-clinch'd Fingers in the Air. 480

To ward the Strokes their working Heads retire,

And clashing Gauntlets flake their Fists with Fire:

His youthful Limbs more nimbly *Dares* plies,

This in his Strength exceeds, and Giant size:

But stiff with Age, his lab'ring Joints bend slow, 485

He shakes with panting, and his Nostrils blow.

Equal as yet they strike, and equal wound,

Their Back-bones echo, and their Chests resound:

A Shower of Thumps about their Temples fly,

And ratling Jaws their nervous Fists defy: 490

Entellus stands his Ground and wards but with his

Eye.

Dares, like one who has beleaguer'd round

Some Fort or Town, on a commanding Ground,

Searches th' Approaches with his piercing Eyes,

But all his Skill as vain, as Valour tries. 495

Entellus stretching out, discharg'd a Blow,

But *Dares* slipp'd aside and shuns the Foe,

And down his Arm and he together go.

' So falls a hollow Pine, which Ages stood

In *Ida*'s or the *Erymanthian* Wood: 500

Both Nations rise eager with Hope or Fear,
 And rend with diff'rent-sounding Cries the Air.
 Swift to his Aid the first, *Acestes* flies,
 And helps his equal aged Friend to rise.
 Undaunted he, nor slower to engage, 505
 Is warm'd back forty Winters by his Rage;
 Shame and his conscious Worth his Bosom fill'd,
 And now he chaces *Dares* through the Field;
 ' Nor Rest nor Breath he to his Foe allows,
 " But Storms of Strokes descend about his Brows, } 510
 " A ratling Tempest, and a hail of Blows.
Aeneas then commands the Fight to cease,
 And stops the Conqu'ror while his Stroke increase;
 Saving the Youth, and generously kind,
 Thus strives to sooth his Shame, and raise his Mind. 515
 What fury, *Dares*, does thy Courage warm,
 To fight the more than Human in his Arm?
 Or not perceive, supply'd by Strength divine
 He strikes; yield to a God. Thus both their Arms resign.
 ' The fainting *Dares* spouts a clotting Flood, 520
 " And pounded Teeth come gushing with the Blood;
 Trailing his Legs, and tossing with his Head
 His Friends support, and to his Galley lead.
 ' The Sword and Cask are sent to ease his Pain,
 " And for his Foe the Palm and Bull remain. 525
 Who cries, exalted with his proud Success,
 O Son of *Venus*, and you, Friends, confess

The Spright and Vigour of my youthful Nerves,
 And from what Fate your Breath my Foe preserves.
 Then pois'd his Fist, and stood before the Bull, } 530
 And just between his Horns discharging full, }
 He lodg'd his massive Gauntlet in his Skull.

In Life's last fare-well Pangs on Earth he sprawls ;
Entellus then to mighty *Eryx* calls.

This Victim in the stead of *Dares* take, 535
 The latest Off'rings which my Arms shall make.

Next by the Hero's Orders they expose
 The Gifts, and to the Sports invite their Bows.
Scresius' Mast they from the Galley tore,
 Erecting it upon the neigh'bring Shore. 540

' With Cords upon the top a Dove they tye,
 " (A living Mark, at which their Arrows fly,)
 The Lots then from a brazen Helmet drew ;
Hippocoon's first, and joyful Shouts pursue
 His Chance. Next *Mnestheus*, who at Sea had won 545
 The Wreaths of Olive, which his Temples crown.

Eurytion, *Pandarus*'s Brother's Name,
 Appears the third, known by a fatal Fame ;
 'Twas he that broke the Peace, and aim'd his Dart,
 By *Pallas* urg'd, at *Menelaus*' Heart. 550

Acestes last, (his Name at bottom lay)
 Whose Hands durst yet the Toils of Youth essay :
 ' Straight all with Vigour bend their yielding Bows,
 " And each his Arrows from his Quiver chose.

Hyrtacides the first his Shafts lets fly 555
 Whizzing in th' Air, and quiv'ring through the Sky :
 It struck the Mast, which trembl'd with the Wound,
 The Pidgeon flutters, and loud Shouts resound.
 Bold *Mnestheus* strongly drew, and with his Eye
 Directs his Aim and Arrow to the Sky : 560
 The Bird he miss'd, (too eager in his haste)
 But cut the Knots which ty'd it to the Mast :
 She stretch'd her Wings, and to a Cloud they climb.
Enrytion standing ready watch'd his time,
 (Invoking *Pandarus* his Brother's Aid) 565
 And pierc'd the Dove ; upon her Wings display'd
 * She dies aloft, and quickly strikes the Ground,
 " And renders back the Arrow in the Wound.
 Hopeless of Victory, *Acestes* now
 Remains alone, yet draws his sounding Bow 570
 To shew his Art, and lets his Arrow fly ;
 That mounts with an amazing Prodigy :
 A dreadful Omen, and too quickly found,
 And which too late the Augurs shall expound.
 The chafing Arrow, firing as it flies, 575
 Leaves flaming Tracts behind, and burning Skies,
 Till spent in Wind, the fainting Blazes fail
 Like falling Stars, which draw a glaring Trail.
 Both *Trojans* and *Sicilians* stood amaz'd,
 And to the Gods their loud Devotion rais'd. 580
 All but the Prince confessing their Surprise;
 Who joyfully the King embracing (cries)

Almighty *Jove* your Merit has decreed
In new form'd Wonders; let my Gifts succeed:
Receive this Cup with Figures wrought in Gold, 385
“ Which *Thracian Cisseus* gave my Sire of old.
This royal Pledge their lasting Friendship bound,
He said, and then *Acesbes* Victor crown'd.
“ Nor did *Eurytion* envy him the Prize,
“ Though he transfix'd the Pidgeon in the Skies. 390
Mnestheus next him rewarded. He the last,
“ Who with his Arrow struck the trembling Mast.
“ *Aeneas* just before the Prize was won,
“ Call'd *Periphantes*, *Epytus*'s Son,
Guide and Companion of *Iulus*' Years, 395
And whisper'd softly in his faithful Ears.
Haste, bid my Son, if he has arm'd, appear.
And in his Grand-Sire's Honour throw his Spear.
Then clears the Cirque, the Crowds on ev'ry side
Retire, at his Commands the Lifts set wide. 600
“ The noble Youths (whose gilded Harness shine)
“ Advance before their Parents on a Line.
The mix'd Beholders both admire and praise
Their graceful March, their Casques are crown'd with
Bays:
Pointed with Steel two Cornel Darts they hold; 605
Some carry'd Quivers, all had Chains of Gold.
Three Troops they were, each twelve; a Space divides
The Troops, the Chiefs have Masters by their sides:

Polites' Son, (call'd by his Grand-Sire's Name)
 Young *Priam* led the first ; the Youth whose Fame 610
 Shall add new Honour to th' *Italian* Race.
 His party-colour'd Courser bred in *Thrace* ;
 " White was the Fetlock of a Foot before,
 White as the Star his lofty Forehead bore.
 Young *Atis* led the next, (*Iulus'* Friend) 615
 The Latin *Atis* from his Loins Descend.
 In Order last, in Beauty far before,
 A *Syrian* Courser young *Aseanius* bore,
 Which *Dido* gave the Princely Youth to move
 A grateful Memory of Royal Love. 620
 The other Youths from King *Acestes* bred,
 Were mounted each on a *Sicilian* Steed :
 They praise their bashful Grace, th' Assembly joys
 To see their Youth new sprouting in their Boys ;
 The tender Warriors view their Parents round, 625
 The Signal *Periphantes'* Lashes sound,
 The Body moves, then in three Squadrons parts,
 By order wheel, they meet, and throw their Darts ;
 Then other Motions try, and Circles run
 Troop against Troop, their Fellows charge and shun :
 Fly, rally, and their Foes with Jav'lins dart, 631
 In all its hurry representing War.
 ' At last (with Motions scarce discern'd) they join,
 " And march together in a friendly Line.
 ' And as of old the *Cretan* Lab'rinth, fam'd 635
 For turning Walls, with winding Mazes fram'd ;

While endless secret Ways on ev'ry side
'Involv'd the Error, and recess deny'd :
Thus *Trojan* Boys resist their Fellow's way,
Fighting and flying in a warlike Play. 640
So harmless Dolphins with each other vie
In *Lybian* Seas, and wheeling Bodies ply.
This way of Justing great *Ascanius* brought
To *Alba*, and to ancient *Latins* taught
The Sports, which he in childish Years essay'd, 643
Which *Alban* Fathers to their Sons convey'd :
From them all-conq'ring *Rome* these Justs proclaims,
And from their Founders call them *Trojan* Games.

Thus, end the Sports at bless'd *Anchises* Urn,
Fortune which smil'd before begins to turn. 650
(The *Trojans* at their solemn Rites intent)
Revengeful *Juno* on new Mischiefs bent,
Down to the *Ilian* Fleet her *Iris* sent. }
Supports her by the Wind ; the Goddesses flew,
Wrapp'd in a maze of Colours hid from view. 653
She saw vast Crowds upon the Coast resort,
The Fleet unguarded in th' abandon'd Port :
'Saw *Trojan* Matrons by themselves alone,
'Far on the Shore *Anchises* Loss bemoan ;
They view the Deep, and dolefully bewail : 660
The tedious Voyage they had yet to sail :
They jointly all refuse to trust the Floods,
And beg a City from th' immortal Gods.

Eager.

Eager on Mischief, *Iris* lay'd aside
 Her heavenly Form, and *Beroë's* Shape supply'd. 665
Doryclus's aged Wife, who gain'd a Name
 From noble Birth, her Off-spring and her Fame.
 Her Voice the Matrons hear, while *Iris* speaks :
 She cries, Ah wretched Friends ! by Flames and *Greeks*
 Why were we spar'd, and from our ruin'd State 670
 Sever'd, to languish in a slower Fate ?
 Seven Years are past since Royal *Priam* lost
 His Life and Crown ; since we by Tempest tost
 From Sea to Sea, through Climates and through Lands,
 " Inhospitable Rocks and barren Sands, 675
 Have fought th' *Italian* Coast, and seek in vain,
 Yet still we rove, still tumble on the Main.
 ' Since safely here arriv'd, who can withstand
 ' Our raising Walls on *Eryx's* friendly Land,
 Where King *Acestes* bears supreme Command ? } 680
 ' O *Troy*, O household Gods, preserv'd in vain
 From Foes and Flames ! Ah, shall no Town retain,
 ' *Ilium*, thy Name ? Nor we thy Walls renew ?
 Or *Simois's* Stream and *Xanthus's* Flood review ?
 ' Haste, join with me, let raging Flames destroy 685
 ' Th' unlucky Fleet : The Prophetess of *Troy*
 Asleep I saw, she held a flaming Brand.
 Here fix your Seat, this is your promis'd Land,
Cassandra said ; let us not lose a Day ;
 We slight the Ghost when slowly we obey. 690

Sec

‘ See *Neptune’s* Altars burn, the Gods inspire
‘ Our Hearts to dare, and furnish us the Fire.
‘ This said, from hallow’d Flames a Brand she drew,
‘ Toss’d it aloft, and midst the Navy threw.
The Women stood amaz’d in Doubts and Fears, 695
Then *Pyrgo* cry’d, (of all the first in Years,
Who nurs’d the Off-spring of King *Priam’s* Line :)
This is not *Beroe*, mark her Eyes, they shine
Divinely bright ; *Ambrosian* Breath ! what Grace
Adorns her Voice, and Majesty her Pace ! 700
‘ *Beroe*, but now I left, who grieving lay,
That she alone should be debarr’d to pay
The solemn Honours to *Anchises’* Shrine,
By Sickness hinder’d from the Rites divine.
Thus *Pyrgo* said ; the Dames divided stand 705
With Love to this, and Hope of promis’d Land ;
While anxious Thoughts increase their doubtful Care,
They wildly on the *Trojan* Navy stare.
‘ On equal Wings to Heav’n the Goddess flies,
And spreads a dazling Rainbow through the Skies : 710
They shriek, astonish’d with th’ amazing Sight,
And tear the Altars, driven by Rage and Fright.
They fire the gilded Sterns, the Banks and Oars,
And *Vulcan* through the Fleet triumphant soars.
The News *Eumelus* to the Cirque convey’d ; 715
The Flame and Smoke more than his Words persuade.
Ascanius first, who proudly led the Van
With his young Troop, urging his Courser ran

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 With his young Troop, urging his Courser ran

Straight.

Straight to the Port ; his Teachers strive in vain
 To match his Speed, or such a Haste restrain. 720
 What Frenzy, Friends, he cries, can thus destroy
 With *Phrygian* Hands, the only Hopes of *Troy* ?
 These are not *Grecian* Ships : He then threw down
 His Helmet ; and, to be the sooner known,
 Calls out, Behold *Ascanius*, Friends, your own. } 725
 Thither *Aeneas* and his *Trojans* run,
 By different ways the frightened Matrons shun
 Them, and the Light : In Woods to Rocks they climb,
 Themselves abhorring as they hate their Crime :
 Now know their Friends, by cooler Thought possess'd,
 When *Juno's* Rage no more their Souls oppress'd. 731
 ' Not so devouring Flames their Fury cease,
 ' Now 'twixt the Seams they lurk, and then increase
 Among the Shrowds ; with rolling Clouds of Smoke
 They feed on wet, and rage on season'd Oak : 735
 O'er Decks, o'er Transoms, o'er the Hulls prevail,
 Nor Men, nor Seas in Buckets dash'd avail ;
 ' *Aeneas* tears his *Trojan* Robe, and throws
 ' To Heav'n his Hands, and with his Hands his Vows.
 Almighty *Jove*, if all the *Trojan* Race 740
 Be not decreed to fall, or if your Grace
 Our Toils can merit, help our sinking State,
 And save our small Remains of *Troy* from Fate.
 If this my Sins deserve, at me alone
 Your Thunder aim, let me for all atone. 745

He

He said, and scarce had said, when Storms arise,
Which southern Winds drive rattling through the Skies :
The Heaven and Sun their Eyes beheld no more ;
The Clouds flash all their Day ; loud Tempests roar ;
The Mountains tremble, and the Plains resound, } 750
And shoreless Oceans deluge on the Ground, }
The burning Fleet's in danger to be drown'd. }
Floods overcome, the Gallies flame no more ;
And Fire and *Juno* conquer but in four.
This dismal Chance the Hero half oppress'd, 755
‘ And anxious Thoughts divide his troubled Breast :
Forgetting Fate in this Perplexity,
He scarce resolves to sail from *Sicily*.
Old *Nautes* then, whose Soul *Tritonia* fir'd,
And long experienc'd Truths divine inspir'd, 760
Gave this Advice, and sooth'd the Hero's Mind,
Urg'd by Decrees of Fate, or by some God more kind.
Let us (says he) the Steps of Fate pursue,
‘ Yielding to Fortune, Fortune we subdue ;
To old *Acestes* (of your Race divine) 765
Your Thoughts impart, and let his Counsel join.
To him deliver those who did belong
To Ships now burnt, with all the useless Throng,
Of old and feeble, those who love their Ease,
‘ Faint-hearted Youths and Dames, who dread the Seas :
‘ Here let them stay and build a Town for all, 771
‘ Which from *Acestes*' Name, *Acesta* they shall call.
The

The words of *Nantes* struggling Thoughts inspire,
And combating designs his Bosom fire.

'Twas Night when blest'd *Anchises*' Soul appears, 775
(Sent from the Stars) and thus the Hero cheers.

Dearer than Life, before that Life I lost,
To you my Son, (by *Troy*'s Misfortune tost)
Jove sends me down; *Jove*, who your Ships preserv'd,
And shew'd at last the Pity you deserv'd. 780

The sound Advice which *Nantes* gives pursue,
The young and brave shall *Italy* subdue;
Thither the boldest of your Troops convey,
And meet fierce Foes who dare oppose your way.

' But first you shall to *Pluto*'s Kingdoms go, 785

" And seek my Shade among the blest'd below;
Where with the Choirs of happy Souls I dwell,
Remote from all the damn'd and pains of Hell.
Black Victims to the Pow'rs infernal pay;

' The chaste *Sibylla* waits to guide the way: 790

There you shall know your Fate, and all your Line,
What Walls for you and yours the Gods design.

Farewel, I go, Night half her course has run,

My airy form dreads the approaching Sun.

This said, like Smoke the empty Shadow flew 795

To open Air, and disappear'd from view.

O whither, Father? where? (*Aeneas* cry'd)

' Why to your Son is your Embrace deny'd?

Then

Then Fires in Timbers lurking he restores,
 ‘ Old *Vesta* and the *Trojan* Gods adores,
 “ With Cakes and Incense he their Aid implores. } 800
 “ Next for his Royal Host and Friends he sent,
 ‘ And when they met, declares the Gods Intent
 Related by his Father; lets them see
 What he resolv’d; to which they all agree: 805
 They list the Matrons Names, and those who fear
 Alike the Praise and Dangers of the War;
 ‘ The Brave remaining, (though in Number few)
 “ Oars, Planks, and Cables, half consum’d, renew.
 ‘ And now *Aeneas* with a Plough designs 810
 The Circuit of the Town, the Buildings parts with Lines,
 Calls them by honourable Names of *Troy*.
 His new got Throne *Acestes* mounts with Joy;
 A Seat of Justice founds, together draws
 The Senators, and gives the People Laws. 815
 On *Eryx*’ lofty Top proud Temples rise
 To *Venus*’ Fame, and neighbour on the Skies.
 Next for *Anchises*’ Shrine a Priest ordains,
 And sacred Groves surround his blest’d Remains.
 ‘ Nine Days in Feasts the joyful People spent, 820
 And on the Gods their just Devotions bent.
 When gentle Breezes smoothe’d the liquid Plain,
 And Southern Gales invite them to the Main;
 Sad Lamentations fill the pitying Sky,
 All Day they hug Farewells, all Night they cry. 825

The Matrons now, and those who fear'd the Rage
Of stormy Seas, repeat, and wou'd engage
In all the Tossings of the Sea and Wind,
And only dread their being left behind:

' These with soft Words the kind *Aeneas* cheers, 830
And to *Acestes* recommends with Tears.

Three Calves to *Eryx*, to the Storms he flays

' A bleating Lamb; his Haulfers slips and weighs;

' With Olive crown'd high on the Prow he stood,
And dashes Wine and Entrails in the Flood. 835

' The Wind blows full a Stern, the Rowers vie

" With equal Strokes, and o'er the Billows fly.

' Fair *Venus* now, with Cares and Sorrows press'd,

' Her sad Complaint to *Neptune* thus address'd.

The Rage of *Juno*, fierce and undecay'd, 840

Force me on you and all the Means of Aid;

' Nor Time nor Merit can allay her Hate,

Nor *Jove's* Commands, nor the Decrees of Fate.

To level *Ilium* with the *Phrygian* Plains

Suffices not, she hunts the poor Remains, 845

And wou'd the Ashes of its Name destroy:

You know, why first she persecuted *Troy*.

" You saw the Storms she rais'd in *Libyan* Floods,

' Which mix'd the foaming Surges with the Clouds:

She vainly trusting *Aeolus's* Aid, 850

In your own Empire durst your Pow'r invade.

O horrid Malice! she the Rage inspir'd,

When frantick *Trojan* Dames their Navy fir'd;

' My

My Son compell'd (so many Gallies lost)
 ' To leave his Friends upon a foreign Coast. 855
 O grant my Prayer, propitiously convey
 The *Trojan* Fleet with Safety through the Sea
 To *Tyber's* Banks, if Heaven with equal Grace
 And Fate decree them to the *Ilian* Race.
 To her the Trident-bearing God replies : 860
 Youts is the Pow'r, where-e'er my Empire lies :
 From thence you sprung, and there you bore
 Command,
 I plead a higher Merit from your Hand,
 My Care preserv'd your Son no less at Land.
 ' Let *Simois* and *Xanthus's* Gods attest, 865
 ' When flying *Troy* the fierce *Achilles* press'd
 Back to their Walls, and round their Slaughter spread,
 The mourning Rivers straiten'd in their Bed ;
 Damm'd by the Slain, to me no more they flow'd,
 Their Waves congealing with their Childrens Blood. 870
 ' I threw a Cloud before *Achilles's* Sight,
 And sav'd your Son from the unequal Fight :
 And yet I wish'd to level with the Ground,
 The perjur'd *Ilium* which my Hands did found :
 Nor am I alter'd, banish from your Breast 875
 Your Fears and Cares, and on my Conduct rest.
 My Floods shall to *Avernus's* Ports convey
 Your Son, but one shall perish in the way,
 One single Head for all the Fleet shall pay.

When *Neptune* thus had sooth'd the Goddeſs' Mind, 880
 He mounts his Chariot, while his Horſes, join'd
 With foaming Bits, receive the looſen'd Reins :
 His azure Throne ſcours o'er the glaſſy Plains.
 Clouds diſappear, the Swellings of the Sea
 Beneath the thund'ring Axle-tree give way. 885
 His different Guards ariſe upon the Main,
 Vaſt Whales and Dolphins, all green *Glaucoſ*' Train ;
Palamon, and the nimbler *Tritons* bend
 Towards the Right, and *Phorcus*' Troops attend.
 Bright *Thetis*, on the Left, and *Panopea* glide, 890
 With all their Nymphs and *Nereids* by their Side.

New Hopes, new ſmiling Joys again review
 The Hero's Breſt ; he calls to every Crew
 ' To raiſe their Maſts, and all their Sheets diſplay ;
 They hawl their Belines and prepare their way : 895
 The Starboard and the Larboard Brails unbind,
 ' They ſet their Sails and ſcud before the Wind.
 ' Ahead of all old *Palinurus* ſteer'd,
 ' And as he led, the *Trojan* Navy veer'd.
 Night now had run half of her ſilent Way, 900
 ' The drowſy Rowers on their Benches lay ;
 When Sleep, deſcending with a lagging Flight,
 Diſpels the Shadows of the gloomy Night.
 Ah *Palinurus* ! 'tis to thee he flies,
 And fatal Reſt brings to thy harmleſs Eyes. 905
 The God, like *Phorbas*, on the Stern appears,
 And kindly whiſpers in the Pilot's Ears.

Come

Come *Palinurus* (since fair leading Gales

Conduct our Fleet, and fill our stretching Sails)

Allow an Hour for Sleep; snatch for a while 919

Your Eyes from watching and your Limbs from Toil;

‘ For that short time I will your Place supply.

With Eyes half shut the Pilot made reply.

Have I so little try’d the Floods to trust

Their treach’rous Smiles? Or can you think it just 915

I should the great *Æneas* thus betray

To faithless Winds, so oft deceiv’d at Sea?

This said, he grasp’d the Helm, no Minute spares,

Keeps on his Course, and gazes on the Stars.

‘ The God a Branch at both his Temples threw, 920

‘ In *Lethe* dipp’d and charm’d with *Strygian* Dew.

Immediate Sleep his glimm’ring Eye-lids seiz’d,

Scarce had surprizing Rest his Sinews eas’d;

‘ The God falls heavy on him, in the Main

‘ He plung’d him with the Helm, calling for Help in
vain. 925

Then pois’d on nimble Wings flew to the Skies,

Its steady Course no less the Navy plies,

And, *Neptune* guiding, all Events defies :

Making the *Sirens* Rocks, a dangerous Shore,

Cover’d with Bones and Skulls in times before, } 930

Where Waves against the rocky Shelvings roar.

Soon as *Æneas* felt his Galley tofs’d,

He by her Way perceiv’d his Pilot lost ;

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His careful Hands upon the Helm attend,
And thus with friendly Wailings blames his Friend. 935
Too much you trusted to the fawning Sky,
' And naked now on Shores unknown must lie.

The End of the Fifth Book.



VIRGIL's

